"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, colder Thursday; Friday, fair; moderate west to northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,640. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, 1 Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark, TWO CENTS.

ACCUSE WILLETT OF CONSPIRACY

Cassidy, McCooey, and Walters Named with Him for Bartering a Nomination.

25 SUBPOENAS ISSUED

For a Hearing To-day before Justice Scudder Sitting as a Magistrate.

LIGHT ON $20,000 BANK LOANS

Waldorf Conference at Which it Was Arranged to Drop the Berri Charges Brought into the Evidence.

Assistant District Attorney De Ford of New York County and District Attorney De Witt of Queens County appeared before Supreme Court Justice Marvin Scudder in Brooklyn yesterday and presented to him an information containing forty typewritten pages, alleging that William Willett, Jr., candidate for Supreme Court Justice in the Second District; Louis T. Walters, Jr., who nominated Willett; Joseph Cassidy, the Democratic boss of Queens, and John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Kings County, were guilty of conspiracy and corrupt practices in putting Willett's name on the ballot.

Walters is a personal and political friend of Cassidy. He is the man from whom Willett says he bought $5,000 worth of the stock of an automobile concern a short time before the nominations were made.

The information was signed by Justice Scudder shortly before 6 o'clock, and twenty-five subpoenas were issued for a hearing this afternoon before Justice Scudder, sitting as a Magistrate. No subpoenas were issued for those named in the information, as their testimony would be incompetent.

Meier Steinbrink, counsel for William Berri, owner of The Brooklyn Standard Union, which first brought the judiciary scandal to light, spent the day in conference with Mr. De Ford, Mr. De Witt, and Assistant District Attorney Ellison in the Criminal Court Building. They heard more than a dozen witnesses, several of whom were bankers. At the close of this examination District Attorney De Witt, accompanied by Assistant District Attorneys De Ford and Ellison, went to Brooklyn in a taxicab to lay the information

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Affidavits by Bank Officials.

The information contains affidavits by Mr. De Ford, Mr. Berri, Lawyer Steinbrink, James L. Stanley, Ellis Weston, Richardson Webster, William D. Llewellyn, William Hylan, and Samuel R. Smith.

Mr. Weston is paying teller in the Jamaica Branch of the Long Island Bank; Mr. Stanley paying teller in the First National Bank, at Far Rockaway; Mr. Webster, the cashier of the Far Rockaway bank; Mr. Hylan, a contractor, living in New York County; Mr. Llewellyn, a Director of the Long Island Bank, and Mr. Smith the cashier of the Jamaica Branch of the Long Island Bank.

Mr. De Ford's affidavit recites that information having been laid before District Attorney Whitman that certain persons had conspired together in the Counties of Queens and Kings to promote and procure the nomination of William Willett, Jr., in consideration of the payment of a sum of money by William Willett, an investigation was ordered. He says further that at the Democratic Judiciary Convention on Oct. 6 the delegates from Kings and Queens were sufficient, if combined, to nominate any candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court, and goes on:

"Joseph Cassidy was during the months of September and October, 1911, and for a long time prior, a leading and influential Democrat of the County of Queens, and the Chairman of the Democratic Committee of said county, and as such he named the delegates that were elected from the County of Queens to the Judiciary Convention, above referred to, and was then able, by his personal influence, to secure the votes of such delegates for such candidates for Justices of the Supreme Court as he might see fit to desire such votes for, and

"John H. McCooey at the times mentioned was Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic General Committee of Kings County, and was a reputed leader of the Democratic party of Kings County, that said McCooey named such delegates to the Judiciary Convention, who were elected in the primary election in Kings, and was thereby enabled to influence and cause such delegates to vote for such persons to the office of Supreme Court Justice as he might see fit.

"Louis T. Walters, Jr., was at all said times a Democrat in the County of Queens and a duly elected delegate to the Judiciary Convention above referred to.

Willett's Bank Loans.

Mr. De Ford sets forth that the National Bank of Far Rockaway does business at Far Rockaway, L. I., and that William Willett, Jr., is and was a citizen of Queens County, and then says:

"That about the thirtieth of September, 1911, the said William Willett presented at the [illegible] Bank in Far Rockaway two promissory notes, which he had sold to [illegible] of the notes that William Willett presented was the promissory note of Marie R. Willett for the sum of $7,500, which was indorsed by the said William Willett personally. The other note was the promissory note of Marinus Willett, Jr., for the sum of $2,500, also indorsed by William Willett. The bank purchased the notes from William Willett at their usual rate of discount, placing to the credit of Willett as a running account upon the books of the bank the sum of approximately $10,000. On the same day William Willett drew from the bank all the money deposited to his credit, or approximately $10,000.

"About 10:50 A. M. on Oct. 6, 1911, William Willett borrowed of the Bank of Long Island at Jamaica, L. I., the sum of $10,000, which was paid to him."

A Meeting at the Waldorf.

The information goes on to state how Herbert Ketcham, William Willett, and Patrick Callahan were nominated for Justices of the Supreme Court, and quotes from the editorial article in The Brooklyn Standard Union of Oct. 20, 1911, entitled "Tammany's Tainted Touch on the Judiciary Ticket." It further says that William Berri, the publisher of The Standard Union, was summoned before Magistrate Otto Kempner in the Adams Street Court to answer a charge of criminal libel, and tells of the outcome of the charges against him. It also gives statements issued by the three persons nominated at the Democratic Judiciary Convention. Then it says:

"On Oct. 19, 1911, Joseph Cassidy, Louis T. Walters, Jr., William Willett, Luke Keenan, a Democratic ally of Cassidy; Morris O'Connell, and other persons assembled together in a dining room of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

"It is alleged that at this meeting it was arranged to drop the charges against Mr. Berri. Mr. De Ford then gives a list of

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COLD WAVE ON ITS WAY.

Blizzard Conditions in Lake Superior Region—Snow at Toledo.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The first cold wave of the season made its appearance to-day in the Northwest, with almost zero weather in Montana and North Dakota. Weather Bureau experts say there is a strong probability that it will be carried far to the southward during Thursday and Friday. They expressed the belief that it will cause frosts throughout the Gulf and South Atlantic States, except in Southern Florida. Freezing temperatures have struck the Ohio Valley, the lake region, and the North Atlantic States.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 1.—Blizzard conditions prevail here. At Calumet three inches of snow fell. Houghton, Mich., reports two inches, and Summit, Mich., four inches. Snow fell over a great portion of Upper Lake Superior.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 1.—Snow and freezing temperatures swept over the Missouri Valley States to-day. From a temperature of zero in Bismarck, N. D., the thermometer graded down to 28 degrees in Northern Kansas and Missouri.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Nov. 1.—A snowstorm of much density, the first of the season, visited this city to-night at 7 o'clock and continued for nearly ten minutes. The temperature at that hour was 30 degrees.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 1.—Michigan received its first taste of Winter to-day throughout the upper peninsula and the western portion of the lower. The snowfall averaged from one to six inches, and sleighing parties were popular in Calumet to-night. The principal loss, unless the storm grows worse, will be sustained by the farmers.

DEATH DIDN'T HALT WEDDING

Bride-Elect's Mother with Her Last Breath Insisted That it Go On.

The Rev. William J. Tilley of Christ Episcopal Church, Harrison, N. J., mounted the steps of the home of William Harrison, a real estate operator, at 228 North Second Street, last night prepared to officiate at the wedding of Miss Cordelia Harrison to Walter T. Haywood of North Arlington, N. J. He was met at the door by Mr. Harrison, white faced and fighting to retain his composure. He almost broke down as he told the minister that a few moments before his arrival Mrs. Harrison had died.

She had pneumonia a year ago and never regained her health. She grew weaker and weaker, but insisted that the preparations for her daughter's wedding go on. Yesterday many relatives of both families assembled at the house. Mrs. Harrison seemed weak, but there was no indication that death was near and she took a lively interest in the final preparations for the wedding.

When her family realized, however, that the end was near they tried to persuade Mrs. Harrison to allow the wedding to be postponed. She refused, insistent that the ceremony be performed as had been arranged. When Mr. Tilley heard of Mrs. Harrison's last wish, he urged Miss Harrison to go on with the ceremony if only that in later life she could feel that she had obeyed her mother's last request. The girl and her sister, Miss Caroline Harrison, who acted as her bridesmaid, were in tears as Mr. Tilley read the marriage ceremony and the bride almost collapsed at the end.

A wedding supper which had been arranged, was canceled, as was the intention of young Mr. and Mrs. Haywood to start immediately on a wedding trip.

SUIT FOLLOWS DROWNING.

Swimming Instructor Denies Cowardice in Delaying Attempt to Save Girl.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 1.—"I make this offer to the court. I will submit to having my arms and legs bound by any one and in the presence of the jury will consent to being pushed off any dock in Seattle into Puget Sound, and will land safely thus handicapped in West Seattle, across the bay."

This declaration was made by Henry S. Horan in the Superior Court to-day. Horan, who recently came here from Boston, where he won fame by his prowess as a swimmer, was for a time connected with Harvard University. He is a witness in the suit of Frank Moore against the Washington Hotel and Improvement Company for $10,000 for the death of his little daughter, Pearl Moore, by drowning in the natatorium of the hotel.

At the Coroner's inquest several girl students of the University of Washington accused Horan of cowardice because he waited to change his clothing before plunging in to save the life of the little Moore girl. He took so long, the girls declared, that the Moore girl went down for the third time before he reached her.

S. Franklin Pierce, manager of the natatorium, admitted to the Coroner's jury that the company's main object was to get money from the public and that the patrons' safety was not the first consideration.

The jury returned a verdict of criminal negligence in the Moore girl's death and a damage suit resulted.

MRS. WALDO'S CAB SEIZED.

Told Policeman Who Stopped Taxi Driver to Do His Duty.

Mrs. Waldo, mother of Police Commissioner Waldo, left the Hotel Plaza shortly after 8 o'clock last night in a taxicab to see the illumination of the fleet. The car turned into Riverside Drive at Seventy-second Street. At 102d Street Motor Cycle Policeman Howard Smith noticed that the rear lamps on the machine were out and started in pursuit of the car, overtaking it at 100th Street.

"Why didn't you stop?" said the policeman. "Your rear lamps are out."

"See here, officer," replied the chauffeur, Cornelius Phooney, testily, "what if the lights are out? I guess you don't know who my passenger is."

Smith said he didn't care so long as the law was being violated.

"Well," shouted the chauffeur triumphantly, "I've got your boss's mother in here."

Mrs. Waldo then stuck her head out of the window and asked what the trouble was.

"If the law is being violated," she said to the policeman, "do your duty and arrest my driver."

The policeman first took Mrs. Waldo to the hotel in the car, and then, with the chauffeur, proceeded to the Yorkville Night Court. The prisoner told Magistrate Breen that he did not know that the lights were out; Smith said that Phooney had cursed him. The Magistrate told Phooney that he should be punished for using abusive language in the presence of Mrs. Waldo, and fined him $2 for disorderly conduct.

View the Fleet—C. W. Morse, from Pier 32, N. R., 1 P. M. Fare 50c.—Adv.

AIRMAN DROPS BOMBS ON TURKISH TROOPS

Italian Military Aviator Outside Tripoli Proves War Value of Aeroplane.

GIOLITTI DENIES MASSACRE

Says Italians Are Humane, While Turks Have Slain Wounded Foes—Threat to Seize Turkish Islands.

TRIPOLI, Nov. 1.—The last twenty-four hours have passed quietly.

An Italian military aviator, while making a reconnoissance last night, succeeded in dropping four bombs in the midst of the Turkish encampment.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 2.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Tripoli, writing on Oct. 27, describes the situation as extremely grave and adds that the idea that the Turks and Arabs may recapture the town is not so impossible as it may seem to the outside world. He says:

"The Italian lines have been drawn in until they are little beyond the town itself. The failure of the attempt of the retreating Italians to blow up the old Turkish fort, containing a large stock of shells, makes it possible for the Turks merely to walk in and resume possession of the fort."

The Daily Mail's Constantinople correspondent says:

"The latest news from Tripoli received at the War Ministry is that the Turkish troops have advanced to posts 200 yards from the town.

The Minister of the Interior has issued a decree subjecting Italians to an income tax and municipal dues, from the latter of which subjects even of non-capitulation powers are free."

A dispatch to The Daily Mirror from Tripoli, dated Nov. 1, says:

"The Turks yesterday shelled the town from Fort Hamedi, which the Italians were obliged to abandon. The fleet replied, wrecking the fort. It is reported that many Turks were killed. All is quiet to-day."

ROME, Nov. 1.—The reports which have been circulated in foreign countries that the Italian troops at Tripoli have been guilty of extreme cruelty in the war against the Turks and Arabs, killing women and children, the aged and infirm, and non-combatants, have caused intense indignation throughout Italy. These reports have already been officially denied, but Premier Giolitti took occasion again to-night to emphasize the denial and to make a statement on behalf of the Government and the whole nation. The Premier says:

"If any reproach is admissible it can only be on account of excess of humanitarianism. We have, perhaps, through exaggerated scruples, spared the lives and property of the enemy, and, in so doing, have exposed ourselves to grave risks. This, however, we have preferred to do in order that we are civilized and humane. Perhaps what is the bounty of the strong may be judged as weakness.

"Our soldiers, trained in the school of loyalty and accustomed to the uprightness of the Abyssinian, who are open enemies or steadfast friends, did not expect that the Arabs after they had sworn fealty and received grain and flour and other concessions, would treacherously break their oaths and traitorously turn their arms upon the wounded. Under such heroic deed many were barbarously killed by the enemy after they had fallen gravely wounded.

He who asserts that the Italian soldier would offend woman or child shows ignorance of our country and our race.

The acts of treachery were due partly to the efforts of Beduins, about 15,000 of whom migrate at this season of the year from the interior to the coast for the date crops, who formed a kind of conspiracy with the Turks, and partly to the fanaticism of the Arabs, who had already declared themselves our friends, to rebel. But, indeed, the Arabs were ready to take up arms against those they considered weak at any moment. This is shown by the fact that many of the habitations, when set on fire, exploded like powder magazines, so great, were the quantities of arms and ammunition hidden in them.

After the treachery the Arabs, hidden by the trees, walls, and houses in the oasis, shot in the back the troops courageously fighting the Turks, our soldiers defended themselves. They attacked the oasis and routed the traitors, killing those caught in the act of firing and taking the others prisoners. Nearly all of these deported the prisoners to Tremiti and Ustica Islands, where, on their own admission, outside of the curtailment of their liberty, they are better treated than in their own country.

The units within our own lines after the population had been removed out of harm's way, was rendered useless as a cover for the enemy's treachery. Many were barbarously knifed, being killed while lying wounded and unable to defend themselves. Almost the entire community, this is proved by the fact that, while the normal proportion between the wounded and dead in battle is one to two the Turks having about 2,000 killed and 4,000 wounded, our dead numbered 324 and our wounded only 153.

In open attacks, in surprises, and also in time of treason the courage and humanitarian sentiments of the Italian Army and Navy are above praise. Always admired, they are now an example of generous and chivalrous civilization.

Aviators' Dilemma.

Reports from Tripoli describing the use of aeroplanes say one difficulty encountered is the finding of an altitude from which observations can be made without getting within range of the enemy's guns. The mists that hang over the scene of operations frequently make this impossible. With the airman flying above the fog, the enemy are hidden from view, while if the aviator seek a lower level he finds himself an excellent target, of which the tribesmen are quick to take advantage.

It is reported that many Turkish soldiers appear in battle dressed as Arabs. The object of this disguise has been a matter of speculation among the Italian officers, who, however, have now concluded that the Turks sought to put new heart into the tribesmen by making it appear that they were being reinforced by Arabs from the interior. A further explanation suggested is that the Turks, jealous of their prestige, wish to be in a position where a reverse could be described as a defeat of the Arabs and at the same time where they could claim a Turkish victory if the day went against the Italians.

Notwithstanding the drastic measures of repression and punishment adopted by the Italian military authorities, isolated attempts at treachery on the part of supposed friendly tribesmen continue. It is also suspected that the reports of discontent among the Arabs of the interior are intended to deceive the Italians.

Cholera Among Prisoners.

Italy's two chief colonies for prisoners of war, the Tremiti Islands and Ustica Island, have become centres of infection, requiring the enforcement of rigorous hygienic measures. The Tremiti Islands

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MUST PRUSSIA GO?

The story of the undermining of the German Empire, by a student of the situation there. Read of it in NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

TESTS PLAN TO MAKE SHIPS UNSINKABLE

Engineer Asserts That Compressed Air Will Buoy Up a Vessel After Collision.

TRIED ON A BATTLESHIP

Capt. Marsh on the North Carolina Thinks the Method May Revolutionize Naval Warfare.

A method for keeping water from entering ships through holes by compressed air was tested yesterday on board the North Carolina, lying off West 148th Street, in the North River. Capt. C. C. Marsh, commander of the North Carolina, conducted the experiment in person. Afterward he spoke enthusiastically of the method. He says it will prevent vessels from going to the bottom following collisions, or when hit by torpedoes or mines. He thinks it will revolutionize marine warfare.

The method does not depend on any device or mechanical invention. It is merely an adaptation to the compartments of ships of the science of air pressure as already applied to tunnel building. The young engineer to whom the method first occurred, and who helped Capt. Marsh apply it to the North Carolina, is W. W. Wotherspoon, one of the engineers of the Subway in this city, as well as of the East River and the Pennsylvania tubes.

The method consists of sealing up the compartment in the vessel where the hole is. Compressed air is then forced into it through a tube, which has already been installed and connected with the air compressors of the vessel, such as on a battleship are used to expel explosive gases from guns after firing.

According to Mr. Wotherspoon it takes only from three to twenty pounds pressure a square inch to force out all the water in the compartment to the level of the hole.

The trouble with putting twenty pounds a square inch pressure into a ship's compartment is that it will cause the deck above or sides of the compartment to bulge, and that is where Mr. Wotherspoon's method comes in. In order to keep the decks and bulkheads around the damaged compartment from buckling a lower pressure is used in the adjoining compartments. This, it is said, keeps the deck above and the bulkheads between compartments in place.

If the watertight compartments of vessels were always really airtight the discovery and use of the new method, according to Capt. Marsh, would not be so important, but watertight compartments never are really watertight. No matter how tightly a compartment is locked up on a vessel practical experience always shows, according to Capt. Marsh, that the water finds its way into other compartments just as it did in the case of the ill-fated Republic.

"If the Captain of the Republic had understood the method we have tried to-day, and if the different compartments of his ship had been equipped with the simple system of pipes, air gauges, and air compressors we have used, the vessel would never have sunk," said Capt. Marsh.

Assisted by Mr. Wotherspoon Capt. Marsh tried the experiment on a forward compartment on the North Carolina under the protection deck. When the seacocks were opened and the water was allowed to rush in and fill the compartment, the vessel listed to starboard a trifle. Compressed air was then forced into the tank. In about ten minutes after the air pump was started there was no water in the tank.

Simultaneously with the exertion of the twelve-pound pressure in the supposedly damaged compartment a seven-pound pressure was pumped into all the surrounding compartments, thus keeping the decks and bulkheads safe. A three-pound pressure similarly was exerted in the compartments next to those in which the seven-pound pressure was being used.

"This new method will revolutionize the business of ship-saving," said Capt. Marsh. "When I applied to the Navy Department recently to be allowed to try out the method I asked them to send me some pipes and air gauges so that I could connect every compartment on my vessel with the air-compressing plant.

"When I was trying the experiment this morning the attention of the man at the air gauge wandered for a minute and a few too many pounds pressure got into one of the compartments. The result was that the deck above began buckling, and would have burst had the sailor not noticed what was happening and given the signal to turn the pressure off.

"Every battleship in the navy can make itself practically unsinkable by applying to Washington for $125 worth of supplies in the shape of pipes and gauges. This new method will permit us in a few minutes after a collision to repair all holes beneath the waterline from the inside."

CALLS ROGERS A DESERTER.

Man Who Lost His Memory Identified as Sailor Named Kenny.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 1.—S. Chandler Rogers, the New York man who lost his memory and his identity as George Kelly, by which name he had been known for fourteen years, and resumed the name of Rogers following an operation here, was positively identified to-day when taken to the United States Navy Yard at Bremerton as Roger C. Keanz, a deserter from the United States Navy, who surrendered and served eight months in the Nipsic at Bremerton and was discharged there in December, 1909.

Rogers says he does not recall enlisting under the name of Kenny. The identification of Rogers as Kenny contradicts his story that he has considered himself George Kelly for fourteen years.

Dan Quinn, Sergeant of Police in Seattle, thinks he is faking, but the doctors who performed the operation on Rogers's skull still believe his remarkable story.

Harvard-Princeton Game, Princeton. Special Trains via Pennsylvania Railroad, Saturday, Nov. 4. Leave Pennsylvania Station, New York, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 A. M., 12:15, 12:30, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15 and 11:25 P. M. Returning after game from Lower Station.—Adv.

CONSOLIDATED GAS GETS TUNNEL CHEAP

$775 to State, $115 to the City for Facilities Which Double Its Selling Capacity.

ALL OBJECTIONS WITHDRAWN

Able to Do This by Using an Ancient Subsidiary and an Old Law—Also Escapes 3 Per Cent. Tax.

The State Attorney General and the Corporation Counsel, it was learned yesterday, have withdrawn their answer and objections to the petition filed before Referees William Allen by the East River Gas Company, which asked that condemnation Commissioners be appointed to award damages for the building of the proposed great tunnel under the East River, by which the Consolidated Gas Company is to get its gas from its plant in Astoria to the foot of East 132d Street and to supply the Bronx.

Under an old act of the Legislature in 1802 it now appears that the company may pay for the privilege of laying the tunnel only nominal damages to the city and State. In its petition it had estimated the damages to the city at merely $115, and those to the State's property under the river at only $775. Under the same act it may also escape payment to the city of a tax of 3 per cent. of the gross returns on the gas so supplied, this on the ground that the old law specifies such a tax only on gas supplied to private or public buildings in Manhattan, but not on gas supplied to another gas company. The gas from the tunnel will be supplied to the Consolidated Gas Company, of which the old East River Gas Company is a subsidiary. The latter, so the Attorney General had set forth in his answer to the petition, is the real party in interest.

The proposed tunnel, shafts for which are already being sunk on the Consolidated Gas Company's property on both sides of the river, will be about forty feet square and about a mile long. It goes under the State's property under the river, a small submerged plot of city property off 132d Street, and a bit of the tracks of the Harlem River & Port Chester Railroad. It will be the second tunnel so used by the company under the East River, the first having been used for some thirty years to bring the chief gas supply of Manhattan from Long Island to the foot of East Seventy-first Street. The new tunnel, it was set forth by John A. Garver of Sherman & Sterling, counsel for the gas company, is greatly needed both to prevent the city from being plunged in darkness by any accident to the Seventy-first Street tunnel and to furnish added facilities for the lighting of the northern part of the city.

The old East River Gas Company of Long Island City—the Consolidated Gas Company does not appear at all in the legal proceedings—was empowered in Chapter 838 of the Laws of 1802 "to lay and maintain requisite conductors, mains, and pipes under and across the East River and across any intervening land belonging to the City of New York or to private persons in such places as it may determine," for the purpose of supplying gas or electricity in the City of New York, and "to acquire, by condemnation or purchase, such real property, public or private, or right or interest or easement therein, for laying or maintaining its mains, pipes, and conductors, as may be necessary for the exercise of the powers hereby conferred."

The only consideration exacted of the company in return was that "such corporation shall pay annually into the Treasury of the City of New York to the credit of the sinking fund thereof 3 per cent. of its gross receipts from gas furnished by it to private or public buildings in the City of New York through mains laid by it as herein authorized under the streets or avenues of such city."

According to Harry P. Nichols, in charge of the Division of Franchises of the Board of Estimate, the law expressly exempted the company from paying this tax of 3 per cent. on gas supplied by it to any other gas company.

"Since the East River Company," said Mr. Nichols to a TIMES reporter, "may never supply 100 feet of gas to a private or public building in New York City. The act expressly gives the company the right to sell gas, exempt from such tax, to other gas companies. There is nothing before this board at present seeking to upset the workings of the old law."

"Can the city collect the tax if the Consolidated Gas Company supplies the gas from the tunnel?" he was asked.

"You must ask the Law Department," replied Mr. Nichols.

As the Corporation Counsel's office Assistant Corporation Counsel William D. Burr, in charge of franchise matters, declared that he had received no notice in regard to the tunnel, was contemplating no action in the matter, and did not know of any way in which the city could collect anything from the company other than the actual award made by the Condemnation Commissioners.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Charles D. Olendorf, who had charge of the city's case in opposing the appointment of Condemnation Commissioners last week and the State Attorney General, followed suit. Whether or not the State will get more than the $775 first offered by the company for the "damage" done by the tunnel under the river bed remains for the Commissioners to decide. Joseph D. Edelson of the Attorney General's office, who has been conducting the State's case, said

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FISH STOP AN OCEAN LINER.

Drawn Into Circulation Pipes When She Passes a School at Sea.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 1.—A remarkable experience on the voyage from London to this port was reported to-day by Capt. Chambers of the Furness liner Durango. While in midocean the big liner came to a full stop, the circulating pumps failed to work, and for a time the crew were unable to discover the cause.

When the circulating feed pipe was examined it was found to be filled with fish, which blocked the passage and prevented the pumps from working. After the fish were removed the Durango was able to proceed. The vessel had passed through a school of fish and they were drawn into the feed pipe by the suction pump.

OPERATION ON J. E. DAVIS.

Master of the Meadow Brook Hounds Under the Knife for Appendicitis.

J. E. Davis, Master of the Meadow Brook fox hounds, was operated on yesterday in the Presbyterian Hospital for appendicitis. It was said last night that the operation had been successful, and that Mr. Davis's condition was excellent.

Mr. Davis has been troubled with the malady in a mild form for some time, and it was only recently that it became acute. Until Sunday he was engaged in entertaining some visiting huntsmen from the South, but on their departure made immediate arrangements to enter the hospital on the advice of his physician.

GIRL SEES FATHER DROWN.

Lighthouse Keeper's Daughter Then Guards Light for Twelve Hours.

Special to The New York Times.

PASCAGOULA, Miss., Nov. 1.—Knowing that many lives might depend upon keeping the light burning, 8-year-old Elsie Fullerton, who had just witnessed her father drown, took her station in the lighthouse here, and for twelve hours kept watch while the waves below washed over her father's body. When she was rescued to-day she had been without food for twenty-four hours.

R. Fullerton, keeper of the Round Island light, took little Elsie with him in his skiff yesterday evening. The boat was tied near the light while Fullerton went in to trim the lamps and prepare them for the night. As he concluded his work he saw the boat drifting out toward the sea with the child, who was too terrified to use the oars.

Fullerton dove in and tried to swim to the boat, but sank just as he reached for the gunwale. After drifting two hours the child managed to row the boat back to the light, and finally clamber up on the rocks. The boat was left adrift, and the finding of this led to her rescue; otherwise the child would have been left with the light until to-night or later. Fullerton's body has not been recovered.

ROCKEFELLER ROSES WIN.

James Speyer Gets First Prize for Table Decorations at Tarrytown.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 1.—William Rockefeller captured three more first prizes to-day at the thirteenth annual flower show of the Tarrytown Horticultural Society, getting two on his roses and one for his carnation display.

The feature of to-day's exhibit was the competition for the best table decoration. Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish was a competitor and she was one of the judges. The first prize went to James Speyer of Scarborough, the second to Adolph Lewisohn of Ardsley, and third to Emil Berlesheimer of Tarrytown. Other competitors were Richard Delafield of Tuxedo, Joseph Eastman of Tarrytown, and F. B. Shotter of Lenox.

This was society day and many well-known women visited the show.

FIND AGED PAIR STARVING.

Civil War Veteran and His Wife Had $1 a Week for Food.

Neighbors of John Redpath, a civil war veteran, 69 years old, of 459 Twentieth Street, South Brooklyn, learned yesterday that he and his aged and feeble wife had been near starvation for a week with little prospect for better times until their son could get another job.

At the Redpath home it was stated that for some weeks now the $12-a-month pension had been the family's only income. Of this $8 went for rent, leaving but $1 a week for food. The son, Eugene, had recently lost his job, Mr. Redpath said, but until this happened they got along very well. As soon as the neighbors learned of the situation efforts were started to help the family out until better times come.

TAFT'S SON WINS A PRIZE.

With Justice Hughes's Son He Gets Sears Honor in Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Robert Taft, son of the President, has won one of the Sears prizes of $375 for good class work at the Harvard Law School.

Other Sears prize winners were Charles E. Hughes, Jr., son of United States Supreme Court Justice Hughes; J. C. Buchanan of Pittsburgh, and F. S. Wyner of Boston.

The prizes, which are of $375 each, are awarded annually by Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears in memory of her son, a member of the class of 1906, who was killed in an automobile wreck in Providence.

ROOSEVELT AIDS POOR TWINS

Mother Wrote for Help and He Sends Them $25.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 1.—Mimi and Peppita, twins, with solemn brown eyes and no visible means of support, have received a check for $25 from Col. Theodore Roosevelt. The check arrived in care of Judge Williams of the Juvenile Court after the mother wrote to Mr. Roosevelt for help. The former President took the matter up with Judge Williams of the Juvenile Court and asked him to investigate the case.

Judge Williams, the "confessor" of Baltimore's bad boys, designated Miss Cathcart to make an investigation, and she, with one probation officer, found the mother with two very small dependents and an income infinitely smaller arriving to make good her responsibility by work which presented itself. Judge Williams refused to give the woman's name.

NO MORE BRIDGE POLICEMEN.

Waldo Withdraws Them, Leaving B. R. T. to Handle Crowds.

Police Commissioner Waldo issued orders yesterday that removed all policemen from the platforms of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit at Brooklyn Bridge. It was the first time in twenty-five years that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit employes had been called on to handle the crowds unaided, and they had a hard task.

It is said that the police will not be put back on the bridge, as the Commissioner believes the railroad company should furnish its own special policemen.

There was a commotion in the large crowd waiting for a Lexington Avenue train in the rush hour when a piece of glass fell from the roof and hit on the head Policeman Charles T. Gallager of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, who was on his way to his home in Brooklyn. Brooklyn Rapid Transit inspectors quieted the crowd, however, and Gallager started for home after a Fulton Street Hospital surgeon had dressed the cut on his head.

OUR GREATEST FLEET REVIEWED BY MEYER

Secretary of the Navy Rejoices Over an Armada Fit for Any Emergency.

800 GUNS BOOM FOR HIM

A Division of Superdreadnoughts the Next Step in Battle Efficiency—Mighty Noise for Taft To-day.

Fleet Programme To-day.

7:15 A. M.—President Taft arrives from Washington.
8:00 A. M.—The President goes on board the naval yacht Mayflower.
9:30 A. M.—The President breaks his flag from the Mayflower, the Mayflower firing the Presidential salute of 21 guns.
10:00 A. M.—The Mayflower will get under way and the Connecticut will fire the Presidential salute.
10:15 A. M.—The Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet and the Division Commanders will pay their respects to the President aboard the Mayflower.
10:30 A. M.—The President will return the calls and will be received aboard the Flagship Connecticut.
10:45 A. M.—The President returns to the Mayflower, and immediately the review of the fleet at anchor will begin, the Mayflower proceeding to the end of the columns above Fort Washington Point. On the way up the Mayflower will follow the course on the New York side of the river, and on the return the one on the Jersey side of the battleships, between those ships and the columns of torpedo boat destroyers and the protected cruisers.
3:00 P. M.—The Mayflower will anchor near Bedlow's Island, from which point the President will review the fleet as it passes out to sea.

George Von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy, made a three-hour inspection of the great American fleet, now mobilized in the Hudson River, yesterday afternoon, and when the smoke of the last of the 800 and more guns fired in his honor had disappeared the Secretary sent for the newspaper men and told them that this mobilization, the greatest in the history of the Nation, had demonstrated that the navy is ready to-day for any emergency. The Secretary was as proud as a schoolboy over the splendid showing made by the ships and he did not hesitate to say so in the most positive terms. He let it be known that, great as is the Atlantic organization to-day, it is destined to become greater and greater in every respect.

The review drew thousands to every point along the river front from which the progress of the Mayflower, the inspecting and reviewing vessel could be seen as she wended her way up and down the river between the battleship and torpedo boat columns. These crowds saw every ship that was anchored between Fifty-seventh Street and Spuyten Duyvil—an even one hundred in all—ready to go into action at almost a moment's notice, and those who knew anything at all about the navy realized that four of those ships—the superdreadnoughts—were equal in fighting efficiency to the combined navies of Italy and Turkey, and that, great as were the French and German fleets recently mobilized in European waters, this one was greater than either.

"This mobilization," said Secretary Meyer when the Mayflower returned to the anchorage off Twenty-third Street late in the afternoon, "has demonstrated the preparedness of the American Navy for any emergency. Accomplished as it was on thirty days' notice, it has demonstrated that the ships can be assembled within a short time. Not only this, but it has also shown the effectiveness of the present organization, an organization which has resulted in both efficiency and economy. It proves that the ships are becoming self-sustaining, and in proof of this I am informed to-day that the Michigan and New Hampshire will require no repairs this year.

"Besides all this, the mobilization has demonstrated that for our reserve fleet we should have an increased number of enlisted men, and I have anticipated this by asking for 2,000 more than this year. The estimates sent to the Treasury Department include the pay and maintenance of these men, and yet they are no larger than the estimates of last year.

"It has been the expectation and the hope of the department that this mobilization has enabled many hundreds of thousands of our people to see and realize the extent of our present navy and the enormous strides it has made since the Columbian Review of 1892, when the protected cruiser Philadelphia was the pride of the service.

"To-day we had twenty-four battleships strung out in line for a distance of about six miles. There were 100 vessels in the fleet, and among them the new superdreadnoughts Utah and Florida, the largest battleships in the world now in commission.

"Am I right?" Secretary Meyer asked Admiral Wainwright, the Aid for Operations in Washington.

You are," the Admiral answered, and Admirals Freeland and Potter, who were also present, nodded their heads in confirmation.

A Division of Superdreadnoughts.

Secretary Meyer said that the Florida and the Utah would be assigned eventually to a division to be composed entirely of vessels of the superdreadnought type. The other vessels to that first of American all-dreadnought divisions, he said, would be the North Dakota and Delaware.

"The inspection," said the Secretary, "has gone off without a hitch, and the programme as arranged has been carried out on schedule time. That the fleet has been able to make such a splendid showing is due to teamwork on the part of the aids and chiefs of department, who worked in conjunction with Admiral Wainwright, who is the Aid for Operations, and Admiral Osterhaus, the Commander in Chief of the fleet, and Capt. Andrews, my aid.

"Another thing I wish to say is that the time is come when the rank of the Commander in Chief of such an enormous armada as the one now in the Hudson should be in keeping with the great command he exercises. To-day Admiral Osterhaus, the commanding officer of the fleet, has the same rank, so far as title goes, as the division commanders under him. It is due to the navy and the great position that the Commander in Chief of the fleet holds that he should at least have the rank of Vice Admiral. Chile, which only a few ships has an Admiral that outranks the commander of the Atlantic Fleet.

"Concerning the review to-morrow, the President will break his flag on the Mayflower at 9:30 o'clock in the morning. He will review the fleet at anchor in the morning, and again review it when it is under way to-morrow afternoon. The afternoon review beginning about 2 P. M. The Mayflower will be anchored near Bedloe's Island, and the vessels will pass in review at a speed of about 14 knots an hour.

"The review at 1:45 P. M. yesterday afternoon the Secretary of War was hailed in the forenoon of the Mayflower and [illegible]

immediately the information was conveyed to the fleet by the firing of the salute of 21 guns by the Mayflower. As the echoes of the nineteenth gun died away and the Mayflower, which was off Twenty-third Street, got under way the flagship Connecticut boomed out the twenty-one's first salute in honor of the Secretary.

The salute was the signal for the Commander in Chief and the Commanders of the battleship and cruiser divisions and the torpedo fleet to leave their flagships and with their pennants fluttering from two barges to head south to pay their respects to the Secretary when the Mayflower came to her first stop, just south of the battleship Connecticut.

Meyer Boards the Flagships.

Admiral Osterhaus and his staff were first to board the Mayflower. After them came Admirals Badger, Ward, Howard, and Fiske and Commander Eberle and their staffs. The call was brief, and as their barges left the side of the Mayflower the Connecticut's fast motor launch, with Flag Lieut. Berry aboard, left the Connecticut and headed for the Mayflower. As soon as the motor launch was alongside the Mayflower, Secretary Meyer, accompanied by Capt. Andrews, his aid; Rear Admiral Wainwright, the Aid for Operations; Rear Admiral Charles H. Vreeland, the Aid for Inspections; Rear Admiral William P. Potter, the Aid for Personnel; Attorney General George W. Wickersham, and Secretary of the Interior Walter L. Fisher, went aboard, and the inspection of the fleet began.

Admiral Osterhaus and his staff and the officers of the Connecticut stood at attention at the head of the gangway as the Secretary came aboard. Every bluejacket stood rigid as a statue and the red-coated marine band played a lively march. The Secretary made a personal inspection of the bluejackets and congratulated Capt. Rush on the fine appearance of his men. Then he said his official farewell and, leaving the ship, his launch shot for the Louisiana, the next flagship, twenty blocks away. The Connecticut fired a second salute of twenty-one guns as the launch headed away. Admiral Osterhaus was also of the inspecting party on the launch.

The bluejackets of the Michigan were manned beside the rail as the launch passed, and when the band played a bar of a lively march the Secretary stood up in the launch and raised his hand to his silk hat in salute. Passing the superdreadnoughts Delaware and North Dakota, the Secretary again stood up and returned the salute of the officers and bluejackets who manned the rail.

The visit to the Louisiana was brief, and then, in turn, the Secretary visited the flagships Minnesota, Georgia, Washington, Dixie, and Utah. These ships were the only ones that fired salutes on the trip of inspection, each thundering out its tribute as the Secretary left. On every ship the brasses glittered like gold, the sides of the ships and the big guns all sported a brand-new coat of paint, the decks of the ships had been scrubbed spotless, every officer and bluejacket was groomed to the last word in naval full dress, while the instruments of the red-coated bands looked like silver services just out of the silversmith's hands. The marines were on the afterdecks, and their bright red striped blue trousers added a pleasing break in the monotony of the blue of the ship's crews.

It would be perhaps unjust to say that any ship made a better appearance than any other. If such a thing could be said, however, it seemed to observers that the officers and men of the New Hampshire and Utah made the finest show. It may have been because the light was better for those vessels, and it may have been because their decks were better arranged for the display of their men. Scores commented on the splendid appearance of the great Utah, which was the last of the vessels to be inspected by Secretary Meyer.

After his inspection of the Utah, Secretary Meyer and those with him again went aboard the Mayflower, which had followed the Connecticut's launch upstream, and then the review of the ships began. The Mayflower went south between the column of battleships and armored cruisers and the column of auxiliaries, protected cruisers and torpedo-boat destroyers.

The Great Noise Starts.

During the inspection only seven ships had fired salutes. All this was changed on the review, when all of the battleships, armored and protected cruisers, saluted as the Mayflower passed. The review was one continuous roar of naval artillery from the anchorage of the Utah, off Fort Washington Point, to that of the Connecticut, off Fifty-seventh Street.

The shore on the New York side was packed, and apparently all the people enjoyed the racket. The echoes came in for a lot of discussion. When the salutes were fired toward the New York side the echoes sounded to those on the water like peal after peal of thunder, due to the great buildings, while the sound that came back from the Palisades was a single great crash.

The Mayflower made the reviewing journey in less than an hour, and from the moment that the Florida fired the first of the salutes until the Connecticut fired the last there was hardly a moment when some vessel was not saluting. The smell of powder was in the air and the smoke was so thick that the vessel third astern from the reviewing Mayflower would be almost hidden from view.

It was noted by some that the bands did not play "The Star-Spangled Banner" when the Secretary went aboard. The regulations provide for a march for the Secretary, and only the President is entitled to the National anthem. The Secretary is saluted only when leaving a vessel, while the President gets twenty-one guns coming and going, whether he goes aboard the ship or not.

The Secretary's guests on the Mayflower yesterday included United States Senators Root and O'Gorman of New York, Briggs and Martine of New Jersey, Congressmen J. J. Fitzgerald, Jefferson M. Levy, Stephen B. Ayres, Henry M. Goldfogel, Daniel J. Riordan, William M. Calder, and John W. Dwight of New York, Robert E. Lee and Arthur L. Bates of Pennsylvania, Robert Turnbull of Virginia, Richmond Pearson Hobson of Alabama, E. R. Bathrick of Ohio, Ernest W. Roberts of Massachusetts, and Edward W. Townsend of New Jersey. Others were Rear Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow, Rear Admiral E. H. C. Leutze, Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, Postmaster General Hitchcock, Capt. Templin M. Potts, U. S. N., A. Barton Hepburn, Collector of the Port William Loeb, Mayor Gaynor, and Melville E. Stone. In brilliant uniforms were Capt. C. E. G. Sowerby of the British Navy, Commander T. Hiraga of the Japanese Navy, and Commander Vassilieff of the Russian Navy, Naval Attaches in Washington.

The President will arrive at 7:15 o'clock this morning, and is due to go aboard the Mayflower at 8 o'clock. At 9:30 his flag, a blue pennant displaying the coat of arms of the United States, will be broken out at the masthead, and half an hour later the Mayflower will steam for the head of the battleship column at Fifty-seventh Street.

The best point from which to view the President's review of the fleet at anchor this morning will be Riverside Drive and the Viaduct and from the tops of buildings along the river front. No one will have any trouble in keeping track of the President's progress, as every vessel will salute his flag both coming and going. Battery Park and the downtown skyscrapers will furnish the best land view of the review underway this afternoon. A large fleet of excursion boats will be out. The vessels will pass in review at a speed of about 14 knots an hour.

When Secretary Meyer Reviewed the Big Fleet.

Flagship Connecticut saluting Secretary Meyer.—Insert—Secretary Meyer Approaching the Flagship

Photo by American Press Assn.

ORDER OF TO-DAY'S REVIEW.

Leading Battleship Will Pass the Mayflower About 2:15 P. M.

The fleet will pass in review before President Taft this afternoon in the following order, the first vessel in the column (the Connecticut) passing the Mayflower, which will be anchored near Bedlow's Island, probably about 2:15 P. M.

FIRST DIVISION.

Connecticut, flagship of Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, the Commander in Chief. Capt. William R. Rush commanding.
Michigan, (dreadnought,) Capt. Edward E. Cashart.
Delaware, (dreadnought,) Capt. Charles A. Gove.
North Dakota, (dreadnought,) Capt. Albert Gleaves.

SECOND DIVISION.

Louisiana, flagship of Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger, the Division Commander. Capt. A. W. Winterhalter commanding.
Vermont, Capt. Walter McLean.
New Hampshire, Capt. Thomas S. Rodgers.
South Carolina, (dreadnought,) Capt. Augustus F. Fechteler.
Kansas, Capt. John A. Hoogewerff.

THIRD DIVISION.

Minnesota, flagship of Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, the Division Commander. Capt. George R. Clark commanding.
Missouri, Capt. Frederick L. Chapin.
Ohio, Capt. Wilson W. Buchanan.
Mississippi, Capt. William P. Fullam.
Idaho, Capt. Herbert O. Dunn.

FOURTH DIVISION.

Georgia, flagship of Rear Admiral Thomas B. Howard, the Division Commander. Capt. William L. Rodgers commanding.
Nebraska, Capt. James T. Smith.
New Jersey, Capt. John E. Craven.
Virginia, Capt. James H. Glennon.

FIFTH DIVISION.

Washington, (armored cruiser,) flagship of Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, the Division Commander. Capt. Richard M. Hughes.
North Carolina, (armored cruiser,) Capt. Charles C. Marsh.
Salem, (scout cruiser,) Commander George R. Evans.

SPECIAL DIVISION.

Utah, (dreadnought,) Capt. William S. Benson.
Florida, Capt. Harry S. Knapp.
Note.—The battleships Maine, Iowa, Indiana, and Massachusetts, which are in this division, will not be in the column which will be reviewed under way.

THE ATLANTIC TORPEDO FLEET.

(Vessels reviewed in double column.)

Dixie, flagship of Commander E. W. Eberle, the Fleet Commander. Commander J. K. Robinson.
Drayton, Lieut. Commander Kenneth M. Bennett.
McCall, Lieut. Commander Arthur McArthur.
Roe, Lieut. Commander Clark H. Woodward.
Paulding, Lieut. Stafford H. R. Doyle.
Terry, Lieut. Commander John C. Fremont, Jr.
Reid, Lieut. Commander John S. Doddridge.
Preston, Lieut. Commander David F. Boyd.
Flusser, Lieut. William H. Allen.
Smith, Lieut. Edward C. Kalbfus.
Lamson, Lieut. Andrew C. Pickens.
Perkins, Lieut. Commander James P. Morton.
Mayrant, Lieut. Commander Charles P. Nelson.
Wainwright, Lieut. Walter M. Hunt.
Burrows, Lieut. Julius H. Hobson.
Stewart, Lieut. Harry E. McCrary.
Patterson, Lieut. Commander John M. Luby.
Monaghan, Lieut. Commander William P. Cronan.
Ammen, Lieut. Commander Joseph K. Taussig.
Tripp, Lieut. Frank D. Berden.
Walke, Lieut. Charles R. Train.
Worden, (reserve destroyer.)
MacDonough, (reserve destroyer.)
Note.—All of the above vessels, with the exception of the Dixie, which is an auxiliary cruiser, are destroyers.

SUBMARINE DIVISION.

Greyling, flagboat of Lieut. Donald C. Bingham, the Division Commander.
Bonita, Lieut. J. T. G. Stanley.
Narwhal, Lieut. Chester W. Nimitz.
Salmon, Ensign W. G. Child.
Snapper, Ensign R. A. Burg.
Stingray, Ensign C. N. Hinsamp.
Tarpon, Ensign J. W. Barnett, Jr.

AUXILIARY DIVISION

Des Moines, protected cruiser, Commander Joseph W. Oman.
Celtic, (supply ship.)
Nashville, (gunboat,) Commander C. B. Morgan.
Marietta, (gunboat,) Commander George N. Harward.
Petrel, (gunboat,) Commander D. E. Dismukes.
Panther, (repair ship,) Commander Louis R. De Steiguer.
Solace, (hospital ship.) Medical Inspector Manley F. Gates.
Prairie, (transport,) Commander H. F. Bryan.
Culgoa, (supply ship,) Commander J. L. Latimer.
San Francisco, (mine layer,) Commander W. H. G. Bullard.

The other vessels in the fleet, some of which it is not certain will figure in the review under way, include the colliers and submarine tenders and small torpedo craft. The colliers, which are the Neptune, Cyclops, Hector, Mars, Vulcan, Ajax, Brutus, and Sterling, if they are in the review, will be the last of all the vessels to pass by the Mayflower.

PACIFIC FLEET REVIEWED.

The Oregon and 23 Other Ships Parade in Los Angeles Harbor.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 1.—The roar of guns announced to-day the review of the Pacific fleet, the companion piece of the big display of the Atlantic fleet on the other side of the continent.

The fleet, twenty-four ships in all, with two submarines, arrived off Los Angeles Harbor before dawn, and daylight revealed one of the greatest aggregations of warships ever assembled on the Pacific Coast. The seafighters stretched from a point opposite San Pedro to Long Beach, seven miles away.

Conspicuous in the line was the famous old warrior Oregon, refurnished and looking like her younger sisters, owing to a big military mast arising above her turret. The Oregon is the only real battleship—heavily armed and armored—among all the twenty-four vessels, and the old ship was the centre of interest for the party of guests invited to accompany Admiral Thomas on his tour of review. The reviewing vessel was the little gunboat Vicksburg.

After bringing the fleet up from San Diego Admiral Thomas transferred command of the fleet temporarily to Admiral Sutherland. Thousands of persons visited the harbor and lined the shore when the first salute announced that the review had begun.

The submarine Grampus, after the formalities of the review had been concluded, performed, in company with the Pike, aquatic feats.

TAFT BACK HOME, THEN AWAY AGAIN

Arrives in Washington After 15,000-Mile Trip and Starts for New York.

SOON OFF FOR TENNESSEE

Pittsburgh Merchants Disclaim Any Plot to Draw President's Fire on Question of Sherman Act.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—President Taft reached Washington to-night after an absence of over two months. It was just seventy-one days ago that the special session of Congress came to an end and Mr. Taft left for Beverly and the Summer White House by way of Rochester, N. Y., where he attended the annual Grand Army of the Republic Encampment.

Arriving here at 10:30 o'clock, the President, accompanied by Secretary Hilles and Major Butt, went immediately to the White House instead of remaining in his car, as had been planned. In the executive offices he was joined by Secretary of State Knox and Secretary of War Stimson, with whom he conferred for an hour and a half. The conference lasted without interruption until fifteen minutes before train time, and at its conclusion both Secretaries announced that there was nothing to be given to the public.

It is understood, however, that the arbitration treaties and the Chinese situation were among the matters discussed.

In the time he has been away the President has traveled, counting side trips, almost 15,000 miles, and has visited twenty-six States, thereby breaking the Presidential record. Mr. Taft came to Washington by special train from Morgantown, W. Va., where he participated in the inauguration of Thomas Hodges, President of the University of West Virginia.

Gov. Glascock and his staff, ex-Senator Davis Elkins, and other West Virginia Republican leaders boarded the Presidential train and welcomed the President to the State. He made several speeches during the day. At Morgantown he spoke to several thousand school children, and later repeated his peace and arbitration address to the students of the university. At Fairmont and Grafton the Presidential train paused long enough to let Mr. Taft make brief talks.

Leaving Washington late to-night the President is due in New York early to-morrow, where he will board the Mayflower and review the battleship fleet. From New York he goes to Hot Springs, Va., for a four-day rest, and then he will take the road again for a trip to Cincinnati and several cities in Kentucky and Tennessee. As now planned this trip will end at Washington Nov. 12. Many important appointments are to be made, and Mr. Taft has his annual message to Congress yet to write.

CLARK AGAINST REPEAL.

Speaker Favors Making Sherman Act Stronger and Enforcing It.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 1.—The Sherman anti-trust law will not be repealed by the next Congress if Speaker Champ Clark can prevent it.

"Not only will I not stand for a repeal of that law, but I am in favor of making it stronger and of enforcing its civil and criminal features," said Mr. Clark to-day in Omaha. Mr. Clark's attention was called to the statement of Congressman Littleton, who said the Sherman law should be repealed and a new plan tried.

"There is no more reason why that law should not be enforced than that our law against horse stealing should be permitted to go unenforced. The big criminal should pay the penalty just as does the little criminal, no matter what that law is.

"Understand I am in favor of making the Sherman law stronger than it is at present, and if we cannot do that, then I am in favor of enforcing strictly the law as it now stands, but there will be no repeal of the present law if I can prevent it, unless it is for the purpose of making way for the passage of a stronger one.

"If the anti-trust law had been rigorously enforced in its civil and criminal features for the last two years there would not be a trust in America to-day."

NO TRAP SET FOR TAFT.

Pittsburgh Merchants Deny Littleton's Speech Was Part of Plot.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 1.—Pittsburgh merchants to-day denied that they tried to lead President Taft to an oral slaughter at the hands of Congressman Martin Littleton of New York on Tuesday night. President F. F. Babcock of the Chamber of Commerce and D. L. Gillespie of the Banquet Committee made official denials, declaring that both President Taft and Congressman Littleton were invited guests, and Mr. Littleton had the right to say what he pleased and the President had the right to answer him as he saw fit.

President Taft generally is credited with having scored heavily against Congressman Littleton after the latter had attacked the Sherman law in all its phases and questioned its adequacy with relation to curbing the trusts. Steel manufacturers are smiling over the incident, but they were not responsible for the dinner arrangements. The President was in the industrial enemy's camp Tuesday night and he made the most of his opportunity to hit straight from the shoulder after Mr. Littleton had drawn his fire.

President Babcock was the first to deny the charges. He said:

"Arrangements were made with Congressman Littleton many weeks ago to speak at our dinner. At that time it did not seem that suit against the Steel Corporation would begin. Such a thing was never thought of. Mr. Littleton was free to make his own speech and to prepare any topic he saw fit. There was no baiting. It was the right of Mr. Littleton to talk and the right of the President to answer as he saw fit."

SLAIN BY HIGHWAYMEN.

E. H. Farrar, Jr., Loses Life Chasing Men Suspected of Robbing His Home.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1.—Edgar H. Farrar, Jr., son of a former President of the American Bar Association, was shot and killed to-day here by one of two highwaymen who escaped, but less than two hours after the shooting were captured and made a confession to the police.

They are Leon Canton, alias J. C. Helms, and Lucien Canton, brothers, who live in New Orleans and are aged 23 and 21, respectively.

Mr. Farrar was on his way to his office when he was told by a neighbor that two men, standing on a corner opposite, probably were a pair who had broken into the Farrar home yesterday. Mr. Farrar started in pursuit of the men, one of whom drew a revolver and fired. Mr. Farrar fell in the street dead.

The two men fled, and were pursued by a crowd of citizens. Special details of police and mounted officers joined in the chase.

Mr. Farrar was a graduate of the University of Virginia and had been a member of the New Orleans bar for a decade or more.

SPEECH!
You are invited to hear
Grenville Kleiser
on
"Practical Public Speaking"
at the opening session of the
Public Speaking Club of America,
FRIDAY, NOV. 3, at 8:15 P. M., in the
West Side Y. M. C. A. Auditorium,
318 West 57th St., (cor. 8th Av.)
Discuss is that Man who is not Scared When he Makes a Speech.

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76 Nassau St., near John St.
1009 Broadway, near Willoughby, Bklyn
489 Fulton St., opp. A. & S., Bklyn
597 Broad St., near Halsey St., Newark

E. C. POTTER BREAKS A WRIST

Sculptor Viewing a Statue Just Finished When He Falls.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 1.—E. C. Potter, sculptor of the much-criticised lions of the New York Public Library, broke one wrist and sprained the other to-day while working on a statue of Gen. McClellan, to be placed in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia.

Mr. Potter had completed the statue and to view it was standing on two braces about four feet high, when one broke and he fell, landing on his hands. Dr. Miller of New York has been summoned to aid surgeons here.

Gov. Wilson to Lecture at Colony Club.

Gov. Wilson of New Jersey will be the guest of the Colony Club, Madison Avenue and Thirtieth Street, on Jan. 2, 1912, and will deliver a lecture. The invitation was given by Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, President of the club. Each year a course of lectures is arranged by the Literature and Art Committee, of which Mrs. Payne Whitney is the Chairman, and Gov. Wilson's address will be one of the series.

CONSOLIDATED GAS GETS TUNNEL CHEAP

Continued from Page 1.

that no new offer to the State has been made by the company and that no understanding has been arrived at as to just how much the State will get for "damages."

In their answer to the East River Gas Company's petition for Condemnation Commissioners, the city and State had set forth that the East River Gas Company of Long Island is not now engaged in the business of manufacturing gas; that it has no station for distributing gas in the Boroughs of Manhattan or Bronx, and no mains or pipes or consumers whom it supplies in those boroughs.

The State holds," said Mr. Edelson, "that the East River Gas Company of Long Island City is a company in name only, and that the Consolidated Gas Company is the real party in interest."

George B. Cortelyou, President of the Consolidated Gas Company, was unwilling to make any statement as to what return, if any, the city will get from the building of the tunnel in view, he said, of the fact that negotiations in the matter had not yet been completed.

At the office of Shearman & Sterling, counsel for the Consolidated Gas Company, and also for the East River Gas Company, in the present proceedings, John A. Garver, who has been conducting the case, refused to say whether the company expects to pay the city the prescribed 5 per cent. of the returns of gas furnished through the tunnel, or whether an attempt would be made to escape this tax on the ground that the East River company was furnishing the gas not to private or public buildings but to another gas company—the Consolidated.

"We are not going to cross that bridge until we come to it," he said. "The question at present is simply how much damage is going to be done to the submerged property of the city and the State by a hole 200 feet under the river. The next step is to have a commission appointed to assess that damage, and after that is assessed and paid, I presume, the tunnel will be built. To go into what the company may or may not pay the city after that, is both premature and irrelevant, and would only be courting trouble. The city is getting all that it is entitled to under the law, and more.

"The tunnel is of no great value to the company, except in pursuance of a policy long aimed at jointly by the city and it, ever since the Low administration—that is to remove the company's gas plants from Manhattan to Long Island, where it now has the finest plant in the world. If gas can be brought over from there, the plants in this city can ultimately be removed. Nothing is more important to the interests of the city to-day than the quick construction of that tunnel."

Advertisement of
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WHEREVER Fashion holds its "rendezvous," from the great race-meets in England and France to the meets of fleets on the Hudson, you'll spy Soft Hats of *Orkney Tweed* on the modish saunterer. Here they are, the genuine thing, soft, supple, tweakable, and ineffably "smart," with a rakish "gay-dog," devil-may-care air—regularly worth $3—specially priced at

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Our *dollar-fifteen* Glove blushes and cries "Sh! sh!" every time we mention the price. It used to be in the *dollar-fifty* set and winces at its "reduced circumstances." The saving will tickle your palm.

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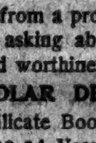

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Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
Broadway at 32nd Street

Still Proud and Delighted
with his handsome set of
Martinolar Teeth

More than a year ago Mr. John B. Coles, President of the N. Y. Silicate Book Slate Co., wrote us:

"I was not only surprised but delighted with the beautiful piece of work on my teeth.

"I had only four back teeth left, couldn't eat solid food, and looked old and wrinkled.

"Come and see me now! Not a wrinkle in my face, and I can eat anything better than I ever did in my life."

LATER:

President Coles's reply to a recent letter from a prominent business man, asking about the "reliability and worthiness" of the

MARTINOLAR DENTISTRY:

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Dear Sir:

Your favor of 9th received. The most perfect piece of work you ever saw in dentistry. Drop in and take a look at my teeth. I know you will be pleased.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) JOHN B. COLES,
President.

This is only one of thousands of surprised and delighted patients whose missing teeth have been replaced and the facial lines restored without the use of clumsy and uncomfortable plate or ordinary bridge work by our exclusive

Martinolar Method

Send for our Free Booklet.

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(INCORPORATED)
Suite 705, 320 Fifth Avenue
(Cor. 32d St.)
NEW YORK, N. Y.

ACCUSE WILLETT OF CONSPIRACY

Continued from Page 1.

the other affidavits in the information. These affidavits, which contain the evidence upon which Mr. De Ford's information is based, were not made public.

The Charge.

The information closes by saying:

William Willett, Joseph Cassidy, Louis T. Walters, Jr., and John McCooey conspired, together with other persons, (a,) to commit the crime of promoting the nomination of William Willett for Justice of the Supreme Court upon the payment of a sum of money by the said Willett; (b) to commit the crime of making the nomination of said Willett upon the payment of a sum of money all in violation of Section 770 of the Penal Law.

That the said Willett, Walters, Cassidy, and McCooey conspired together to promote the election of the said Willett to the office of Supreme Court Justice, especially by means which are prohibited by subdivision 3 of Section 775 of Article 74 of the Penal Law.

That the said Willett, Cassidy, McCooey, and Walters made, tendered, and offered to procure the nomination of Justice of the Supreme Court upon the payment and contribution of a sum of money and upon the promise of payment thereof in violation of subdivision 5, Section 775 of Article 74 of the Penal Law.

Wherefore deponent prays that this court issue subpoenas for witnesses whose names have been mentioned in the memorandum, that this court issue subpoenas duces tecum for the records, books, and papers described in the memorandum to be hereafter handed to the court, and that the court take the testimony of these witnesses and examine these books.

Before drawing up his information De Ford, Ellison, De Witt, and Steinbrink examined W. S. Petit, a Director of the First National Bank of Far Rockaway; W. D. Lewellyn, a Director of the Far Rockaway branch of the Long Island Bank; Jarvis E. Hicks, manager of the Long Island branch of the Corn Exchange Bank; W. W. Gillen, a Director of the Jamaica branch of the Long Island Bank, Andrew McFeigue, a Director of the Jamaica branch of the Long Island Bank, and a messenger from the Bureau of Elections.

How Willett Was Indorsed.

William J. Taylor, one of the committee of three named by the Independence League Judiciary Convention to pick three men to run on that ticket for Supreme Court Justices, said yesterday that Sheriff Thomas M. Quinn of Queens County, a member of the league, picked Willett for the indorsement of his party.

"At the convention held on Oct. 6," said Mr. Taylor, "Sheriff Quinn, Herman N. Hansen, and myself were chosen to select the judiciary candidates for the league. At that time we had agreed upon Hart, Prohibitionist; Callahan, Democratic, and James C. Van Siclen, Republican.

"The following morning we met in Robert Stewart's office in Brooklyn. When Quinn arrived he said: 'We've got to cut out Van Siclen. He has been going around boasting that he could secure the league nomination through Justice Seabury, who you know is opposed to Hearst.' I asked who we could name, and Quinn replied, 'We'll have to name Willett.' At that time we had no knowledge that Willett had any money consideration involved or we would most certainly have exposed the matter at once. The matter of naming Willett was entirely up to Quinn."

ELDER IS SKEPTICAL.

Nothing in Judiciary Charges, He Assures Brooklyn Democrats.

Acting District Attorney Elder of Kings County, who announced on Monday that he had started an inquiry into the judiciary scandal, said yesterday that he had dropped his investigation because the matter had gone to the Queens authorities.

"It would be incongruous to have two investigations," he said. "I am quite willing the proceedings should go ahead in Queens against Willett or anybody else. I would not willingly do anything to embarrass the work of District Attorney De Witt. But they must do something over there. If they have evidence to show a crime they ought to swear out a warrant at once. It would be easy. They pretend to have had this evidence for days, yet they arrest nobody.

Mr. Elder's statement aroused considerable comment among those interested in the investigation. They were astonished last night when Mr. Elder, speaking at a meeting held under the auspices of the Brooklyn Democratic Club, in the Johnston Building, Brooklyn, last night, said:

"At the first hearing in the libel suit the Berri people said they had a case which tended to incriminate certain persons. They said they could show that a crime had been committed. They repeated these statements at the second police court proceedings. But up to to-day they haven't got a warrant. A week has passed since this matter started. If they have proof that a crime has been committed, why don't they go ahead and ask for a warrant and settle the question right now? They don't do it because they need this thing for their campaign.

"After several days of talking and intimation of crime and charges they brought the matter up in Manhattan, although they knew that the Manhattan District Attorney had no jurisdiction whatever in the case. District Attorney Whitman, after twenty-four hours of investigation and deliberation, found this thing to be a farce. He turned it over to the District Attorney of Queens. You can rest assured that if there had been anything in the charges the District Attorney's office in Manhattan would have followed them up.

"The Berri people brought up a silly yarn about three men carrying $10,000 from Queens to Manhattan, one man watching the other and no one being sure who really had the money. Couldn't they find one trustworthy man to bring it to Manhattan? They say that Murphy was subpoenaed. Every man who knows a little about law is aware that if Murphy is one of the men under suspicion he wouldn't have been subpoenaed. Who ever heard of a person under suspicion in such a matter being subpoenaed? I understand that this matter will be taken before Supreme Court Justice Scudder. I know that he will discover in fifty minutes what there is in it and will declare whether it is worth while considering. If the matter had been brought before me I would have obtained a warrant within twenty-four hours if I thought the case warranted it."

Acting District Attorney Elder praised Callahan and Ketcham highly, but failed to make a single reference to Willett.

WIDOW SUES WILLETT FIRM.

Alleges That Money Due Husband's Estate Has Been Withheld.

Mrs. Mary Burns of Far Rockaway began a suit yesterday against the law firm of Willett & Frost, of which William Willett, Jr., is a member, to recover $368.66. The suit was started before Justice Garretson, sitting in the Special Term of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn. Halstead H. Frost, Jr., of the law firm asked for an adjournment, as he had only received the papers in the case yesterday. Justice Garretson put the case over until to-day.

Mrs. Burns is a widow with five children. She asserts that Willett & Frost were attorneys in a partition suit by which her husband obtained a judgment for $12,322.23. She alleges that the lawyers collected the amount for which she is suing as part of the judgment. Her husband died in April last, and Mrs. Burns, who is executrix of his will, says she believes that he never received any of this money.

William Willett, Jr., is associated with his brother, Marinus Willett, and Lawyer Frost. Lawyer John C. Judge acted as counsel for Mrs. Burns in the proceedings yesterday.

PLEADS FOR MRS. McREE.

Counsel Quotes Garland's Grandmother to Show Justification for Killing.

OPELOUSAS, La., Nov. 1.—Submitting his argument for the prosecution at the trial of Mrs. Zoe Runge McRee, accused of the murder of Allan Garland, a Tulane University student, District Attorney Lee Garland, an uncle of Mrs. McRee's victim, to-day declared that the jury could not believe that she shot young Garland "in defense of her honor," because the relations which had long existed between Mrs. McRee and Garland disproved her story.

Mr. Lewis, for the defense, opened his argument with reference to the statement Mrs. McRee made to young Garland's grandmother immediately after the shooting.

"When she told Mrs. Garland that she had shot Allan Garland, the minds of those two women met—joined together by their womanhood—and Mrs. Garland, despite her grief, said: 'Mrs. McRee, every woman has the right to defend her honor.'

"I do not believe you are going to send her to the penitentiary, but if you do you might as well turn her out with a brand of flame upon her brow, saying that, of all the parishes in Louisiana, there is one parish in which a woman might not defend her honor, and that the name of this parish is St. Landry."

The case was expected to go to the jury late to-night.

Judge Pavy announced to-night that he would charge the jury immediately after the convening of court to-morrow morning.

Refuses Divorce for Mrs. Michel.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum refused yesterday to confirm the report of Referee John C. Coleman, recommending a decree of divorce for Mrs. Dulia W. Michel from Hyman Michel, a jeweler. The Michels were married at Sherry's. Justice Greenbaum found that Michel had not defended the action in good faith and that it must be heard in open court.

WOMEN TEACHERS IN A ROW.

Principal Accuses a Subordinate of Hitting Her with a Book.

The question of whether Miss Margaret Connor, a teacher in Public School 24 in Springfield Avenue, Queens, L. I., struck her Principal on the head with a book after spilling a glass of milk over her desk is agitating the ordinarily quiet village as it has never been before. It threatens to start a church war and disrupt the Queens Civic League.

The Principal who says she was struck is Miss Helen T. Dailey, and she has preferred charges against Miss Connor, who is under suspension while awaiting the decision of the Board of Education, which, it is expected, will be handed down in a few days. Meanwhile excitement is at fever heat, and the residents have taken sides, some favoring Miss Dailey, and the others sympathising with Miss Connor and the other teachers of the school, who are all banded against their Principal.

Rumors circulated in connection with the trouble have started feeling between the churches of the place, and even the Queens Civic League, an improvement association, may soon be in trouble because its members have taken sides on the question of who is to blame.

About a year ago Miss Dailey took charge of the Queens school. She is said to have found discipline lax and other things not to her liking. When she started to remedy conditions, her friends say, she incurred the enmity of the teachers, all of whom had been in the school for years.

One of Miss Daily's reforms which was particularly obnoxious to the teachers was the order that several of the teachers should be on duty in the halls and on the school grounds before and after each day's session and during recess to keep the children in order. This meant that some teachers had to reach school earlier and remain later than before. Miss Dailey's friends say that most of the teachers were soon in a state of insubordination.

The climax came several weeks ago. Miss Dailey was eating her luncheon at one of the teacher's desks when one of them, it is said threw a book at her. The book upset a glass of milk, spilling the contents over the desk and her dress. Then she was struck on the head with a heavy book used by teachers to keep a record of class registration. Miss Connor was accused by Miss Dailey of wielding the book and was suspended pending the investigation of the charges.

The Queens Civic League met last night and a committee was instructed to make an investigation of the row.

Foreclose on the Nassau Hotel.

Papers were filed yesterday in the office of the Clerk of Nassau County by Harold Swain, attorney, for the foreclosure of a $700,000 mortgage made by the Nassau Hotel Company, covering the hotel property at Long Beach, to the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, as trustee for the holders of the first mortgage bonds. The amount due on the mortgage is $700,000, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. The Nassau Hotel Company had defaulted in the payment of an installment of interest. The trust company is trustee for the bondholders.

BEN GREET
Lectures and discussion of Shakespeare Plays under personal direction of Ben Greet. Send for booklet and free pass
West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.

RODGERS SOARS HIGH IN 177-MILE FLIGHT

Reaches Maricopa, Ariz., from Willcox, Stopping at Tucson, Scaling High Mountains.

MEETS AVIATOR FOWLER

Rivals Exchange Greetings—Fowler Expects to Resume His Flight Eastward To-day.

SUMMARY OF RODGERS'S COAST-TO-COAST FLIGHT.

Distance covered since leaving New York, 2,780 miles.
Distance still to go, 901 miles.
Started from New York at 4:25 P. M., Sept. 17.
Reached—
Chicago, 1,199 miles.....Oct. 8
Kansas City, Mo., 1,482 miles..Oct. 11
San Antonio, Tex., 1,780 miles..Oct. 22
Sanderson, Tex., 2,060 miles..Oct. 26
Sierra Blanca, 2,291 miles.....Oct. 28
El Paso, 2,381 miles.....Oct. 29
Willcox, Ariz., 2,600 miles....Oct. 31
Maricopa, Ariz., 2,780 miles...Nov. 1
Beats previous world's record by 1,515 miles.
Best previous cross-country record: Harry N. Atwood, St. Louis to New York flight, 1,993 miles.
Best day's flight, 280 miles, from Kansas City, Mo., to Vanita, Okla.

By C. P. RODGERS.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MARICOPA, Ariz., Nov. 1.—I reached here late to-day from Tucson, having covered 177 miles in the day's striking journey from Willcox, where I started at 11:05 A. M., and stopping at Tucson en route. As I found several rollers broken in each one of my chains, which I had to replace, having used up my new chains, I did not get away from Willcox until late. I had to use some of the old links, and it was very slow work. Consequently, I did not leave until 11:00 A. M., Pacific time, or 2:05 Eastern time. I had to climb considerably to keep my elevation, going through Stein's Dragoon Pass, which is at an altitude of 4,351 feet. I had a head wind to buck, which was blowing at the rate of about thirty miles an hour.

When I was within about twenty miles of Tucson, Ariz., I had a quarting wind. After reaching Tucson I flew over the college campus, where the town authorities had asked me to land. After circling over the town, and looking over the campus, I decided it was a poor place to fly from on account of the numerous telegraph wires and trees. As I passed the campus I saw Fowler's machine, in which he had an accident yesterday in trying to leave this place.

I found a good place to land, however, nearby, and made a good one at 12:52 P. M. Fowler came over and greeted me. I met him for the first time. My train arrived shortly after. I took on gasoline and oil. I had a couple of sandwiches for lunch, and did not get away until 2:51. I flew over the station, and noticed that the train was not ready nor the engine even in sight. I thought it strange, as I had given orders to have everything ready and the train to start when I did. I found out afterward that they did not attach the engine until thirty-five minutes after I had left.

There has been great rivalry between Tucson and Phoenix, and the General Passenger Agent probably wanted to keep me at Tucson over night. I have had excellent service up to this time, the trains being always close at hand, and it has usually given me a good run. A couple of days ago I had a very good engineer, who had sworn to outrace me if he could. He admitted he could not succeed, although he took the biggest chances, and certainly made the best time on this railroad.

As he coasted from a very high elevation when he had a long down grade, anywhere from ten to fifteen miles, with very many curves in it, he took a chance and ran by a tank where he should have stopped for water. He had to depend on the momentum of the train to make the next tank. They had taken a caboose with an observation top, from which they could see all the surrounding country. They tell me the conductor turned pale and put on the emergency brake when the engineer nearly whipped the light car off the track, as he was taking the curves so fast.

But he had to do so in order to be sure of reaching the next water tank. I flew on, bound for Maricopa, but the country was not greatly mountainous. I had to fight a head wind all the way. The sun began to get low on the horizon, showing it was time for me to make my stop for the night.

The sun goes down very early out here, and then it is quite dark. The sun set behind the mountains at 4:30, causing me some anxiety, as I could not tell how far I had to go or what kind of place I had to land upon at Maricopa. I arrived just as darkness came, and the moon helped me out. I sighted Maricopa and was glad to see it, as it is very bad flying here on account of the sage brush and the cactus.

I made a good landing in Maricopa at 5 o'clock. I plan to leave here at 5 o'clock to-morrow morning for Phoenix.

C. P. RODGERS.

Route of Rodgers's Flight From Coast to Coast.

Arrows show the distance already completed.

Special to The New York Times.

TUCSON, Ariz., Nov. 1.—Calbraight P. Rodgers, on alighting here at 1:05 P. M. from Willcox, Ariz., which he left at 11:05 A. M., thus making a flight between these two points in two hours, was greeted by his rival in his trans-continental trip, Robert G. Fowler, who has been delayed here affecting repairs to his machine.

Rodgers arrived at 1:05 o'clock, and for ten minutes circled the city before landing, and then chose a landing in a field near the suburbs. Fowler, who arrived Monday, had waited here for Rodgers, was in the observatory of the University of Arizona, from where he had watched Rodgers approach through the big telescope. Fowler was the first man in Tucson to pick out Rodgers with the naked eye.

It was expected that Rodgers would land on the university campus, but owing to the air swirls around the building he was signaled not to alight. Fowler climbed into an automobile driven by William J. Bryan, Jr., and hurried to the field in which Rodgers landed. A crowd of 500 persons witnessed the greeting.

"Glad to see you, Mr. Rodgers," was Fowler's salutation.

"I'm very glad to meet you, Mr. Fowler," was Rodgers's rejoinder. "You've had a lot of hard luck."

"So have you," replied Fowler.

The rivals exchanged their best wishes for each other's success, and Fowler hurried away to push the repairs on his machine. Rodgers, after taking on a supply of gasoline and overhauling his machine, only remained until his special train caught up with him and then rose again at 2:25 and headed for Phoenix, 110 miles away. Fowler will leave shortly after daylight to-morrow morning for El Paso.

Rodgers said he did not break the American record for sustained flight, as reported, on his trip yesterday. He said he stopped in both Deming, N. M., and Lordsburg, Ariz., for gasoline.

Still at Work on Vaniman Airship.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 1.—Test flights of the big airship Akron, which will attempt a journey across the Atlantic Ocean to Europe some time this month, will not be held until Friday or probably Saturday, according to Melvin Vaniman, head of the expedition. Mr. Vaniman and his staff are still working on the eighty horse power engine which will drive one pair of the propellers, and no ascent will be made until everything in connection with the engines and gas bag is in perfect working condition.

CALLS ON DEMOCRATS TO END BOSS RULE

J. Hampden Dougherty Declares for Fusion in Order to Help Democracy in 1912.

WANTS TO CRUSH TAMMANY

William F. Sheehan, on the Other Hand, Brands as Hypocrites All Democrats Against Tammany.

J. Hampden Dougherty, a prominent Democrat, came out yesterday in favor of the Fusion ticket. In a statement issued Mr. Dougherty declared that the "success of the National Democracy in the campaign of 1912 is identified with the success of the Fusion movement this Fall."

A salient feature of the statement made by Mr. Dougherty is his verdict on the proposed New York City Charter, which failed to pass the Legislature because a sufficient number of votes could not be drummed up for it by Tammany Leader Murphy's agents in the Senate.

Mr. Dougherty knows a great deal more about the Charter than most men. He was asked by Mayor Gaynor to go over the Charter bill when it was in its formative stage. Later in a speech before the City Club Mr. Dougherty denounced it. In the statement issued yesterday Mr. Dougherty goes even further. He characterizes the Charter bill as "the most shameless measure ever drafted as a charter for a civilized city."

The statement says in part:

"Progressive Democracy is disgusted with boss rule. It is the duty of the Democratic League to try to end the present intolerable system, which is revolting to the intelligence and conscience of the party. The question whether boss government shall continue in this city and State, with all the evil consequences it is sure to entail, dominates and dwarfs all other issues. The paramount and immediate duty is the destruction of that rule, which is to be accomplished by the election of Fusion candidates to the Legislature.

"Those who consider that the administering of a crushing blow to Tammany requires the defeat of its county ticket may, with clean consciences, vote for the admirable judicial candidates nominated by the Fusionists.

"Far from injuring Democratic fortunes next year independence this year will improve them. Its effect will be salutary, in fact inspiriting, throughout the country. The Democratic Party will gain far more if Murphy is defeated than if his candidates are successful.

"No one familiar with his country's history can deny that the independent vote will be essential to Democratic success next year both in this State and in other States. Should Murphyism succeed this Fall that vote will be repelled; it will resolutely decline to take part in Tammanyizing the entire country.

"The success of the National Democracy in the campaign of 1912 is thus identified with the success of the Fusion movement this Fall. The party will be beaten next year if loaded down with the incubus of Murphyism. Every true friend of the party, every believer in the soundness of its splendid basic principles, will by voting against Tammanyism best promote the party's ultimate success."

William F. Sheehan wrote a letter to Chairman Norman E. Mack of the Democratic State Committee yesterday, in which he branded as hypocrites the Democrats who had come out against the Tammany ticket.

"Various reasons are advanced," wrote Mr. Sheehan, "why the Democratic ticket should not be successful next Tuesday. The Secretary of War, Mr. Stimson, official spokesman for the Taft Administration, urges the election of the Fusion ticket in order that New York may be rescued from Democratic control. Others masquerading as Democrats with credentials forged in darkness and dressed in the habiliments of alleged exclusive righteousness say that the Democratic ticket should be beaten in order that the Democratic Party may be strengthened in the coming Presidential contest.

"One is the straightforward proposition of a Republican without disguise, asking that Democrats be defeated in order that his party and his chief may profit thereby. The other represents the twentieth century's choicest bonbons—humbug and hypocrisy."

FUSION DRAWS THE CROWDS.

Successful Meetings in Districts Where Tammany Found a Frost.

Although all the Fusion mass meetings last night were held in districts which are normally Democratic, they brought out, for the most part, surprisingly large and enthusiastic attendance as compared with the unmistakable and admitted frost of the Tammany meetings on the night before. Fusion, like Tammany, this year is spending little money in red and green fireworks, but, unlike the Tammany meetings, there was usually on hand at each meeting a healthy-looking band to give the voters their cue for cheering. Moreover, at each of the meetings last night the issues—Tammany speakers said on the night before that there were no issues—were clearly defined and hammered upon.

The issues emphasized most were the Tammany Charter, the Levy Election bill, the direct primary vote, and especially the apology of the three Tammany judicial nominees in Brooklyn to Editor Berri of The Standard-Union. The speakers implied that the same Tammany was selling nominations in the same way on this side of the river. Mr. Murphy was made an honorary issue all by himself. A local issue was made on the east side of the Tammany Assemblyman, Max Levine, of the Eighth District, and the licensing of dance halls, in which the speakers tried to show a dangerous menace to the young men and women of the east side.

The largest meeting was in Grand Music Hall, at Grand and Orchard Streets, in a district Democratic by 1,200 last year. Fully 1,800 persons crowded the place to the very doors. Here the speakers advertised were Controller Prendergast, John V. Hopper, Samuel S. Koenig, Benjamin Borowsky, the candidate for Assemblyman; Leo Buchman, candidate for Alderman, and others.

The cheering for Mr. Hopper as he entered was loud and prolonged, the audience rising and cheering him for some time after he reached the platform. The entrance of the two other candidates was greeted with equally loud applause.

Extravagance in the budget and high taxes were made an issue here, with special emphasis on the resultant increase in the price of rent, food, and clothing. Murphyism, it was declared, amid much hissing, was draining the life blood of the city. The Barrett incident was here also utilized, with the direct charge that the same sort of "barter of judicial nominations like goods in a marketplace" was carried on by Tammany in this county, the nominations being sometimes paid for "by the street railway system, a life insurance company, or some rich relative." The fact that Mr. Hopper's announcement that he favored the initiative, referendum, and recall, also evoked much applause.

A second well-attended meeting of about 700, mostly German Yorkville merchants of thrifty appearance, met at the Yorkville Casino on East Eighty-sixth Street in the glare of considerable fireworks and the blare of a loud and shrewdly selected German band. Assistant District Attorney Isidore Wasservogel acted as Chairman, and the speakers were Mr. Hopper, Samuel S. Koenig, John F. Cowan, and Albert Handy. The issues announced here were the Charter, the Levy bill, direct nominations, and the alleged purchase of judicial nominations from Tammany.

"If nominations are bought like merchandise in Brooklyn," said Mr. Wasservogel, "it stands to reason that the same thing is done in Manhattan, for the same Tammany and the same Murphy is in charge here. The honor of the bench is at stake in this election."

There was a smaller meeting of Hungarians at the Ivy Club, 310 East Sixty-fifth Street. Some fifty Hungarian-American voters gathered there to shake the hand of Marcus Braun—who has shaken the hands of two Presidents and many police Captains—and to listen to speeches urging them to vote against their Tammany Assemblyman, Mark Goldberg, and Alderman James J. Nugent.

A small corner meeting was held around a cart at Christopher and Bleecker Streets, where Captains Ortis and Hoffman, and John O'Connor, candidate for Alderman, and John O'Connor, candidate for Assemblyman, addressed about 150 voters.

THE TROUBLE WITH TRUSTS.

Prof. Seager of Columbia Says They Were Permitted to Go Too Far.

Prof. Henry R. Seager of Columbia University spoke in Hamilton Hall yesterday on the situation created by the recent Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust decisions, which he declared "constitute the most important forward step toward a solution of the trust problem that has been taken since the act was passed twenty-one years ago."

Prof. Seager laid the blame for the non-enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law on the Administrations of Harrison, Cleveland, and McKinley, defended the Supreme Court's interpretation of the act in the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust decisions, upholding the rule of reason, and declared himself for "a wise regulative policy" rather than a "policy of oppression and opposition to combinations in business."

"Congress cannot fairly be blamed," said Prof. Seager, "for the failure of its legislation to accomplish more speedily the results aimed at. No one can read the debates on the subject and study the amendments proposed without feeling that the measure as finally passed in 1890 represented the best thought of the ablest men in the Fifty-first Congress concentrated upon the framing of a law that would check the trusts. If any act was ever provided with 'teeth' to insure its enforcement this was certainly the case with the Anti-Trust act. The statute condemned and penalized in the most comprehensive terms the conduct of which the trusts were notoriously guilty.

"Of course, the interpretation of sections of the act presented difficult questions to the courts. At no period, however, has the Supreme Court suggested any doubt as to the validity of the statute, and if any fault is to be found with the early judicial rulings it is that they gave its provisions too broad rather than too narrow an interpretation.

"If neither Congress nor the courts were at fault, responsibility for allowing the Anti-Trust act to remain so long almost a dead letter must be laid at the door of the administrative branch of the Government. That their successive Presidents and five successive Attorneys General were seriously remiss in their duty to enforce this law will now scarcely be denied. The truth is that neither Harrison nor Cleveland nor McKinley was fitted by training or conviction to lead the struggle against the powerful corporate interests opposed to the enforcement of the law.

"The distress and confusion into which the enforcement of this long-neglected statute has thrown the business community call imperatively for further Congressional action. The prohibition of unreasonable combinations in restraint of trade and oppressive monopolies is only part, and that the least difficult part, of a solution of the trust problem. Side by side with it must be developed a policy of wise regulation which will enable the country to enjoy the benefits while it escapes the evils of combination."

GUARD FOR MRS. VERMILYEA.

Police Fear Suicide of Woman Suspected of Poisoning Family.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Mrs. Louise Vermilyea, the widow who is under arrest pending the examination of the vital organs of Arthur Bissonette and who may be asked to explain the deaths of nine other persons, is being closely guarded to-day for fear that she may end her life.

Dr. Joseph Springer announced that all of the organs he had examined were in good condition except the liver and intestines. These, he said, had a greenish tint, which might have been caused by arsenic.

In an investigation of Mrs. Vermilyea's record to substantiate her explanation for the many deaths of persons who had been associated with her, the police learned that at one time when she was in court Mrs. Vermilyea showed a strange mentality and that she had been charged with perjury. It is this fact, it is said, that convinced the police they were warranted in holding her.

Mrs. Mary Mystock, formerly a roomer at the home of Mrs. Vermilyea, gave the police additional information to-day regarding the death of Richard T. Smith, an Illinois Central Railroad conductor, who died at Mrs. Vermilyea's home. She said that last February Mrs. Vermilyea and Smith were gone for three days after which they returned, and both said they had been married.

Mrs. Vermilyea had told the police that Smith was a boarder at her home.

Bissonette was engaged to be married to Miss Lydia Rivard of Kankakee. The policeman's will, in which Miss Rivard was named as his fiancée, was filed to-day. Mrs. Vermilyea was a witness to the will, and the police will endeavor to ascertain whether the widow had shown jealousy of the policeman's intended wife.

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HARDLY A RIPPLE AT TAMMANY RALLY

Even Great Oak Johnson's Eloquence Not Equal to Stirring Up Enthusiasm.

COOPER UNION NOT FILLED

Total of Sixty-two Persons, Including Reporters, in the Hall, Toward the Close.

One of the few attempts made by Tammany Hall to hold a big general meeting during the present campaign took place at Cooper Union last night. It was advertised as a rally of union labor. The workingmen had rallied only to the extent of filling about one-third of the hall when Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson, the principal speaker, was introduced. There were rumors even before the time set for the meeting that it would be called off, but at the last moment apparently it was decided to go ahead.

Mr. Johnson's speech was devoted to an attack on Controller Prendergast, President Mitchel of the Aldermen, and Borough President McAneny. He said they were out nearly every night criticising the Gaynor administration and defending their own.

"One would think," he said, "that this was a city campaign and that they were candidates for re-election. The voter is not called upon to decide whether they are doing right in office or not. We should be thinking about two tickets that are in the field for Justices of the Supreme Court, Surrogate, and Sheriff. The sole issue is between these two tickets. I think we can easily make this selection without the aid of this distinguished trio."

Mr. Johnson said Mr. McAneny had let the pavements get into a wretched condition, and "just here is that member of the saintly triumvirate telling us whom to put on the bench.

"I can hardly think," he went on "that the voters will take it seriously. I think they will not take it any more seriously than the fight against the Charter made in European watering places by the Controller and the President of the Board of Aldermen."

By the time Mr. Johnson had got through the audience had warmed up sufficiently to give him mild applause, and then Congressman Sulzer was introduced. He spoke chiefly of the glory of the working man and the triumph of labor.

At the close of Mr. Sulzer's address about half of the original number in the hall left.

Alexander Rorke, the next speaker, made a savage attack on all the newspapers in New York, and on Mr. Hearst and his publications in particular. A few more left the hall before Frankin Pierce was announced. At the close of his address, there were just sixty-two persons in the hall, including the reporters, but excluding the band and the speakers yet to be heard, of whom there were six. Chairman McCormack announced John S. Crosby as the last speaker, and three more left the hall. This was Mr. Crosby's address in full:

"If you don't vote the Democratic ticket this Fall you need a doctor, not a lawyer. It is my place to pronounce the benediction. May God bless you all. Good night."

Five of the speakers on the programme were not called on.

SUFFRAGISTS TO TOUR STATE

Plan Auto Campaign—Money Pledged for Cause—Roosevelt May Speak.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 1.—Promises of $1,562, headed by one of $500 by Miss Emily Howland of Sherwood, N. Y., were made to-day at the annual meeting of the New York State Women's Suffrage Association for the furtherance of the cause in this State.

A novel plan of campaigning before the convening of the next Legislature was proposed by Mrs. Alexander McCreanis of New York. It provided for an automobile speechmaking tour from Bowling Green, New York City, through the streets of the city and in every hamlet on the way to Albany. Prominent women are to be the speakers.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt is expected at the George Junior Republic at Freeville on Friday, when the suffragists make a trip there, and an effort will be made to induce Col. Roosevelt to speak on the suffrage cause.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine removes cause. Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature. E. W. GROVE. 25c —Adv.

SURE THEY DIDN'T REGISTER.

Democratic Captain Charged with Putting Voters on the Rolls.

Joseph Ether, a City Marshal, and the Democratic Captain of the Fifteenth Election District of the Third Assembly District, who lives at 24 First Street, was before Magistrate Murphy in the Tombs Police Court yesterday charged with registering voters in the Fifteenth Election District without their consent or knowledge. He was released on $2,000 bail for further examination Friday.

The complaint was based on information from John E. Heany, night clerk in a Bowery lodging house, that nine of the names appearing on the registration books were the names of lodgers and former lodgers, and that none of them had registered personally. Ether, he said, gave him $10 for a list of the names of lodgers.

Edward Burns, a lodger, testified that the signature appearing on the books and purporting to be his was not his. Alexander Baird said that he did not register, although his name appears. Edward Hanley, also known as Edward Lewis, says the signature purporting to be his is not his. The other persons whose names appear are not at present living in the lodging house.

Later in the day the four members of the Board of Election in the Ninth District of the Eighth Assembly District appeared before Magistrate Murphy and waived examination. Ether is charged with demanding $1 each from first voters before allowing them to register. They are all out on $1,000 bail each. Normally their cases would come up in Special Sessions, but it is said that the matter will be presented to the Grand Jury at once.

Fifteen warrants charging as many persons with election frauds were issued yesterday.

BROOKS IS OFF ONE TICKET.

But Friends Still Hope to Re-elect Him to the Assembly.

Following the action of Justice McCall of the Supreme Court, upheld by the Appellate Division yesterday, declaring invalid the nomination by the Independence League of Assemblyman Franklin Brooks to succeed himself, the Independence League delegates to the Assembly Convention in that district began last night to circulate a petition calling upon Independence Leaguers and independent Democrats alike to vote for Mr. Brooks.

"Mr. Brooks has proved himself an able, conscientious, and fearless representative of the people of this district, and every good citizen should express his approval of his splendid record in Albany by casting his vote for him to be returned to the Legislature," the petition says.

The action before Justice McCall was commenced by George Schaeffer, the Tammany candidate for Alderman from the district. He contended that the Independence League nomination of Mr. Brooks, who is also the Republican nominee, is invalid because of the error made in not filing with the Board of Elections the oath taken by the Temporary and Permanent Chairman of the convention which nominated Mr. Brooks.

There is little doubt among the friends of Mr. Brooks that he will be re-elected. He has made a good record for himself in the Assembly, and is very popular in his district.

LOSE EASY JOBS IN QUEENS.

Borough President Puts Out 25 Inspectors by Abolishing the Offices.

Twenty-five Corporation Inspectors who have been holding easy jobs and getting from $50, $75, to $100 a month from the various corporations to which they were assigned, received a rude shock yesterday when Maurice E. Connolly, the new Borough President of Queens, not only summarily abolished the sinecures, but was even unkind enough to give out the list of Inspectors for publication. Among the rest was an ex-Alderman, and Grosser's own brother, John Grosser of Glendale, was on the list at $100 a month.

FOR COURT AMENDMENT.

New York County Lawyers' Association Favors its Passage.

It was learned last night that the New York County Lawyers' Association at a meeting held on Monday took action favoring the passage of the proposed Constitutional Amendment, taking away from the Appellate Division the power to designate the time and place for Special Terms of the Supreme Court and to name the Justices who shall preside there.

The proposed amendment is favored by many lawyers, who believe it will do away with favoritism in the appointment of referees and receivers, and lead to the curtailment of the political patronage handed out by the courts.

The Bar Association has come out in opposition to the passage of the proposed amendment, which will appear on the ballot as Amendment No. 3.

COURT CONSTRUES LEVY LAW

Decision Makes Independent Nominations Less Difficult—Election Cases Adjudicated.

In an opinion rendered "per curiam" by the Appellate Division in connection with a decision in an election case yesterday an important point in the Levy Election law was construed. The law provides that only duly registered voters may sign a petition for the nomination of an independent candidate. The court says on this point:

"The intent seems clear that it isn't necessary that the elector signing a certificate of nomination shall at the time of signing such a certificate have been registered, and it will answer the requirements of the statute if before his name is counted he shall have been duly registered."

It is likely that the opinion will be hailed with satisfaction by the independent organizations in this city because of other provisions in the Levy Election law that make independent nominations difficult, and which may be considered in the same light. Under the Levy act independent nominations must be filed on the Monday following the last registration day, which is a Saturday. Should the court have decided that a voter must actually have been registered before signing a petition for an independent candidate it would have afforded the promoters of his candidacy only one day, and that a Sunday, in which to perfect the necessary petition. Under the construction placed on it the time allowance will be as liberal as it was under the old election law.

The Appellate Division rendered its decisions in several election cases last night. An order was affirmed denying to Max Steinert, a would-be independent candidate for Aldermen from the Eighth District, a mandamus to compel the Board of Elections to accept his certificate of nomination. Harry D. Devoe won out against James F. McAvoy, the Republican candidate for Alderman from the Thirty-second District in a contest for the Independence League indorsement.

The name of John P. Gallagher, who was substituted as the Independence League candidate for Alderman from the Sixteenth Aldermanic District after the original candidate had declined the nomination, will go on the ballot.

The independent nomination of Valentine A. Schuts for Alderman in the Tenth Aldermanic District was declared invalid by the Appellate Division on the ground that he had not received the required number of signatures (500) to his petition.

TAFT'S FEAR REAL, SAYS FOSS

Tells Bay State Democrats the Country Is Watching State Elections.

SALEM, Mass., Nov. 1.—In a speech at a rally here to-night Gov. Foss, who is seeking re-election as the Democratic nominee, said:

"This campaign places Massachusetts before the attention of the entire country. She has always led. She is leading now. The whole country is watching to see whether you vote to go ahead or vote to stand pat. This year marks Massachusetts as the birthplace of progressive legislation. A Republican victory would kill every progressive measure we have started and forbid the enactment of any more.

"Do you wonder the country is watching? Do you wonder that President Taft, foreseeing Democratic victory here, predicts his own defeat? Do you want our railroads, our gas and electric light companies, our telephone service, supervised for the benefit of yourselves—the public? Then vote to carry out my measures of reform."

WOMEN'S VOTES WILL DECIDE

Los Angeles Mayoralty Turns on Which Candidate They Support.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 1.—Complete official returns from yesterday's primary show the failure of the Socialists to capture the Mayoralty by a majority vote. Mayor George Alexander, Good Government nominee, and Job Harriman, Socialist, will compete in a two-man contest for the office on Dec. 5.

The returns show the primary vote to have been as follows: Harriman, 20,157; Alexander, 18,790; Mushet, 8,168; Gregory, 327; Becker, 80. Harriman's plurality was 1,367. His vote fell short 4,168 of a majority vote over all, which was necessary for election.

Harriman is one of the lawyers in the defense of the McNamara brothers.

The primary proved only an elimination contest, reducing the ticket from ninety-nine candidates to twenty for the final election on Dec. 5.

The great question that confronts political workers is—what will the women do? The newly enfranchised citizens can muster a voting strength nearly equal to the men. Admittedly they hold the balance of power.

INVESTIGATE ORE REBATES.

Government Agents Say Roads Favored the Steel Corporation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—It transpired to-day that the Inter-State Commerce Commission has been conducting an extended investigation into discriminations and special privileges which are alleged to be made principally in favor of the United States Steel Corporation and some of its subsidiaries, by railroads which transport iron ore from ports on the Great Lakes. Judge Cooley, Joseph Bell Dosser came here for a conference with Commissioner Lane, who has been directing the inquiry.

James McCrea, President of the Pennsylvania; J. H. Reed, President of the Bessemer & Lake Erie; J. H. Clarke, general counsel for the New York, Chicago & St. Louis (Nickel Plate), and Charles F. Daly, Vice President of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, headed the delegation. These four roads are under indictment charged with violating the Elkins law through discriminations in dock charges at Ashtabula and Conneaut, Ohio.

The Government's investigators allege that certain practices and customs in the handling of iron ore at lake docks have the appearance of discrimination in favor of large shippers. They say that certain of the railroads have paid excessive rates to docking companies for handling ore; that the docking companies rebated a portion to Steel companies, and that the whole transaction constituted a violation of the Elkins law.

In the case of the Bessemer, it is alleged that 25 cents a ton was charged for handling ore, and that 17 cents was rebated. The railroad men say the rebates were made to all shippers, large and small alike, because it was found that the ore could be handled much cheaper than at the rate published in the tariffs.

UNVEIL BISHOP POTTER BUST.

Memorial Marble in Transept Niche in Grace Church.

In Grace Church, Broadway and Tenth Street, there was unveiled yesterday morning a marble bust of the late Bishop Potter, given by members of his family and executed by Miss Frances Grimes. It is slightly larger than life size, and was placed in a niche in the northeast corner of the north transept. The niche, by James Renwick, was given by friends of the late Bishop in the parish. The service of dedication was said by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery. Bishop Potter was rector of Grace Parish when elected Bishop of New York in 1883.

$5,000 FOR A WIFE'S LOVE.

Dr. Imrie Settles Out of Court with Husband Who Sued.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 1.—Dr. A. W. Imrie, who was sued by Bert Morrison for $25,000 damages for alienating his wife's affections and who accused his son, Waller, of being the real culprit, paid Morrison $5,000 to-day in settlement of the suit out of court. The fact that his son recently became engaged to marry Mrs. Mary Rookwell Mitchell, a society woman of Chicago, is believed to have caused the settlement.

Mrs. Martha M. Morrison formerly was the wife of a wealthy New York stock broker, who left to her his entire fortune. She came to Detroit three or four years ago and married Morrison. When the Sarah Finney will scandal became public she returned to New York to escape being a witness.

Will Continue "Toilettes."

Judge Holt has approved the offer of Max Jagerhuber to take over the assets of the Toilettes Fashion Company of 238 Fifth Avenue for $35,000 cash, which will be sufficient, it is said, to pay the creditors in full and the expenses of the bankruptcy proceedings, which were commenced against the company on Oct. 17. Judge Holt yesterday adjudicated the company bankrupt and sent the case to Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, as the Judge, it was stated, had not the power to confirm a sale of assets before adjudication. The liabilities are about $27,000. Jagerhuber will continue the publication of the two papers.

Mrs. Keefer Asks for Alimony.

Grace M. Keefer, who is suing David H. Keefer for divorce, applied yesterday to the Supreme Court for an allowance of $200 a month alimony pending the trial of her suit. Keefer was served in the grill room of the Hotel Rector. The Keefers were married in 1906. Mrs. Keefer tells of several co-respondents whom Mr. Keefer is said to have met in June, July, August, September, and October of this year. She says he has an income of $8,000 a year as a lawyer and realty operator, and owns $80,000 in real estate.

Saks'—the accredited centre for auto apparel styles

¶ To the owner, to the auto girl, to the children, to the chauffeur at the wheel, to those who ride in the other fellow's car, to all and sundry who know the wild and fascinating joys of the motor wanderlust, be it known that, at Saks', there are a hundred and one things which we have diligently collected for the comfort and convenience of the auto aristocracy.

¶ A criterion of auto apparel modes, there is a transatlantic sweep to our auto styles. One meets here the newest motor fancies of Paris and London—the last authoritative touches of Europe's designers—the smartest thing in coats—the choicest conceits in auto hoods and hats—the newest novelties in a score of other auto items—and motor innovations galore that we alone are privileged to offer.

¶ This most spacious of auto apparel departments is literally alive with suggestions for those who are debating the desirability of this and that in the miscellany of motor styles, and it is also replete with those standard garments for motor wear which are little affected by fashions.

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HANKOW RETAKEN BY IMPERIAL TROOPS

Chinese War Office Receives Report That the Population Has Been Assassinated.

YUAN MADE PREMIER

His Appointment Expected to be Followed by Negotiations with the Rebels.

PEKING, Nov. 2.—The War Office has received a report that the Imperialist forces have recaptured Hankow and massacred the population.

Before the receipt of this news here it was announced that the appointment of Yuan Shi-Kai to-day as Premier of China would be followed by a cessation of hostilities on the part of the Imperialists and the opening of negotiations with Gen. Li Yuan-Heng, the leader of the revolutionists at Hankow.

An imperial edict providing for important administrative changes also accepts the resignations of the Ministers, but until Yuan Shi-Kai returns to Peking Prince Ching will continue to perform the duties of Premier and the present Cabinet will remain in office. Prince Ching has been made President of the Privy Council and Na-Tung and Hsu Shi-Chang Vice Presidents. Wei Kuang-Tao, formerly Viceroy of Kwang-Tung, becomes Viceroy of Hu-Pe and Hu-Nan Provinces, to which office Yuan Shi-Kai was elevated when he was recently recalled from official banishment to restore the imperial authority in the southern provinces.

In the redistribution of offices the present Minister of War, Gen. Yin-Tchang, who was in supreme command of the imperial troops until he was superseded by Yuan Shi-Kai, is made chief of the General Staff.

This much of the programme hastily constructed by the throne in the hope of appeasing the rebellious Chinese was made effective by an imperial edict promulgated to-day. Earlier in the day a telegram had been received from Yuan Shi-Kai in which he asked that he be appointed acting Premier and set forth his immediate plans for restoring peace.

In Yuan's telegram he said he intended to halt all the Imperial forces and order that all aggressive campaigning against the rebels be stopped at once. Then he proposes to enter without delay into negotiations with Li Yuan-Heng with a view to establishing permanent peace. He plans to make his overtures directly to Gen. Li, and if a personal parley is unobtainable in any other way he will visit the rebel headquarters at Wu-Chang. Yuan's proposals amount practically to a union between the Government and the revolutionists.

To-day's edict accepts the resignations of the Ministers, which were offered after the acquiescence of the Throne in the demands of the National Assembly and the Army League. Reference to Yuan Shi-Kai's future pre-eminence is made as follows:

> When he has arranged matters a little in Hu-Pe Province, let him come to Peking, organize a complete Cabinet, and carry out immediately reforms in politics and all other matters.
>
> Pending Yuan Shi-Kai's arrival, let the former Ministers continue their duties without negligence.

The leaders of the National Assembly met Yuan's close friends to-day and decided that the Government should be required to accept all the demands of the Army League as issued from Luan-Chow on Oct. 29. It was also decided to require the appointment to high offices of Gen. Li Yuen-Heng and Tang Hua-Lung, the rebel Governor of Hu-Pe. It was further decided to forbid the Government to conclude the proposed loan from the Franco-Belgian syndicate, on the ground that the acceptance of the demands will end the revolution, and, accordingly, there will be no need for a loan for the purposes of an army campaign.

All the Ministers attended a secret session of the National Assembly to-day, which it is understood, practically agreed to the demands of the disaffected Luan-Chow troops. A member of the War Board was delegated to confer with the troops and express the Assembly's views.

The Assembly also discussed the proposed loan from a Belgian-French syndicate. The Ministers explained that the loan was needed for the purpose of carrying on field operations. The Assembly thought that there was a good prospect of the termination of hostilities, in which case the loan would not be necessary. It was finally decided to refer the matter by telegraph to Yuan Shi-Kai. A member brought up the question of the Shanghai Taotai's failure to pay the installment of the Boxer indemnity, and a Minister explained that two months' grace, with 4 per cent. interest, had been allowed.

The panic among the people of Peking, which ensued after the promulgation of the first imperial edict, has been largely dispelled, and the newspapers are beginning to sum up the results of the seventeen days' rebellion.

The Daily News considers that the appointment of Yuan Shi-Kai will change the entire political complexion, restore peace, inspire the people with confidence, command the respect of foreign countries, and place the Empire on a sound basis.

Reports received here state that Yun-Nan-Fu, An-King, and several smaller cities in the provinces of Yun-Nan, Ngan-Hwei, and Fu-Kien, have gone over to the revolutionists. The soldiers in North China are avowedly awaiting the action of Yuan Shi-Kai.

The Government troops and the Shan-Si rebels are encamped not far apart. Apparently they do not intend to fight for the present at least.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 1.—The edict appointing Yuan Shi-Kai Premier and his active participation in negotiations with the rebels have considerably cleared the situation. It is evident that the revolutionists throughout the South are awaiting Yuan's word.

While the Government's action has been delayed so long as possibly seriously to affect the negotiations, there is reason to believe that the tone of the edict will appeal to the sentiment of Chinese, and a few days may serve to settle the whole question. A great obstacle, however, is skepticism regarding the sincerity of the administration at Peking.

Yuan Shi-Kai has sent a wireless message to Shanghai instructing the telegraph department to send operators and material for repairs to Hankow, indicating that he expects to have control.

Rear Admiral Murdock, Commander in Chief of the American Asiatic Squadron, is distributing the smaller vessels of the squadron to points where Americans are nervous. He expects to establish wireless communication with Hankow to-morrow.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 2.—A news dispatch from Shanghai says that the rebels have seized Nan-Chang, the capital and chief city of Kiang-Si Province, and are reported to be marching on Nanking.

OPIUM GROWERS' CHANCE.

Planters Take Advantage of Confusion Due to the Revolt.

AMOY, Nov. 1.—Planters here are taking advantage of the confusion arising from revolutionary activities and are raising an unprecedented crop of opium, in defiance of the prohibitory laws.

It appears likely that the authorities will be powerless to mete out punishment for some time to come, and as a result the price of opium on the local market has fallen suddenly from $5,000 to $4,000 per chest.

MADERO IN A TRAIN WRECK.

Is Unhurt—Six Federals and a Maderist Killed in Fight at Torreon.

TORREON, Nov. 1.—The special train on the Mexican Central Railway carrying President-elect Madero and his party from Chihuahua to Mexico City was in a head-on collision with a freight train near Gomez Palacio early to-day. The Madero party escaped unharmed, but the trainmaster of the special, Alberto Sanches, was killed and a coal passer was injured. The locomotives were derailed and the track torn up, delaying the special for four hours.

Six Federals and one Maderist were killed and fifteen Federals were wounded in a street fight here last night. The trouble grew out of an attempt on the part of four Maderist officers, who, it is alleged, had been drinking, to disarm a gendarme. A mob gathered and took the part of the gendarme. Capt. Benjamin Argumedo and the other Maderists were placed in jail, only to be rescued by forty other Maderists, who disarmed the jail guards. Federal soldiers were then summoned, and fighting in the streets began.

The Maderists finally took to the hills and are camping near the city. Gen. Emilio Madero is coming from San Pedro to assume charge of the situation.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 1.—Another messenger from the Mexican capital visited Gen. Reyes to-day. He was José M. Ortiz, a well-known mining man, who was commissioned by Señor Madero to offer to Gen. Reyes a guarantee of peace and any portfolio he might like in the new Cabinet.

Briefly and politely Reyes informed his visitor that he would not go into Mexico until things had quieted down and he had assurances in which he could put faith. He said he had previous guarantees, but had been greatly humiliated, and he did not purpose to repeat his experience.

MAY OUST GERMAN POTASH.

Tageblatt's Comment on Possible Effect of American Discovery.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—The report of the discovery of extensive deposits of potash in America has attracted general attention here, and is commented upon by all the papers.

There is general acceptance of the published view of members of the German syndicate that the report is not of the first importance, even if true, as high freight rates would prevent competition on the eastern American seaboard.

The Tageblatt, however, says that the discovery is the first fruit of Germany's short-sighted policy toward America, and that it will be easy for the United States to manipulate its tariffs so as to exclude German fertilizers now that a home supply is available.

TO MAKE A SPANISH CARDINAL

Archbishop Almaraz of Seville Said to Have Been Chosen.

ROME, Nov. 1.—It is stated that the Pope intends to create Archbishop de Almaraz of Seville a Cardinal. Thus the foreign and Italian Cardinals will be almost equal in number.

The probability of the election of a foreign Pope is increasing, and the chances are said to favor America.

JOEL W. THORNE WEDS IN A PLAZA SUITE

Bride of Oakleigh Thorne's Cousin Is Mary Casey, but Nothing More Is Known About Her.

FOURTEEN PERSONS PRESENT

Supreme Court Justice Goff Officiates —Bridal Couple Off to California for the Winter.

Joel W. Thorne, a member of one of the oldest and wealthies families of this city, was married at the Hotel Plaza yesterday afternoon to Miss Mary Casey. The ceremony was performed by Supreme Court Justice Goff, with fourteen persons, besides the bride and bridegroom, present. It took place in one of the handsomest suites in the hotel on the second floor. The rooms had been decorated for the occasion with evergreens and cut flowers.

Preparations for the wedding had gone on all day. Only the names of those who were to marry had been kept quiet. So closely were the details of the wedding kept, by direction of Mr. Thorne himself, that even after the ceremony few about the hotel knew the identity of the couple. It was especially desired that all news of the wedding should be withheld from the newspapers.

A buffet collation was served after the ceremony, and after the guests had extended their congratulations and good wishes to the couple Mr. and Mrs. Thorne took the train for Pasadena and Los Angeles, Cal., where, Mr. Thorne told his guests, they expect to spend the Winter.

As far as could be learned last night, few members of Mr. Thorne's family were aware of the wedding and fewer attended it. He is a son of Samuel Thorne of 8 East Fifty-first Street, and Lenox, Mass. Samuel Thorne, when asked over the telephone last night at Lenox about his son's wedding, had nothing to say about it.

Samuel Thorne, a brother of Joel, could not be reached. He is living at Harrison, N. Y., but was believed to be in town. Mrs. Samuel Thorne declined to talk about the wedding.

Oakleigh Thorne, the banker, who is a cousin of the bridegroom, is out of town.

Miss Casey was said at the hotel to be a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Casey of East Thirty-first Street. The City Directory does not reveal a John W. Casey living in East Thirty-first Street.

Joel Thorne has long been a well-known figure in society and club life in this city. He is a member of the Metropolitan, Downtown, and Railway Clubs and of the Society of Colonial Wars and the Sons of the American Revolution. His family has lived on Long Island and in this city since 1845. His first American ancestor, William Thorne, having been one of the patentees of Flushing, L. I. His mother was Miss Phebe Van Schoonhoven, daughter of William Van Schoonhoven of Troy, N. Y.

Mr. Thorne's brothers are Edwin Thorne, President of the Polar Construction Company; William Van S. Thorne, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, and Samuel Thorne, Jr. He has also one sister, Margaret B. Thorne.

AIRMAN DROPS BOMBS ON TURKISH TROOPS

Continued from Page 1.

are in the Adriatic, off the Italian coast, and Ustica is off the north coast of Sicily. To these points have been brought several thousand Arab prisoners, the greater number of those captured. On the voyage some of the prisoners died after exhibiting symptoms of cholera. To guard against an epidemic thorough precautions were taken as soon as the prisoners were landed, and medical surveillance continues.

CHIASSO, Nov. 1.—With a view to bringing the war with Turkey quickly to an end, the Italian Cabinet has decided that the Porte must either accept peace immediately or lose more territory.

This means that some of Turkey's valuable island possessions in the Mediterranean will be seized unless she submits to her fate.

This decision was reached at a series of secret conferences on Monday, between Rear Admiral Aubry and members of the Cabinet. Admiral Aubry arrived in Rome secretly on Monday morning. Lengthy interviews with the Premier and the Ministers of War, the Navy, and Foreign Affairs followed. Definite arrangements were made for sending the Italian fleet into action against Turkey's Mediterranean possessions.

It is understood that the new plans will be acted upon as soon as the Marquis di San Giuliano, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, can reach the necessary understanding with the interested powers. It is expected that Italy will continue to spare the Albanian coast in order to avoid complications.

Turks Hear of Successes.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 1.—The Chamber to-day loudly cheered the reading of a telegram from the Deputy from Tripoli, Suleiman el Baruni, who commands the Arab volunteers. The telegram was dated Oct. 28, and said:

> I reached the coast accompanied by the volunteers on Oct. 26 and delivered a formidable assault upon the enemy, who were driven out from their entrenched positions. To-day I am marching on Tripoli. Thanks to Divine assistance, I shall enter the town.

Later the Chamber rejected a proposed request that the Government keep Parliament informed on the developments of the war.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Turkey is trying to enlist the services of Germany to obtain the release of fifty pupils of the Preparatory Military School at Tripoli.

When the Italians took possession of the city they captured these boys, who are between the ages of 10 and 12 years. The boys were treated as prisoners of war and sent to Italy.

The Turkish Government now asks Germany to ascertain the boys' whereabouts and to endeavor to have them sent back to their homes. The school, it appears, is only nominally a military institution. It is in reality an ordinary school with military drill.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The Italian Government in an official dispatch to its Embassy at Washington to-day denied reports of Turkish victories in the vicinity of Tripoli. The cablegram was given out by Count Negrotto, the Chargé d'Affaires. It read:

> We have been victorious in all the battles on sea and land, without any exception. We have occupied, overwhelming the resistance of the enemy and putting them to flight, Tripoli, Bengazi, Derna, Homs, and Tobruk. We have everywhere repelled their attacks, inflicting on them heavy losses and capturing flags and cannon.
>
> After our last victories, on Oct. 26 at Tripoli and Homs, no other battle has taken place.

The cablegram was signed by the Marquis di San Giuliano, the Foreign Minister.

FATAL WAR RIOT IN EGYPT.

Shots Exchanged Between Natives and Europeans in Alexandria.

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 1.—Reports of Turkish victories at Tripoli were echoed here last night in a tumult that at one time threatened to be serious. The natives turned out in thousands, calling upon Allah to "confound the infidels."

Shots were exchanged between Moslems and Europeans. One native was killed and fourteen others were wounded before the police had suppressed the rioting.

Scores of arrests were made.

Dr. Hill Arrives from Germany.

Dr. David Jayne Hill, ex-United States Ambassador to Germany, arrived yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm, and will spend the Winter at his home in Rochester after a visit to Washington. Dr. Hill said that he intended to complete the first two volumes of his memoirs at home, and then go to Paris to write the third volume, which would deal with European politics.

BIGOTRY OUSTED LAURIER?

Lemieux Charges Defeat to Father Vaughan's Attack on Protestants.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Nov. 1.—A startling explanation of the defeat of reciprocity was furnished the Canadian public to-day, when, in bold display type, leading journals throughout the country announced, on the authority of Rodolph Lemieux, former Minister of Marine, Fisheries, and Naval Affairs, that the defeat of the Laurier Government was due, not to anti-reciprocity sentiment, but to sermons preached by Father Vaughan at the Eucharistic Congress in Montreal last Summer, when he denounced the Protestant faith as a soulless religion.

From any source other than Mr. Lemieux this statement would have no weight. But coming from him, Sir Wilfrid Laurier's right-hand man in the recent campaign, it arouses a wide range of comment.

"The indiscreet, unwise, and imprudent sermons of Father Vaughan," declared Mr. Lemieux in his speech at Montreal last night, "were responsible for the stirring up of that sweeping tide of religious prejudice which turned Ontario and therefore Canada against us."

Mr. Lemieux also stated that the presence of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and some of his Cabinet Ministers at the Eucharistic Congress was also a factor. The ex-Minister declared that reciprocity was by no means defeated, but only temporarily submerged by a popular tide of prejudice, and that the Liberal Party would cling to reciprocity and place it before the people again. He declared amid thundering applause from ten thousand people that the agreement would yet be indorsed by the sobered Canadian electorate.

LONDON TRACTION COMBINE.

Amalgamation of Subway System and Omnibus Company Arranged.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The amalgamation of London's electric tubes and railroads and the London General Omnibus Company has been practically agreed upon, according to The Evening Standard.

Much American money is invested in the railroads, which were reorganized to a large extent by the late Charles T. Yerkes. The omnibus company has practically a monopoly of the London Street traffic.

The combined capital of the undertakings is roughly estimated at $165,000,000. A new company, The Evening Standard says, will be formed to carry out the fusion.

To Louisville
New, Fast Through Service
Southwestern Limited
All-steel equipment—Electric lighted
And Nashville
Through Sleeping Car Service
Lv. New York 4.00 p.m. daily
Ar. Louisville 2.45 p.m. next day
Ar. Nashville 9.35 p.m. next day
Water Level Route
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES
You Can Sleep

Manufacturers Wholesalers
Want to save $5,000 on cartage, $5,000 on insurance, $3,000 on labor and get RENT FREE?
Write and ask us "HOW"?
Bush Terminal Co.
100 Broad Street, New York City.

OLD CROW RYE
"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
FAST TRAINS TO
Philadelphia
(1 HOUR AND 50 MINUTES.)
HAVE PROVEN SO POPULAR that the DINING CAR SERVICE DE LUXE, which has met with such warm appreciation from its patrons, has been increased by a diner on 11 A. M. train.
THE ON TIME ROAD
Dining Car Service
Is Now Operated
On 7 and 8 A. M., 11 A. M., 12 Noon, 1 P. M., 5 and 6 P. M. Trains
A FAST TRAIN "EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR," 7 A. M., to 10 P. M., and at midnight with sleepers FROM LIBERTY ST. 10 MINUTES OF THE HOUR FROM W. 23D ST.
HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—NO TUNNELS
YOUR WATCH IS — New Jersey Central — YOUR TIME TABLE

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J.B.GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.
MAIN BUILDING
You Make No Mistake When You Select
The Kirchhoff Piano at $225
Whether you want one for your own home or to present to some one, it's an equally sensible selection.
It possesses that sweet, inspiring tone that is so much admired by the finished musician—and that thorough and conscientious construction so essential to the long life and satisfactory service of any piano.
Sold on terms of
$5 Down and payments to suit your convenience.
There is no extra charge for delivery and no interest on deferred payments.
And a stool and cover go with each instrument.
The Caldwell 88-Note Player-Piano at - - - $375
is emphatically an honest instrument, with ALL that that word implies. It is honestly built, honestly advertised, and will give honest SERVICE. It is built expressly for The Big Store, and cannot be obtained ANYWHERE ELSE.
At Its Price, It's a WONDER!
Terms: $15 Down and $10 a Month
The price includes bench, cover and 8 rolls of music.
(MAIN Building, Fourth Floor.)
It Costs YOU Nothing to Vote for Our Donation of
$30,000 to Charity
WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money.
Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.
Smith Gray & Co.
1845 TWO-THIRDS OF A CENTURY ANNIVERSARY 1911
IN all clothing history no one progressive step has ever meant so much to you as this we celebrate to-day—the achievement of hundred per cent. productive efficiency.
Through it, a new era of values is brought into being—the first intrinsic clothing values are created and a quality is attained at prices that under any other productive condition could not be.
IN suits you may choose from all the correct English models, as well as all the smart, distinctive Smith Gray & Co. designs, in complete assortments, for men, young men and boys.
Included are the finer, more correct and exclusive velours, worsted cheviots, clear and mill finished worsteds, serges and tweeds, from the more famous English, Scotch, German, Belgium and American mills, in all the new grays, browns, blues, olives and dark mixture effects.
IN medium and heavyweight overcoats you may choose from meltons, velours, worsted cheviots, vicunas, kerseys and tweeds; also from the finest heavy milled and thick, warm, fluffy, warmth-without-weight fabrics. There are overcoats for every service, in every shade and color, from the dignified, dressy silk-lined black and Oxford to the big Scotch or English plaid and club check and plain back motor or convertible collar coats—in all sizes, in models of every description, for men, young men and boys.
Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 20.00 and 22.50 values 15.50
Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 22.50 and 25.00 values 18.50
Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 27.50 and 30.00 values 22.50
Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 32.50 and 35.00 values 27.50
Here Are Extra Special Values in Suits and Overcoats.
18.00, 20.00 and 22.50 Winter Suits and Overcoats, in broken sizes for men, young men and boys. Your size is here, but not in all styles 12.50
25.00, 30.00 and 32.50 Suits in broken sizes, in worsted cheviots, in exclusive designs; in English and regular models, all sizes here, missing sizes in some styles 16.50
Clearance of All Medium and Lightweight Imported English Overcoats and Rain Coats
Here in complete assortment are Winchesters, Raglans, Chester Raglans, Whitehall Chesterfields, with belted backs and slip-overs —all master tailored by the best tailors of old England.
Irish, Scotch and English coverts, vicunas, tweeds, hand-made Harris, Shetland and Donegal tweeds; also rain-repelling Garbinetts and Gabardines. Heretofore the prices have been 40.00, 45.00 and 50.00, now 26.00
Boys' Suits & Overcoats---Underprice
13.50 to 15.00 value overcoats... 10.00
15.00 to 18.00 value overcoats... 13.50
Here is our entire surplus boys' overcoating yardage, in the season's newer and most favored designs, cut on our new smart convertible collar, double-breasted models. In new grays, browns and olives, in plain weaves, overplaids and London Club check, together with a number of plaid back designs in warmth without weight fabrics.
Norfolk and double breasted blue serge suits, regular value 7.50... 5.50
Norfolk and double breasted suits, in all the new Fall shades of brown and gray velours and tweeds. Values up to 12.50... 7.50
Furnishings--Underprice
GLOVES—made of selected cape, silk sewn, in all the more desirable shades of tan, reg. value 1.50.. 1.00
FALL SHIRTS—in many new patterns and color effects—plain and pleated, coat models, values to 1.50.. 85c
FALL SHIRTS—made especially for this anniversary offering; excellent fabrics in new designs and color schemes, coat model, plain and pleated, in all sizes and sleeve lengths, values 1.50 to 2.00... 1.15
PAJAMAS—from a famous maker, fabrics include genuine "Soisette," imported and domestic madras, regular 2.50 values... 95c
Fall Hats---Underprice
FRENCH SOFT HATS—Here, in comprehensive assortments from makers whose names spell standard, are the world's finest foreign soft hats,—excelling in lightness of weight and clearness of color any soft hats made,—all are taken from our regular stock and are standard 4.00 and 5.00 values... 2.35
DERBIES AND SOFT HATS in complete assortment in all the new Fall and Winter blocks,—the major portion of which, viewed from any standpoint, are full 3.00 values,—the balance are travellers' samples from famous makers and a few contain some slight but unnoticeable imperfections. Values 5.00, 4.00 and 3.00... 1.75
Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Your Charge Account Is Solicited.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Smith Gray & Co.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

CUMMINS ATTACKS TRUST FUND CHARGE

His Counsel Promises to Prove None of the $140,000 Was Stolen.

INVESTED AS BY AGREEMENT

Trust Officer of Loaning Bank Testifies in Support of These Contentions of the Defense.

Max D. Steuer, counsel for William J. Cummins, accused of the larceny of $140,000, made the opening address for the defense yesterday. That defense, he said, would not be that J. P. Morgan & Co. were engaged in a conspiracy to bankrupt Cummins, or that Jordan J. Rollins proved a traitor, or that Clark Williams had misbehaved as State Superintendent of Banks, but that not a cent of the $140,000 was stolen by Cummins.

To show that Cummins was not the financial adventurer he had been pictured by the prosecution, Mr. Steuer told of his career in Nashville, where he organized the "Cummins-Bennett Company, which had been described as a "paper" company. During the 25 years it was in existence, said Mr. Steuer, it had never paid Cummins less than $10,000 a year and sometimes as much as $50,000. Later he organized a stockyards and packing company.

"When Cummins came to New York," he went on, "it was in connection with a contract between certain fertilizer interests and the Tennessee Copper Company, owned by the Lewisohns. The combination had agreed to pay the Lewisohns $5,000,000 for certain of its product for a term of years. Cummins became the agent of the fertilizer people and was to receive the difference between the $5,000,000 and any sum to which he could get it reduced. He scaled it down to $3,500,000. He was also to get $500,000 from the Lewisohns and 25 per cent. of the various payments by the fertilizer people to the Lewisohns.

"The contract finally got into the hands of J. P. Morgan & Co. and H. P. Davison, seeing that Cummins was about to make $2,000,000 out of the deal, sent for him and told him he would have to take $250,000 from the fertilizer people instead of the $1,500,000, or he would be put out of business. Cummins told this to Clark Williams and Jordan Rollins and they told him to stand fast. Rollins was to get a fee of $50,000 and Williams was to get 25 per cent. of all over $750,000 received by Cummins. Later they threw Cummins over and the Carnegie Trust Company was closed. Clark Williams ceased to be Superintendent of Banks in November, 1910, and Mr. Cheney succeeded him, but Williams continued to be Superintendent in reality."

Mr. Steuer then told of the plan to consolidate the Carnegie Trust Company, Van Norden Trust Company, Twelfth and Nineteenth Ward Banks, with Clark Williams as President and Rollins as counsel.

"On April 2, 1910," he said, "just twenty-one days before this alleged theft the men interested in this consolidation met at dinner. After dinner they went to Rollins's apartments and Clark Williams stated the names of those who would constitute his Executive Committee. He also fixed his own salary at $25,000 a year, and that of Rollins at $10,000.

Mr. Steuer next took up the loans made by the uptown banks in the combination on notes of Cummins, Reichmann, Cushdon and others, the proceeds of which Cummins is accused of stealing. The prosecution has contended that this money constituted a trust fund in the hands of the Carnegie Trust Company. Mr. Steuer said he would show that the trust officer of the Van Norden Trust Company never knew of the alleged trust fund.

"Cummins knew what was to be done with the money," he declared. "He was to do it and the money was to go to him to do it with."

The first witness called for the defense testified to the good character and reputation of Cummins. They were John Allison, former Secretary of State of Tennessee; Charles W. Hillard, Vice President of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad; Lee Brock, Referee in Bankruptcy in the Middle District of Tennessee; George J. Tompkins, wholesale grocer; Major Andrew W. Wills, Postmaster of Nashville; W. A. Jones, Secretary of the American Linseed Company; W. T. Bryant, former Justice of the Court of Appeals and former President of the State River Commission of Tennessee, and Bernard H. Martin, manager of the credit department of the American Sugar Refining Company.

William W. Robinson, who was Secretary of the Van Norden Trust Company, which put up part of the money, testified that he attended the meeting of Directors at which the loans was authorized and heard nothing of a trust fund.

Joseph B. Reichmann, who was President of the Carnegie Trust Company, was then called. He told of the meeting of the Van Norden Trust Company Directors at which were authorized the loans, the proceeds of which went into the alleged trust fund.

"At the meeting," he said, "it was pointed out that C. C. Dickinson was making trouble for us and was trying to force the purchase of stock by us. We found it would take $500,000 to protect the situation. We said the uptown banks should put up the money and we would give our notes. It was apparent that if one of the four banks went down, the others might, and a wide-spread panic might be started. I said I didn't want to be charged with the suicides and disasters that might follow, that I would rather lose my own life.

Nothing was said at the meeting to the effect that the money raised should be used exclusively to take up loans of the Van Nordens. At a meeting of the four makers of the notes—Condon, Moore, Cummins and myself—which I think was held the same day, Cummins asked if it would be satisfactory to have Mr. Lynam hold the Carnegie and other stock after it had been released by the payment of the old loans. This was agreed to and the securities were subsequently turned over to Lynam."

The purpose of the defense in bringing out these points was to combat the theory of the prosecution that the money was raised specifically to take up loans of the Van Nordens, which were secured by stock of the Twelfth and Nineteenth Ward Banks, and that instead of this Cummins used it to take up other loans secured by Carnegie Trust stock. The prosecution also contends that Cummins used the stock so obtained to serve his own ends, while the defense contends that it was all deposited with Lynam by agreement.

Mr. Reichmann was also asked about the Platt Iron Works, which was bought by Cummins and of which Reichmann became President. It has been referred to as one of "Cummins's paper companies." Mr. Reichmann said it was at the present time operating to its full capacity and employing 750 men. His examination will be continued to-day.

WOMAN LOCKED IN BOX CAR.

Beaten, Bound, Gagged, and Robbed Near Her Home by Highwaymen.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nov. 1.—Suffering from shock and exposure Mrs. Walter Drury, 22 years old, wife of the butler in the home of former State Senator Newbold, in the Hyde Park Road, two miles north of this city, lies in a serious condition as a result of being robbed, drugged, gagged, and thrown by highwaymen into a box car last night. Her purse, containing money and jewelry, was taken by the robbers.

Thomas J. Newbold, son of the former Senator, and a posse of officers spent the entire day beating through the woods and searching the neighborhood for the highwaymen. No trace of them could be found, and it is believed that they escaped on a freight train.

Mrs. Drury came to Poughkeepsie yesterday afternoon, and in the early evening returned on a trolley car to the Newbold estate. She was walking to her home when two men attacked her. One threw his arms about her, covering her mouth to stifle her screams. The other grabbed her handbag and tore off the jewelry she wore.

Mrs. Drury says a handkerchief saturated with a liquid with a peculiar odor was pressed against her nostrils and she lost consciousness. The next she remembers was lying in a box car with a gag in her mouth. The door was closed, but she opened it and found she was about a mile from the Newbold estate.

Young Newbold, who had been out nearly all night searching for her with Chief of Police McCabe, Sheriff Townsend, and Under Sheriff Hornbeck, notified these officials she was safe, and they, with other deputies, searched all day for the highwaymen.

FIND 143 BOGUS $10 NOTES.

Prisoner Draws Map Showing Tree Under Which He Buried Them.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—A package containing 143 counterfeit ten-dollar banknotes was found buried beneath a tree on an island in Jackson Park to-day by Capt. Thomas I. Porter of the United States Secret Service. The bills were recovered after a confession from Albert Leon, arrested in New York two weeks ago, and brought here last Saturday. Leon was said to be a Russian political refugee, and the head of a successful counterfeiting outfit. The notes are believed by Capt. Porter to be the last of their kind unaccounted for.

For months bills of this denomination have been circulated in the West. They were made, according to Capt. Porter, in a log cabin at Nootka Island, off the coast of British Columbia. Rudolph Swanson and Fred Maineck were the first members of the crowd arrested. Leon evaded the Secret Service men for some time, but was taken just as he was about to board a boat for Europe. After being questioned for two days he confessed to burying the money, and drew a map of where it could be found. The notes were on Buffalo banks, the National Bank of Tyrone, Penn.; the First National Bank of Williamsport, Penn., and several on Western banks.

NEW RICHESON WITNESSES.

Druggist and Wife Say Avis Linnell Tried to Buy Poison Oct. 1.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Women witnesses in the case of the Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, indicted for the murder by poison of Avis Linnell, are being discovered daily, but their evidence does not withstand police investigation.

Eugene Levitan, a registered pharmacist, and his wife, formerly kept a pharmacy at 50 Boylston Street, Cambridge. Both are positive that a girl who bought the chemical about Oct. 1 was Avis Linnell, and Mrs. Levitan says that she is certain that Richeson tried to buy cyanide of potassium while she was in charge of the store during her husband's absence.

Philip R. Dunbar, counsel for Richeson, said to-day:

"Any statement to the effect that Mr. Edmands has ceased to have faith in Mr. Richeson is absolutely false. Mr. Edmands still retains absolute confidence in the integrity and innocence of Mr. Richeson."

H. H. Smith's Estate Left to Widow.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 1.—By the terms of the will of Henry H. Smith of New York City, who died in July, his $117,000 estate is left to the widow, Maria Smith. The will was probated here to-day.

LAMB THE CHEAPEST IN MANY YEARS

If Your Butcher Isn't Charging You Less He Is Not Dealing Squarely.

POULTRY IS DOWN ALSO

Beef, However, Is Still Scarce, with the Big Wholesalers Dictating Prices to the Retailers.

Dealers in Washington Market reported yesterday that not in ten years, or perhaps in twenty, have sheep and lambs been so plentiful and cheap as they are at present. This does not mean that a poor quality of mutton or of lamb is cheap, but that the pick of the market, the best that comes to New York from Canada and the Northwestern States, which means the best that is produced, can now be bought at the markets and at the corner butcher's, if the butchers are dealing squarely with their customers, at from 2 to 4 cents less than in many years.

Inquiry among the retailers was made yesterday by a TIMES reporter on receipt by THE TIMES of this letter:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg to inform you that sheep and lambs, both live and dressed, are now and have been for some time very plentiful and cheap, the lowest at wholesale now in about twenty years.

Owing to a scarcity of hay and fodder, stockmen are selling out freely rather than pay high prices for feed to carry their stock through the Winter. It is notable that whenever wholesale prices drop the retail butchers are silent, but as soon as there is a slight rise they lose no time in telling the public, and especially the newspapers, of the advance.

Now, may I suggest that, in the consumers' interest, you post your readers? The local slaughter houses are running to about their full capacity. Pork is some lower also, but beef is still high. Best "city-dressed" lambs are 6 to 10½ cents wholesale, while Western stock (dressed) is lower by 1 to 2 cents.

J. H. NELSON.

Oct. 31, 1911.

P. S.—Many people do not know that sheep are free from tuberculosis, while from 1 to 2 per cent. of fat cattle and hogs are tuberculous.

Koelsch Brothers, one of the largest meat dealers in Washington market, agreed with Mr. Nelson's statement and gave these present quotations for best-grade lamb as compared with quotations of several months ago:

	Present Price. Cents.	Former Price. Cents.
Leg of lamb	15	22
Lamb chops	25	35
Forequarter	14	18
Rack of lamb	24	30

Koelsch Brothers do not handle sheep, but elsewhere it was declared that the prices were much lower than they had been in years past. These are present quotations for other meats, all best quality:

	Cents.
Steaks—	
Porterhouse	28
Sirloin	*24
Round	22
Prime roast	*24
Pot roast	20
Veal roasts	25
Veal cutlets	25
Veal chops	25
Shoulder of veal	18
Breast of veal	15

*Up 2 cents.

Here are yesterday's wholesale quotations on meats, showing the wide margin between the prices at which the jobber buys and the consumer pays:

Live veal calves, prime, per 100 lbs.	$9.75@	$10.00
Live veal calves, fair to good, per 100 lbs.	8.50@	9.50
Live veal calves, common to medium	6.00@	8.25
Live veal calves, culls, per 100 lbs.	4.50@	5.50
Live fed calves, per 100 lbs.	4.25@	4.75
Live grass calves, per 100 lbs.	3.50@	4.25
Live calves, Western and Southern, per 100 lbs.	4.50@	6.50
Country dressed veal calves, prime, per lb.	.13@	.13½
Country dressed veal calves, fair to good, lb.	.12@	.12½
Country dressed veal calves, common, lb.	.09@	.11¼
Country dressed buttermilks and grassers	.07@	.08
Live lambs, prime, per 100 lbs.	5.75@	6.00
Live lambs, common to good, per 100 lbs.	4.75@	5.50
Live lambs, culls, per 100 lbs.	4.00@	4.50
Live sheep, common to prime, per 100 lbs.	2.00@	3.50
Live sheep, culls, per 100 lbs.	1.50@	1.75
Live hogs, per 100 lbs.	6.40@	6.70
Live hogs, roughs, per 100 lbs.	5.40@	5.70
Country dressed roasting pigs, 10 to 15 lbs.	.11@	.12½
Country dressed roasting pigs, 16 to 25 lbs.	@	.10
Country dressed pork, light weights	.09@	.09½
Country dressed pork, medium weights	.08@	.08½
Country dressed pork, heavy	.07@	.07½

The higher class butchers in Washington Market say that they have never known such a scarcity in beef and such high prices. Some of them said that the best porterhouse steaks were so scarce that they no longer sell to strangers at any price. All such steaks that they can get must be held, they say, for their regular customers. They do not know why beef is so high or lamb so cheap. They also declare that they are no longer butchers, but simply handlers or selling agents for the Meat Trusts, and must take what the Meat Trusts are willing to sell them and at the trusts' prices. When they buy at wholesale they buy much fat as well as some parts of the animal which are unsalable to the ordinary consumer. Such byproducts are repurchased by the trusts, not at the butchers' prices, but at what the trusts choose to pay.

"There is perhaps not a butcher, or, rather, selling agent, for we are butchers no longer, in Washington Market who wouldn't be delighted to get into some other business if he knew he could make a living in it," said a representative of Koelsch Brothers.

Good news comes also from the poultry markets, where for dressed poultry the prices are said to be the lowest since 1907. Turkeys were plentiful at 25 cents a pound and chickens at 20 cents in Washington Market, with varying prices uptown as one bought on Eighth, Sixth, or Madison Avenue. The dissolution of the Poultry Trust, resulting in sentencing several of the more prominent members of it to Blackwell's Island, received credit yesterday for saving to the consumers more than $4,000,000 a year in live poultry.

This comparison was made yesterday by William Grant Brown, a lawyer of 160 Broadway, who is engaged in a suit against some of the trust members:

1911—Week Ended Oct. 28. (Trust Crippled.)

Receipts live poultry—	
Freight, 100 cars	$1,600,000
Expense, 20 cars (estimated)	400,000
Total	$2,000,000
Wholesale price, 12c.	$240,000
Retail price, (single chicken,) 14c.	280,000
Gross profit	$40,000

1909—Corresponding Week. (Trust in Full Sway.)

Receipts live poultry	$2,000,000
Wholesale price	240,000
Charged by jobbers to slaughterhouses, 15c.	300,000
Retail price, (single chicken,) 25c.	420,000
Gross profit	$120,000

Excess squeezed from consumers in one week, $80,000.

Excess squeezed from consumers of live poultry alone in one year, $4,160,000.

While it was thought a little early yet to begin to talk about Thanksgiving turkeys, poultry dealers said that, from all they could learn, the supply of turkeys was large and that the price would remain in the neighborhood of 22 and 30 cents.

FREED TO SEE DYING MOTHER

Kinswomen of Slayer's Victim Join Appeal for His Parole.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 1.—Ernest H. Wolf, paroled from the Missouri Penitentiary that he might visit the bedside of his dying mother, obtained his liberty today at the request of the mother and three sisters of the man he murdered four years ago.

James Smothers, the murdered man, was an intimate friend of Wolf. They went on a fishing trip, in the course of which a trivial quarrel led to the killing.

Smothers's mother and sisters are acquaintances of Wolf's mother, who is very ill. In a letter to Gov. Hadley the four women said they felt it their duty to assure for the mother of the convicted man what happiness they could for her few remaining days.

WIDOWS GET FIRE FUND.

Court Orders $220,000 Given to Dependents of Stockyards Victims.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—The fund of $220,000 raised by citizens of Chicago for the benefit of dependents of the nineteen firemen who lost their lives in the stockyards fire a year ago will be distributed at once.

The committee having charge of the fund wanted to invest it in securities and give the income to the beneficiaries, but the latter got a court order requiring the distribution of the money. Yesterday an agreement was reached which will result in closing up the matter.

Mrs. Margaret Horan, widow of Fire Marshal Horan, will receive $17,000 of the fund, and Mrs. Helen Burroughs, widow of Lieut. Burroughs, will be given $11,000. The other widows and the two mothers will receive an average of $6,000 each. Each one of the thirty-five children will receive about $2,000.

KILLED AFTER SHOOTING TWO

Crazed Negro Mortally Wounds Patrolman and Clubs Crowd.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1.—Two patrolmen were mortally wounded and several persons hurt when an unidentified negro ran wild on an Algiers ferryboat this forenoon.

As the boat came alongside the Algiers landing the negro appeared on deck and declared he was "going to get a white man," whereupon he began firing.

Two patrolmen—George A. Russell and Joseph La Costa—interfered and they were shot down. Immediately a crowd closed in on the negro. The chambers of his revolvers were empty, and, not having a chance to reload, the negro used the guns as clubs, wounding several of the crowd that closed about him.

In the midst of the fight more policemen arrived. They killed the negro.

SPINSTER REVELED IN SIGNING CHECKS

Witness Says Miss Van Den Heuvel Clapped Her Hands Gleefully at the Prospect.

SHE SANG TO HER PARROT

Got Tunes and Words Mixed and Behaved Badly at Table, According to Her Counsel.

The hearing of the contest over the $100,000 estate of Miss Charlotte A. Van Den Heuvel was continued yesterday before Surrogate Fowler and was adjourned at the close of court till Friday to give the court attendants a chance to see the Atlantic fleet to-day.

Dr. R. O. Born, who knew Miss Van Den Heuvel well, was called to testify, told of many eccentricities during her last years. Under cross-examination he said that Miss Van Den Heuvel had never been a brilliant woman, but was simple hearted and kindly. Among the eccentricities he mentioned was her singing of old-time songs. He admitted that she knew the words well.

E. J. Hancey, a clerk in the law office of Strong & Cadwalader, was called next. He was assistant to George W. Wickersham, United States Attorney General, in managing Miss Van Den Heuvel's affairs up to 1903 and thereafter succeeded Mr. Wickersham in that capacity. He was called by Henry W. Taft, formerly Mr. Wickersham's law partner, who is trying the case for Miss Van Den Heuvel's next of kin. They are seeking to prevent the probate of a second codicil, which gives the bulk of the estate to Miss Caroline Koch, Miss Van Den Heuvel's nurse.

Mr. Hancey was asked his procedure when he took to the house a batch of checks for the aged woman to sign. He said Miss Koch would say to Miss Van Den Heuvel:

"We have a surprise for you; some checks for you to sign." Miss Van Den Heuvel would clap her hands, and exclaim:

"Checks for me!"

And frequently:

"Checks for me and Polly!" the name of the parrot which other witnesses had said Miss Van Den Heuvel treated like a human. Mr. Hancey said that Miss Van Den Heuvel had to be told her name several times to get her to make a good signature, and would frequently halt in the middle of a name, requiring him to prompt her. Sometimes he said she would play "Home, Sweet Home" and sing other words, and then play some other tune and sing the words of "Home, Sweet Home."

"After several trials, however," Mr. Hancey said, "she would get the words and tune reconciled and then we would congratulate her." Her reply to the congratulations was:

"Polly always nods her head and likes to hear me sing."

Mr. Hancey said Miss Koch had frequently talked to him about Miss Van Den Heuvel's condition and behavior, suggesting that she should have an assistant. She said that Miss Van Den Heuvel behaved badly about her food and required supervision over her table manners. It was necessary, Miss Koch told him, that she be forcibly bathed.

When asked what he told Miss Van Den Huvel about the reason for her signing checks, Mr. Hancey said:

"I told her it was to get money and frequently added, 'and to get peanuts for Polly.'"

Under cross-examination Mr. Hancey balked attempts to commit him on the inference that he had not only got Miss Van Den Hauvel to sign checks in this way, but had also procured and witnessed her signature to proxies on stock and powers of attorney during the period of which he testified. On cross-examination copies of the proxies and powers of attorney, which bore his name as witness, but declared he had no recollection of them.

Philip Strong, husband of Clara Belle Mottelay, a cousin of Miss Van Den Heuvel, told about seeing her on three occasions, her birthday parties on March 25, 1903, 1904, and 1905, and on another occasion in 1905. He said Mrs. Mottelay, Mrs. Smith, and Mrs. Cooper, cousins of the testatrrix, came into the room and Miss Van Den Heuvel failed to recognise them until introduced by Miss Koch. On that occasion, he said, she told him that her mother and brother, who were dead, were upstairs, and that she was obliged to go upstairs to "put the parrot to bed." She said that a glass of water given to her was tea, "and very good tea at that."

On his last visit to her in 1905 he said that Miss Van Den Heuvel told him she was afraid of Miss Koch, whom she suspected of a design to kill her.

SURE DR. KNABE WAS SUICIDE

Close Friend Says It Was the Death She Would Have Chosen.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 1.—Dr. W. T. Dodds, who was well acquainted with Dr. Helen Knabe, who was found dead in her rooms Tuesday last week, declared to-day she had committed suicide, and that the manner in which it was done was just as she would have done it. He also advised the detectives to hold Miss McPherson until after the investigation.

"Dr. Knabe was an arrogant, headstrong, and merciless woman, whose ambition to succeed in the world was so great that to achieve it she did not hesitate to sacrifice any one," Dr. Dodds said. "I was well acquainted with the woman in a professional way, and I was not surprised to hear of her death.

"The violent manner in which she died seems in keeping with the life of the woman. During her connection with the State Board of Health, Dr. Knabe made herself so disliked that she was asked to resign. That is well known to every one who knew her at that time. Then she took up practice and made a failure of that also. She was a bright and intelligent woman, but she failed in her wish to sweep things before her.

"People are saying that had Dr. Knabe contemplated killing herself she would have planned her death with drugs or in some other painless manner. That kind of death would not appeal to her. She wanted something violent, in keeping with the struggle she had made for success in her profession.

"I have no doubt that Dr. Knabe slashed her own throat. It would seem natural for Dr. Knabe deliberately to cut into her arm to test the weapon or to ascertain what pressure was necessary. She was the kind of woman that would kill herself in this manner, and I told the police what I thought when they asked me. I also told them that Miss McPherson should be locked up until after the investigation."

PUSHING COAL ROAD SUITS.

Wickersham Asks That Government Cases Be Tried at Once.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 1.—Determined to follow President Taft's policy of quick action in the anti-trust cases, Attorney General Wickersham to-day filed a certificate of expedition in the United States court here asking that the cases against the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and other railroads and coal companies, charged with violating the Sherman anti-trust law in a suit brought several weeks ago by the Government, take precedence over other cases and be tried at once.

Because of the importance of the case the Attorney General has ordered that United States District Judges J. W. Washington, L. E. Knappen, and A. C. Denison of Cincinnati sit on the case together. The companies implicated and charged with a monopoly of the coal-carrying trade in this section are the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Hocking Valley, the Toledo & Ohio Central, the Zanesville & Western, the Kanawha & Michigan, the Kanawha and Hocking Coal Company, the Sunday Creek Coal Company, and the Continental Coal Company.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Positive—
The fit and effect of our Men's Fall Suits and Overcoats, you see for yourself before you buy.

Negative—
At the custom-tailor's you see yourself through fashion pictures, which at best are only imaginary.

And there's a positive saving, here, in the price you pay—

Fall Suits ..... $18 to $50
Light-weight Overcoats $16 to $42
Winter Overcoats ..... $18 to $75

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

"Silver's Best Friend"
ELECTRO Silver Polish
SILICON
The Standard of Excellence for over 40 years. Has no equal for cleaning and polishing SILVERWARE and all fine metals. Easy to use and economical. FREE FROM ACIDS AND CHEMICALS. 10c. per box. Beware of spurious imitations. Send address for
FREE SAMPLE
Electro Silicon Co., 80 Cliff St., New York. At Grocers and Druggists Everywhere.

Grape-Nuts
FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

O'NEILL-ADAMS CO
Sixth Avenue, 20th to 22d St.
Best Quality, Lowest Prices on Sixth Avenue.

Untrimmed Millinery
O'Neill Main Store—First Floor

Women's Untrimmed Beaver Dress Shapes, black, navy, brown, taupe and plum, superior quality ..... $2.65 $3.98 and $4.98
White Beaver Dress Shapes, superior quality ..... $5.48 to $7.50
Superior Quality Black Velvet Dress Shapes, silk lining, exclusive shapes $3.50
Black Velvet Dress Shapes, small, medium and large; values $2.75, at $1.65
Imported Fancy Wings, bandeaux, birds, fancy ostrich effects ..... 25c 37c up to 75c
Less Than Half Former Prices.
Ostrich and Willow Plumes, at ⅓ regular values.
We Give and Redeem Saretу Stamps.

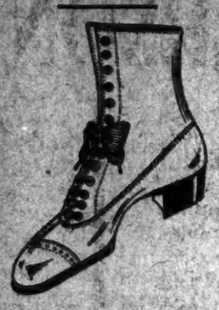
R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
SMALL ORIENTAL RUGS
At Unusually Small Prices
Sales of Oriental Rugs are not uncommon.
Sales of uncommonly good Oriental Rugs are extremely uncommon.
Third Floor.
All Oriental Rugs on sale at Macy's, whether in regular merchandise or at sale prices, are such as we, who are importers, can guarantee.
Those who buy Oriental Rugs at Macy's are secure against the inferior grades, the undesirable patterns, the unequal weaves, and the inharmonious colorings so characteristic of the Oriental Rug usually offered at sale prices.
At Macy's, whether you pay a mere few dollars or whether you pay $1275.00 (which is the price of a very large size Sultanie) you are getting an Oriental Rug which is thoroughly typical, thoroughly durable, and thoroughly successful from all standpoints.
AN EXCEPTIONALLY FINE LOT OF ANTIQUE IRAN FEREGHAN AND KURDISTAN RUGS.
The kind that is unspoiled by modern "doctoring" methods. These rugs are reflections of the moods of the Kurds, who weave them. The Kurd is very variable in his temperament. Sometimes he will work with intense concentration; at other times he will laze and dream. The rug may be wild, weird, brilliant, or languorous, or combine all of these effects in one bewildering scheme.
Average size of rugs in this lot 4x7, $19.94.
BELOOCHISTAN RUGS, silky and in soft reds, blues, and old rose. Average size 2.6x5ft., $9.29 and $12.48.
MOUSSOUL RUGS, average size 3 ft. 6 in. x6 ft. 6 in. $12.48; quantity limited.

Music by Nahan Franko's Orchestra, Restaurant, Daily.
133 Years' Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.
This Smart, New "Sir Henri" Walking Boot at $3.00

Is a match in style, smart lines, fit and service for any of the "big name" shoes sold up to $4.00
Don't pass judgment until you have tried these shoes
"Sir Henri" shoes for women are made exclusively for Simpson Crawford Co., and through rigid supervision, quality and workmanship are kept up to the standards of shoes sold for about $1.00 more. 27 Second Floor.
The illustration shows the Sir Henri style No. 116, a well arched and very becoming boot of tan calfskin, lace style with high Cuban heel, wing tip and flexible welt sole $3
Patrician Shoes for Women
Combining, to an unusual degree, the high qualities of the finest shoes with popular prices.
A New Patrician Model is a patent kid button boot with cloth top; smart Cuban heel and plain toe. A very dressy and distinctly feminine shoe $4
Simpson Crawford Co., 6th Ave., New York City

English-made clothes for American men—at Saks'
¶ We take no chances—not even in Merrie England. An English label does not necessarily make a representative English garment any more than a monocle makes a man. We do not buy English clothes by mail—we go to England. Nor do we buy them from a ready-made stock. Please get this: We temporarily become an integral part of the tailoring organization which makes them. That's why Saks London-made clothes are so rabidly English. And thus, you who buy English clothes at Saks', have waded through a shower of falling aspirates to a fashionable London tailor, there to be measured by proxy—in the fog!
¶ Chief choice of the English season in overcoats is the Blue Chinchilla, in single and double breasted effects. Richly blue and exclusively English, it has a sort of ducal dignity about it. There are also single and double breasted Raglans, with and without belts, and ulsters, fleece lined or skeleton, made of various English fabrics, including those celebrated cloths that give you all the warmth you want and cheat you on the weight.
¶ Lounge suits, too. Plenty of them. Mostly in cheviots, that constant choice of the Englishman. And last, the major-domo of masculine styles, in the major-domo of cities—inseparable companion of the traditional silk hat—foster brother to an eyeglass—the cutaway!
¶ Gentlemen, we are American to the backbone, but when we go to Rome we are Romans, and when we sell English-made clothes, we forget '76 and fall all over ourselves in our rendition of Hands Across the Sea.
Price range . . . . 25.00 to 55.00
Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

The Coward Shoe



Combination Shoe
FOR WOMEN

A shapely shoe for feet with a small waist and narrow heel.

A special Coward last, actually four sizes smaller across the instep and at the heel, than a standard measurement shoe.

Made of fine leathers, and built on a pliant, yielding sole, that adds buoyancy to the walk.

SOLD NOWHERE ELSE
JAMES S. COWARD
264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.
(NEAR WARREN STREET)
Mail Orders Filled | Send for Catalogue

NOVELIST CHESTER REMARRIED TOO SOON

Lands in Hoboken from Abroad with Wife No. 2 and Finds No. 1 Wife Still.

FRIENDS URGE HIM TO SAIL

Won't Risk Crossing to New York and Disappears with Companion After Seeing His Lawyer.

George Randolph Chester, who has made a lot of people laugh over the adventures of Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford, had some adventures of his own yesterday, which his friends quickly decided to discuss under the title of the "Get-Hitched-Quick" mystery. To play the leading rôle in the mystery Chester qualified by leading down the gang plank from the steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm, when she docked at her Hoboken pier, a young lady, whom he introduced to his friends who came to greet him as "Mrs. Chester."

The friends were not expecting to greet a second Mrs. Chester, as they had only recently heard of the divorce of the first one, and were sure the interlocutory decree left Chester just as much the first Mrs. Chester's husband as ever for a period of ninety days at least. Even then, they thought, it would take a petition from Mrs. Chester No. 1, to whom the decree was granted, to make it final. This news was received by the novelist with anything but calm.

"What do you say?" he exclaimed with a good deal of alarm in his voice. "Why, they cabled me she got her divorce, and of course I married again—the very next day. I thought it was all right. Why, I had my wife sign her name on the register as 'Frau G. Chester,' as all who look at the register may see."

After a consultation the novelist's friends decided that the best thing for him to do was to consult a lawyer, and that before crossing the river from Hoboken into the jurisdiction of the New York authorities, who in the opinion of his friends, were likely to have grounds for action on a charge of bigamy.

Gordon Gordon of 165 Broadway, the novelist's counsel, was called up on the telephone, and from him Mr. Chester demanded to know why he had not cabled to him about the interlocutory decree more specifically so that he would have known he could not marry again. The lawyer hurried over to Hoboken, and there a long conference was held. At its conclusion Mr. Chester and the young woman departed, refusing to say where they were going. They were not to be found at any of the former haunts of Mr. Chester last night.

Friends of the novelist urged him to board the first outward-bound steamship and keep away from this State until the cable brings word that Mrs. Chester No. 1 has obtained a final decree. It was suggested, also, that the pair might remain in New Jersey until the ninety-day period expires.

While waiting on the pier for his lawyer to appear, Mr. Chester contradicted his previous announcement that the woman with him was Mrs. Chester. Then he thought of the "Frau G. Chester" on the register and decided that having a new ceremony performed in this country some months from now would hardly solve the problem. He then reaffirmed that the woman with him was Mrs. Chester, and said he had married her in good faith, considering himself free to do so, as he was unfamiliar with the New York laws.

"As for me," said Mr. Chester, "you might say I am up Salt Creek without a paddle. Why, I'll be a fugitive from justice or something like that, won't I, if I run away out of the country again?"

There was no doubt about the concern of "Frau G. Chester" over the sudden turn her get-wed-quick adventure was taking.

The rapidity with which the new Chester matrimonial alliance was entered into after Supreme Court Justice Delaney had granted an interlocutory decree to the first Mrs. Chester amazed the novelist's friends here. They found that less than twenty-four hours had elapsed after the granting of the decree when he was married in Paris to Lillian Derimo, the young woman named by the first Mrs. Chester in her suit for divorce.

Mrs. Chester No. 2, a little woman with drooping eyes, who wore a fur cloak, was recognized by several persons on the Hoboken pier as a former friend of the first Mrs. Chester, who lived with the Chesters in this city for some time before Mrs. Chester's suspicions were aroused and her suit decided upon.

In her complaint Mrs. Chester stated that she had left Chester last January because she "couldn't stand him any longer," quitting their apartment at the Hotel Van Cortlandt and going to the Hotel Albemarle with her two children, George R., Jr., and Robert Fay. Her husband at the same time moved to the Gainsborough Studios.

The court decreed that Mrs. Chester should have $1,620 annually for her own support and $2,400 more for the support of her children.

In the opinion of several lawyers who were asked about the case last night Mr. Chester's foreign marriage will be regarded as illegal even if he should live abroad, as the first requisite to marriage in any country is that both persons shall be free to marry.

METZ TO SAVE IRONCLAD CO.

Will Take Over "Nellie Bly's" Concerne and Run Them.

Ex-Controller Herman A. Metz offered yesterday to go to the assistance of the Iron Clad Company, of which Mrs. Elisabeth Seaman, once better known as "Nellie Bly," was President, and which went into the hands of a receiver. The creditors have made strenuous efforts to obtain the company's property, which, they allege, has been in the possession of the American Steel Barrel Company, controlled by Mrs. Seaman.

Mr. Metz assured the attorneys for the creditors that he would finance and reorganize the Iron Clad Company if sufficient time were allowed. He said he would take over the management of the company. He did not mean to put Mrs. Seaman out entirely, but intended that she should have no say hereafter in the company's affairs.

"She must take the Iron Clad Company and the American Steel Barrel Company and throw them both into one," he said. "Part of the real estate will be sold and the plant will be established elsewhere. We will secure all the creditors and put all our cash into a plan for establishing the company as a going concern."

Mr. Metz's offer delighted the creditors. The case came before Judge Chatfield in the United States District Court yesterday, and Mr. Metz told the court what he was prepared to do. The court was willing to allow the financial tangle to be adjusted amicably, and Mr. Metz and the creditors set to work on his plan.

The settlement of the whole affair depends upon Mrs. Seaman's willingness to surrender the American Steel Barrel Company.

OBJECT TO STREET CAR NOISE

Bergen Street Residents Raise Question of Changed Routes.

A complaint filed yesterday with the Public Service Commission against the Nassau Electric Railroad Company raises the question of the right of a street railway corporation which has absorbed or obtained the control of subsidiary companies to alter the original routes as laid down in the franchise grants and abandon portions of the routes to suit a comprehensive system.

The Bergen Street Property Owners' Association has brought the matter up by complaining of undue noise in the operation of the cars, which it alleges is due to the condition of the rolling stock and tracks, excessive speed during the night, and the running of a large number of cars over part of the Bergen Street route in spite of the fact that they do not really accommodate the people of that locality. It is declared that the cars of the Tompkins Avenue and St. John's Place lines have been diverted to Bergen Street to carry out the plans of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and the commission is asked to exclude them.

Commissioner McCarroll will begin a hearing on Nov. 13.

GRENFELL'S YACHT LOST.

The Andrew J. McCosh Wrecked on the Labrador with Five Others in Storm

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—The severe October storm which swept Northern waters badly damaged the fishing fleet, according to a letter from Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell, the missionary physician, written at Red Bay, Labrador. Dr. Grenfell said that six vessels were wrecked, including his own costly auxiliary yacht Andrew McCosh, which was given to the Labrador Mission by Princeton University. The other vessels lost were schooners, four of which foundered at Lewis Bay. The crews of all the vessels escaped.

The McCosh was wrecked at L'Anse Amour while on her way to take off Dr. Harrison Webster of Boston, who is stationed at Battle Harbor and who was visiting a patient at Porteau Lighthouse. The yacht's crew narrowly escaped with their lives. Dr. Grenfell was not on board at the time.

Laden with tons of clothing, medicines, and other necessities for the mission in Newfoundland and the Labrador, Dr. W. T. Grenfell's missionary schooner George B. Cluett sailed to-day for the North in command of Capt. Pickles. The first stop will be made at Pilley's Island, Newfoundland, where a new auxiliary station has been founded.

The Andrew J. McCosh was given to Dr. Grenfell by Princeton graduates throughout the world in honor of Andrew J. McCosh, a former President of the university. Originally the Idelon, owned by W. H. Parsons, it was overhauled in June, 1909, at City Island and taken to the Labrador by a crew of Princeton men.

LOYAL LEGION BARS GEN. SICKLES AGAIN

For the Second Time the Distinguished Soldier Is Excluded from Its Membership.

OLD ENMITY BACK OF IT

Fifty Years Not Enough to Wipe Out Bitterness Engendered in Civil War Days.

The name of Major Gen. Daniel Edgar Sickles, who lost his leg on the battlefield at Gettysburg, and is one of the two surviving corps commanders of the Union forces in the civil war, was proposed for membership recently in the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. According to information received last night from members of the legion Gen. Sickles was rejected. The refusal to admit the old soldier to this order, which was organized by officers and ex-officers of the army, navy, and Marine Corps who took part in the war of 1861-65, came on the eve of his eighty-sixth birthday.

While members of the order were loath to discuss the report, which began to go the rounds only yesterday, it was learned that the vote on Gen. Sickles's name was taken at a meeting held the first Wednesday in October. There were present at that meeting 150 members of the order, and it takes only five adverse votes to defeat the election of a nominee for membership.

The New York Commandery of the Loyal Legion was instituted in the early part of 1866, and years ago the name of Gen. Sickles was proposed. It was voted down then because of the strength of certain enmities. His name was brought forward again by admirers who felt that the roll of membership of the Loyal Legion ought to include that of a man whose war record is so distinguished for gallantry.

These friends, who are said to have taken the black-balling very much to heart, assumed that the old enmity had died down with the passing of the years.

"But it takes only a small minority to defeat a proposal for membership," one veteran of the order explained yesterday, "and it appears now that there was enough of the ancient enmity left to support that small minority."

Gen. Sickles is head of the New York State Commission for the Erection of Monuments on Battlefields, and in an evening newspaper account yesterday it was intimated that his decisions in this capacity accentuated the ill-feeling. A member of the order said last night, however, that the hostility was far older than that, and that to understand it one would have to go back to feelings that were astir years ago.

Membership in the Loyal Legion descends to the direct male lineal descendants according to the rules of primogeniture. There are twenty-one commanderies representing twenty States and the District of Columbia, and the total membership is 8,902. The office of the New York Commandery is at 140 Nassau Street, and the recorder is A. N. Blakeman, whose home is at 148 West Fourth Street, Mount Vernon.

The Commander in Chief is Lieut. Gen. John C. Bates and Brevet Lieut. Col. John P. Nicholson is Recorder in Chief. Col. Nicholson is also Recorder of the Pennsylvania Commandery, and he is said to be a great friend of Gen. Sickles. Gen. Sickles was 86 years old on Oct. 20, and his years have been rich with incident. As lawyer, soldier, and diplomat, he was active over a long period, how long may be gathered from the fact that as Corporation Attorney he drew the original bill which authorized the establishment of Central Park, and that he was a member of the convention which nominated Franklin Pierce for the Presidency. More than half a century has passed since Gen. Sickles killed Philip Barton Key, son of the Francis Scott Key who wrote "The Star-Spangled Banner," and the unwritten law was summoned to his defense.

With the stirring of memories by virtue of the fact that fifty years ago the troops went to war, Gen. Sickles has been not a little in evidence in the last few months, and his reminiscences have been much sought. On Memorial Day of this year, when the Grand Army men were closing their day of ceremonies with a great meeting at Carnegie Hall, some one on the stage discovered Gen. Sickles sitting in one of the boxes. A shout went up, there was an outburst of welcome, and the veterans were not content until he had leaned forward and talked of the days of '61.

NEW BABY ENLIVENS TRIAL.

Sheftels Witness's Testimony Expedited So That He May See It.

The wearisome documentary evidence and the endless contentions of lawyers which are marking the trial of the Directors of B. H. Sheftels & Co. before Judge Ray in the United States Circuit Court on the charge of having used the mails to defraud were enlivened yesterday by the intrusion for a moment of domestic concerns.

John A. Carson, a bookkeeper in the Sheftels's district branch office, was on the stand all the morning to give testimony about the records of the firm, but was excused for a time in the afternoon. About 3 o'clock he received a telegram, and smiled as he read it. Then he handed it to the Judge, and the court smiled likewise.

"Gentlemen," said Judge Ray to the counsel, "Mr. Carson has a new ten-pound baby at home. Can you finish with him now, so that he may go home and see it?"

Mr. Carson resumed the stand at once. Assistant United States District Attorney Dorr wanted to know if the Detroit books showed not only that the New York office advised the branch that a purchase had been made, but also that the stock was actually bought on the Curb. Counsel for the defense began to object. The wrangle lasted a long time, and the court cut it short with the remark:

"While you are arguing this witness is waiting to see his baby. Objection overruled."

STRIKERS BEAT BANKER.

Three Arrested Who Mistook Texan for a Strikebreaker.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1.—Mistaken for a strikebreaker, Walter P. Allen, a banker of Terrell, Texas, on the way to the Illinois Central Station from his hotel last night was attacked and so severely beaten by three strikers or sympathisers that he had to be carried back to his hotel and put to bed.

Mr. Allen having lost his way asked the three men to direct him. Mr. Allen is a friend of Gov. Colquitt of Texas and had been attending the Cotton Conference here. His assailants were arrested.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., Nov. 1.—Twenty United States Deputy Marshals relieved the local police to-day as guards of the Illinois Central property during the strike. The railroads also dispensed with the services of the special guards.

Federal intervention is the result of Judge Wright's recent permanent injunction order restraining the strikers from damaging the property. At the car shops it was said 200 men are working where 350 were employed before.

Special to The New York Times.

FULTON, Ky., Nov. 1.—Capt. Edward W. Clark, in command of the soldiers on duty here, because of the strike of the Illinois Central freight clerks, issued the following statement to-night:

"I authorise the statement that patrolmen of the Kentucky State Guards on duty were shot at this morning at an early hour. If repeated the men have emphatic orders to investigate and use such force as they may deem necessary."

Capt. Clark said the reason the soldiers did not charge the building from where the shots were supposed to have come was because they did not want to act hastily or without a specific order. Capt. Clark does not think more soldiers are needed here at present, but if conditions became so serious that additional protection be asked Gov. Willson has instructed him that other troops will be sent.

HART HEIRS SUE FOR $300,000

New Yorkers Seek Accounting from J. J. Nestell of New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 1.—Allegations that funds aggregating more than $200,000 belonging to the estate of Joseph D. Hart and his widow, Emma S. Hart, have been dissipated in gambling and speculation, and that the property of the estate in California has been tied up in a mortgage for the purpose of preventing the heirs receiving the income, are made in a suit filed today in the Superior Court by Charles H. Hart and Charles A. Collord of New York, executors of Mrs. Hart's will.

The suit is against John J. Nestell of New Jersey, Emma R. Nestell, and John H. Lane, an agent acting under Nestell's orders. An accounting and the appointment of a receiver are asked.

As a result of an investigation made by Charles H. Hart, a son of Joseph D. Hart, and Charles A. Collord, an executor of the will of his mother, a demand was made on Nestell for an accounting, which was later forced by the courts. Hart and Collord declare that while this proceeding was pending, Nestell, as a result of alleged secret arrangements with Emma Nestell and John H. Lane, transferred to the latter property in Los Angeles and Avalon without consideration to make it appear he was insolvent.

The amount due from Nestell to Hart and Collord as executors of Mrs. Hart's will is $167,688, and from the estate of her husband, $256,533 according to the complaint. The income and rents from this property, it is asserted, are being paid to Nestell by Lane.

TAPPED WIFE'S TELEPHONE.

Husband Got Stenographer to Report Her Talks with Chauffeur.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—In order to obtain evidence for a divorce suit against his wife, Rachel, Louis M. Sagal, according to testimony given in the Superior Court here where the case is now on trial, had his private telephone wire tapped, and for fourteen days a stenographer sat at the end of the extension, which was in an attorney's office, and took verbatim reports of conversations declared to have been held over the wire between Mrs. Sagal and Leo Mann, a chauffeur, named in the suit as co-respondent.

The stenographer's notes, which were read in court, told of more or less intimate talks between Mrs. Sagal and the chauffeur.

Spacious Offices in Small Areas

THESE offices convey the impression of ample room in which to transact business without interference; but they are no larger than those you see in the average business block.

This impression of a commodious room is created by utilizing to the best possible advantage the available wall space, and also by having all pieces uniform in style and finish.

Globe-Wernicke Office Layouts

economize on both space and money.

Desks, chairs and filing cabinets are made of Standardized styles which can be duplicated at any time.

The Cabinets harmonize in design and finish on the outside, and afford uniform efficient service on the inside.

Made in selected grades of choice Quartered Oak and Real Mahogany to match interior trims.

Steel Cabinets and Cabinet Safes also executed to match Oak and Mahogany furniture.

The Office Equipment

as illustrated in this week's "Saturday Evening Post" is displayed in our show windows this week. Our business is to carry out the ideas of such suites or single rooms according to individual specifications, shown here.

The Globe-Wernicke Co.

380-382 Broadway, Cor. White

Daily Trains to Puget Sound and Portland

From Chicago via St. Paul and Minneapolis, the Northern Pacific Express with Standard Drawing-room and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Coaches and Dining Car.

From St. Paul and Minneapolis, the North Coast Limited, only exclusively first-class train to and from the North Pacific Coast. All electric-lighted.

Ask for book about trains and trip.

W. F. Mershon, Gen'l Agt. Pass. Dept., 319 Broadway, New York City, N. Y. Phone Worth, 835.

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The Pioneer Line thro' the Northwest

NORTHERN PACIFIC

Extensive Double-track and Block Signals

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Pioneer Service

INSURES SATISFACTION.

"ASK THE PEOPLE FOR WHOM WE WORK."

WE HAVE 31 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Fireproof Storage
Household Removals
(Town or Country)
Packing and Shipping
Carpet and Rug Cleansing
Vaults for Valuables
Silver Storage

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37 to 51 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.
Nevins St. Subway Station at our door.

OUR Custom Department is prepared to execute all orders and to produce the most fashionable footwear in individually selected colors, and in any material to match gowns.

MARTIN & MARTIN
BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN & WOMEN
1 EAST 38th STREET, NEW YORK

¶ Loose Leaf Books and Sheets for every purpose, at our store, 40 John St.

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ESTABLISHED 1857
STATIONERS
STORE: 40 John Street
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Natural Laxative Water

Quickly Relieves:—
Biliousness,
Sick Headache,
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CONSTIPATION

J. M. Gidding & Co.
OUTER APPAREL MILLINERY FURS
FOR WOMEN, MISSES and JUNIORS

The most recent tendencies of Fashion are clearly reflected in our select gathering of authoritative modes—

The "newest" in Tailor-made Suits—a stunning Paquin model of corduroy, velvet and novelty cloths in white, black, navy and other fashionable shades, for example. And entirely new Suits and Gowns from Poiret; exquisite Dresses from Callot; stunning Millinery from Lewis, Poiret, Talbot and other celebrated modistes.

If you were here last week—or even yesterday, come again today or tomorrow—there is ever something *new* to see! And you are *welcome* to see or buy.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

Meriden Silver
for Choicest Gifts

Sterling Silver, Silver Plate, Cut Glass, Silver Deposit Ware.

An endless variety of articles for the family and home. You will find here an atmosphere of quiet ease while choosing. We invite you to come and see the remarkable display, regardless of your intention to purchase.

Complete Dinner Sets, Tea and Coffee Services, Bonbon Necessities, Chests of Silver, Flat Ware and Cutlery.

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WM. KNABE & CO.

The House of Knabe *Announces*

AN EVENT DESTINED TO MARK AN EPOCH IN PLAYER-PIANO HISTORY

The Knabe-Angelus GRAND Player-Piano

A wonderful union of all the incomparable tonal qualities of the KNABE—all the exclusive expression devices of the Angelus, together with the classic beauty of outline of the KNABE Grand Piano.

The simple elegance of the case design will appeal to the most fastidious. No hint of anything mechanical in its appearance. Simply a beautiful Grand Piano on which any one without musical knowledge may play any composition, popular or classical.

Price, $1650

Knabe-Angelus Upright, $1050

Wm. KNABE & Co., 5th Ave. & 39th St.

Established 1837

BANDITS ROB TRAIN, BUT MISS $36,000

Switch Engine Scares Six Men from Rock Island Express—Flee with Registered Mail.

THREE SUSPECTS ARRESTED

Blow Up Safe in Express Car and Destroy Both—Engineer Forced to Back Train Several Miles.

Special to The New York Times.

FORREST CITY, Ark., Nov. 1.—Three suspects are held in the St. Francis County Jail and half a dozen posses are scouring the Mississippi bottoms between here and Memphis in search of three others identified with six masked train robbers who early this morning held up and dynamited a safe in the express car of a westbound Rock Island train and escaped with several sacks of registered mail, the value of which has not been ascertained.

The men held gave their names as Walter Orr, of Montana, Everitt Miller of Willow Hill, and Ben Bell of Edmondson, Ark. They tally with the description of three of the men. Another safe in the express car containing, it is said, gold to the value of $36,000 had been transferred into the combination car ahead, and the robbers failed to get the rich booty for which they had evidently planned.

Seven nitro-glycerine caps were used on blowing open the express car safe, which not only tore away the safe doors, but wrecked the car. In the midst of their pillage the bandits were frightened away when a switch engine searching for the overdue train approached from Huriburt.

The robbers boarded the train when it slowed down near Huriburt, eleven miles from Memphis. Intimidating the engine crew by a display of weapons, the men forced the engineer to back the train several miles. Then the express and mail cars were cut from the coaches and hauled a short distance, where the half-completed robbery was executed.

In the meantime other members of the train crew, as well as express messengers and mail clerks, were brought to submission by the robbers.

When the detached cars were brought to a standstill each of the men set about a certain task. One began gathering registered mail and another to set the charge of explosive in the safe, while others stood guard over the train crew and the passenger coaches.

Just as the charge was fired against the express car safe, shattering the ends and sides of the car and blowing away the entire front of the safe, the switch engine steamed into sight, and the robbers took to their heels with only what they could hastily grab as a reward for their daring. It is believed that what they got was of comparatively little value.

F. O. Melcher, Vice President of the Rock Island Road, said that so far as he could learn the robbers got nothing but the registered mail, and that the safe blown open was practically empty.

"All the valuables were in the small safe in the combination car, which was not attacked.

"The passengers were not molested except those who ventured too close to the robbers. These were warned away by rifle shots."

ORDER IN BANK SUIT.

Receiver Who Sued Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne Must Be More Definite.

Supreme Court Justice Brady granted yesterday the application of the banking house of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne for an order compelling Rhea D. Cary, receiver of the Continental Savings Bank of Memphis, Tenn., to make more definite and specific his complaint in a $145,000 suit against them. Cary charged that the bank was thrown into bankruptcy by the speculations with its funds of President Francis Schas and Cashier Frank J. Baum, which were carried on through Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne.

He charged the bankers with conspiring with Schas and Baum to conceal their operations, which were carried on in the bank's name, and said that in response to telegrams from them that they were about to undergo their regular semi-annual investigations. The New York house sent them telegrams giving erroneous statements of the account.

SANDFORD HELD FOR TRIAL.

Coroner's Captain Says He Feared to Land—Used Wild Threats.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 1.—The Rev. Frank W. Sandford, leader of the Holy Ghost and Us Society of Shiloh, was held at a preliminary hearing to-day for trial before the December term of the United States Court on a charge of causing the death of Charles Hurley, on board the yacht Coronet, by failing to provide proper and sufficient food when the yacht put to sea. United States Commissioner William M. Bradley, before whom the hearing was held, placed the bond at $10,000, and the sum was furnished by Anna A. Clement, Mrs. H. A. Perry, William Marstellar, and William Bailey, all of Shiloh, and Sandford was released.

An interesting and unexpected feature was the introduction of the Shiloh creed, which was read by the Rev. C. E. Holland, the "Moses" of the Sandford flock. One portion of the creed, relating to the leadership, read:

"I believe that the Rev. Frank W. Sandford of Shiloh, Maine, tells the truth when he makes proclamation that God said unto him, 'Elijah is here, testify,' and again, 'I have found David's words spoken as applying to himself personally. I believe in and accept him as such.'"

Robert McKay, first mate of the Kingdom before she was wrecked, testified that after the disaster her masts were cut away and the vessel was set on fire. Mr. Sandford, he said, declared the Kingdom was a burned offering. At one time they fasted twenty-eight days, and only one meal a day was eaten. It consisted of cornmeal mush and bread, served in the morning.

McKay said that when they were in northern waters, George Hughey, one of the brothers who died on board, was told by Sandford while sick that he had withstood the leader for some time, and God was going to deal severely with him.

Sandford prayed for the deck of his yacht Coronet to become a slaughter-house should his people disobey him, testified Capt. Roland Whittom, a former sailing master of the Shiloh yacht, who also declared that Sandford feared to enter port. "How can we make port with these traitors on board?" was one remark made by the "Modern Elijah" when several people became disaffected, he said. Capt. Whittom further declared that Sandford had said he "would sail the Coronet into hell" if he had received divine instruction to that effect.

The ninth death among the followers of Sandford took place to-day when John Adamson, aged 20, formerly of Chicago, died at the Marine Hospital from scurvy and exhaustion. It was alleged that his was the sixth death from that cause within two weeks. Adamson was removed from the yacht Coronet on complaint of his mother, who complained that she was prevented from attending him on board the vessel.

MISS ANNE MORGAN RETURNS

Emphatically Denies the Rumor That She Is to Wed de Castellane.

Miss Anne Morgan, daughter of J. Pierpont Morgan, returned yesterday from Europe on the White Star liner Oceanic, accompanied by Miss Elsie De Wolfe, Miss Elizabeth Marbury and Miss Edith Deacon, who was in mourning for George Peabody, who died just before the date set for their wedding.

When asked about her four months' stay in Europe, Miss Morgan replied that she had spent the greater part of the time at her Versailles villa.

"Is there any truth in the report that you are to marry Count Boni de Castellane," she was asked.

"I should say not," replied Miss Morgan. "That ridiculous story has been circulating for two years, and I have always ignored it. Now I deny it most emphatically." The way the banker's daughter said it indicated that only the limitation of a woman's vocabulary prevented her from expressing her feelings on the subject more vigorously.

Fugitive Bank Clerk to Return.

Harris B. Clark, who was arrested here last week after a six months' chase by the Pinkerton detectives as he was about to sail for Europe, was taken before United States Commissioner Alexander yesterday in extradition proceedings. He was a clerk of the Charlotte Street branch of the Bank of New Brunswick, St. John, N. B., and is charged with having stolen from the bank $2,477.27 in cash and 100 shares of Amalgamated Copper valued at $7,300. He waived extradition, declaring that he was anxious to return to New Brunswick.

TOO MUCH CODDLING, SAYS GEN. BINGHAM

He Tells the Rainy Daisies to Take Off Their Gloves and Work for Civic Betterment.

WANTS A HAT REDUCTION

Thinks Women Would be More Charming if Their Headgear Wasn't So Large.

Crystal baskets, diamond Rainy Day drops, ex-Police Commissioner Bingham, and club Presidents were a few of the attractions at the crystal and fifteenth birthday party of the Rainy Day Club yesterday at the Hotel Astor. The crystal baskets were souvenirs, and the diamonds were in the club pin the Rainy Daisies presented their President, Mrs. A. M. Palmer. Gen. Bingham and the club Presidents were there on their merits.

Gen. Bingham was received with prolonged applause. He told the Rainy Day Club that at fifteen it was "a lovely young thing," and he only wished that individually and collectively it wouldn't wear such big hats and then he would be even more sure of its charms. Then he told the women that if they were going in for civic betterment they would have to take off their white gloves and get into their old duds, for a civic betterment fight was a no-glove affair.

"Should foreigners coming to this country take everything and not return us even the courtesy of a salute to our flag?" he asked, talking of patriotism. "It is impudent, insolent, and unbearable," he concluded, and the women applauded.

"Do we stand for having our soldiers and sailors in uniform told they are not wanted?" he asked.

"No," cried the women. Speaking of the Boy Scout movement, he said:

"We are so enervated, so mollycoddled, that we must revert to the primative instincts of the race. You as women and I as a man respect a manly man and not a smooth mannered lazybones."

"Yes," chorused the Rainy Daises. He told the women as a club to work for better wages for shop girls to help put down the white slave traffic.

Besides the crystal basket souvenirs there were tiny metal umbrellas on the ice boxes and floral horse shoes for place cards. There were bigger umbrellas of blue and gold on the guest table and there is always a damsel under an umbrella to a heavy rain on the club banner and on the programmes. Dr. Henry P. De Forrest suggested another emblem.

"Looking down at all the hats here." (Every Rainy Daisy had on her newest, best, and biggest Winter hat,) he said. "I thought you should have taken an apple for an emblem as well as an umbrella. You know if there had never been an apple there would never have been any clothes."

There were a few giggles in different parts of the ball room at this, but the women as a whole received the suggestion seriously.

Fire Commissioner Johnson urged the women to have fire prevention taught in the schools.

Seeks to Annul Marriage to Burglar.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum appointed William Tranter yesterday to be the guardian ad litem of his nineteen-year-old daughter, Mabel T. Maddocks, in her suit for the annulment of her marriage to William George Maddocks. At the time of the marriage, July 27, 1909, Mrs. Maddocks says her husband represented that he was of good moral character, and was a broker in the office of Allen E. Philbrick. She says that he, in fact, had no occupation and that he is now serving a prison term for burglary.

"KIDNAPPED" GIRL MARRIED.

First Carried Off Bodily from the Factory Where She Was Employed.

Francesca Lecarrisi, the young woman who was "kidnapped" as she entered the factory where she was employed, in Boerum Street, Williamsburg, a few doors from her home, on Friday last, was married yesterday at Borough Hall, Brooklyn, to Michael Montalti of 215 Johnson Avenue. The couple were accompanied by a dozen or more men, women, and children, said to be their relatives, when they arrived at Borough Hall. The whole party went to the Aldermen's room, where the marriage took place. It was said that a religious ceremony would be performed later at the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Pompei, in Siegel Street.

The bride lives at 172 Boerum Street. According to the information which the police received, she entered the factory where she was employed and was seized in the hallway by three men, who carried her to a cab waiting at the curb. The driver whipped up his horses and they dashed off. It was rumored at the time that it was an elopement, but witnesses who saw the young woman carried off told the police that she tried to escape from her captors. The incident happened so quickly that no one could go to her assistance. Some say that the occupants of the cab flourished revolvers at those who attempted to interfere, threatening them with harm if they tried to rescue the young woman.

MAYOR ASKS ABOUT GUN LAW

Can't Understand Why Magistrates Issue So Many Permits.

Mayor Gaynor wrote to Corporation Counsel Watson yesterday inquiring as to the exact status of the Sullivan law relative to the possession of firearms. The Mayor believes that the law makes doubtful a provision of the City Charter which provides that all pistol permits shall be issued by the Police Commissioner. His letter reads:

Oct. 31, 1911.

Sir: The two Chief Magistrates of the city have consulted me several times with regard to the issuing of pistol permits under the statute relating to the possession and carrying of weapons passed this year. It purports to allow the Police Commissioner and also each Magistrate to issue such permits. We have twenty-five City Magistrates; and, therefore, may have various degrees of discretion or indiscretion, and even in some cases it may be of wrongdoing in the issuing of such permits.

The Police Commissioner and Chief-Magistrate McAdoo complained to me by letter of the conduct of one Magistrate in this respect. The city Charter provides in Section 358 that all pistol permits shall be issued by the Police Commissioner. The question, therefore, arises whether the new law, which is general, repeals the Charter provision, which is special. There is also an ordinance on the subject. Please advise me whether, in your opinion, the Magistrates of this city have the power to issue such permits. Very truly yours,

W. GAYNOR, Mayor.

ARCHIBALD R. WATSON, Esq., Corporation Counsel, City of New York.

The Magistrate to whom the Mayor refers is Joseph Corrigan, who granted a pistol permit to Charlie Boston, a Chinese merchant.

FREE FEAST FOR PIER CROWD.

Nuts from Broken Bags Regale Friends of Oceanic's Passengers.

While waiting on the White Star pier yesterday for the Oceanic to dock, friends of the incoming passengers passed away the time by eating walnuts, almonds, and Barcelona nuts unintentionally provided free by the International Mercantile Navigation Company. Hundreds of bags of nuts, apparently imported for Thanksgiving, were stacked on the pier, and many of them had burst open, scattering their contents in all directions. There were also some sacks of peach kernels which were mistaken for shelled almonds by the crowd.

The welcomers were so busy eating nuts that they did not rush to the side and wave to their friends as the Oceanic came alongside the pier. The only persons who did not join in the free feast were Herbert Satterlee and Mrs. Satterlee, daughter of J. P. Morgan, and Miss Jeannette Gilder, who came with them to meet Miss Anne Morgan.

Apart from the nuts, the chief attraction on the pier was Mrs. F. Gassnove Jones, Jr., formerly Miss Gladys Kemp, who returned wearing a magnificent cloak made from a leopard's skin, that reached nearly to her feet.

CHARGED SEAMEN POLL TAX.

Complaint Here Against Captain of Cervantes for Holding Out Money.

Fifteen British seamen landed in this city aboard the steamship Cervantes of the Lamport & Holt Line, of Liverpool, on Tuesday after having been at sea for seventeen weeks. They made charges that $5 poll tax had been charged each of them for the privilege of entering this country.

According to Matthew Tearle, New York agent and secretary of the National Sailors' and Firemen's Union, these fifteen seamen, with a sixteenth man who died at sea, were put aboard the Cervantes after the steamship had left its dock at Liverpool. They signed two-year agreements, Mr. Tearle said, and the Cervantes made several ports in Argentina, thence proceeding slowly to this port. They signed to accept four pounds sterling a month, and when they landed here they were all granted a release of their agreement. They were paid off, but not in full, as they claim, $5 being deducted from the wages of each one.

Mr. Tearle said yesterday that he had notified the British Consul's office, but that no action had yet been taken for the recovery of the money due the seamen. He said that he had also seen the captain of the Cervantes. The captain, he said, had shown him the papers on which the fifteen men had signed themselves free of the ship and of all obligations as to any unpaid wages.

Mr. Tearle said that he had taken all of the men to the Emigrant Bureau where the privileges usually tendered seamen were accorded them free of charge.

Last night the seamen spent the night at the Breakwater lodge on Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, and this morning at 11 o'clock they are to appear in the offices of the National Sailors' and Firemen's Union, 3 State Street, where Joseph Gallagher, their attorney, of 149 Broadway, will take their depositions. The Cervantes is docked in Brooklyn, near the Brooklyn Bridge, and is expected to remain in port about a week. The British Consul General in this port, Courtenay Walter Bennett, said last night that the case had not been brought to his attention.

TRINITY CHOIR IN OPEN AIR.

Their Singing at Drinking Fountain Dedication Attracts a Large Crowd.

A large crowd gathered in lower Broadway yesterday at noon when the Trinity Church choir, with a number of the clergy, came out of the church and held a special service of dedication of the drinking fountain in the churchyard fence, midway between the church and the Trinity Building. The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning said the service.

The memorial is an exquisitely carved fountain, after the style erected in England centuries ago. There are two water basins, one reached from the Broadway sidewalk and the other from the yard. The lantern bears the figures of St. George and St. Nicholas and the coats-of-arms of the City of New York and of Trinity parish. Surmounting all is a carved stone cross. The memorial is a gift of Henry C. Swords, a Vestryman of the corporation, in memory of his mother.

JUST PUBLISHED

The PRETENDER PERSON

By MARGARET CAMERON

THE author has brought together a jolly group of charming people—men and women, old and young. Their flirtations and serious love affairs, begun on board ship and continued in the tropics, result in delightfully humorous complications. The charm and spell of Mexico, seen through all sorts of American and native eyes, is almost as rich in interest as the story itself.

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We are showing superb Russian Sables, heavily furred, and with a deep, natural gloss, indicative of the quality of the skins.

Balch Price & Co.
Fulton & Smith Sts., Brooklyn
15 minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

Of the New Novel by
MABEL OSGOOD WRIGHT
the First Edition was exhausted on the day of issue

The Love That Lives

By the Author of "People of the Whirlpool," "Poppea of the Post-Office," etc., etc.

IT is always with cordial pleasure that one opens a new novel by Mrs. Wright. Her older folks have a serene outlook on life, her younger ones their absorbing romances, and the whole story leaves one heart-freshened and strengthened to an unusual degree. In both plot and spirit Mrs. Wright's strongest book is

The Love That Lives

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New York's Breakfast For Over Thirty Years

It takes more than two hours to cook oatmeal properly—to make it healthful.

We cook H-O Oatmeal two hours in the mill—you cook it only 20 minutes.

That's why it is so digestible—nutritious—healthful. That's what gives it that distinctive, delicious flavor

It reduces breakfast work and worry 83⅓%.

Cuts the fuel bill.

Lets you sleep an extra hour.

Winter Overcoats at $15 and $20.

The Famous Brill Special and The Brill Twenty

The finest, biggest and best values that it's possible to produce at $15 or $20. Compare them with any others sold at these prices—Specials; Sales; or regular offerings. Big, warm, shaggy, full length coats, with wide ulster collars, and ¾-length coats, not quite so heavy, but full of warmth.

At $15, new unlined fancy back coats and others that are full lined. At $20, a splendid assortment of handsome plaid back coats and many full lined models. Browns, grays, Oxfords and black, at both $15 and $20. And other splendid values from $25 to $55.

Raglan Overcoats, Special, at $18.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th ST. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 44th Street, West of Broadway.

This Is Inspection Day For GIMBEL CLOTHING for MEN

The whole Men's Clothing Store is drawn up for review by the men who need warm clothing, and need it *now*.

There are one hundred and twenty-four styles in line—twenty-eight of Sack Suits, and ninety-six of Overcoats, including some splendid specimens of the Dreadnought class.

Every style was selected to please men who KNOW CLOTHES, and who are apt to apply their critical faculty when choosing them.

You will find the Suits and Overcoats as notable in their selection of distinguished fabrics as in their superb tailoring and thorough good style.

Overcoats, $15 to $65; including some fine English coats. **Sack Suits, $15 to $45**; mostly with the soft tailoring which we were the first to apply to Men's Ready-to-wear Clothing.

Men's Suits and Overcoats at $16.75 For $22 to $27.50 Grades

The SUITS are in fine cassimeres, unfinished worsteds, cheviots, mixtures, and other handsome all-wool fabrics in grays, browns, and blues.

The OVERCOATS are in Chesterfield style, Full weight, in black, Oxford, and light gray; silk-lined, some silk-faced to edge.

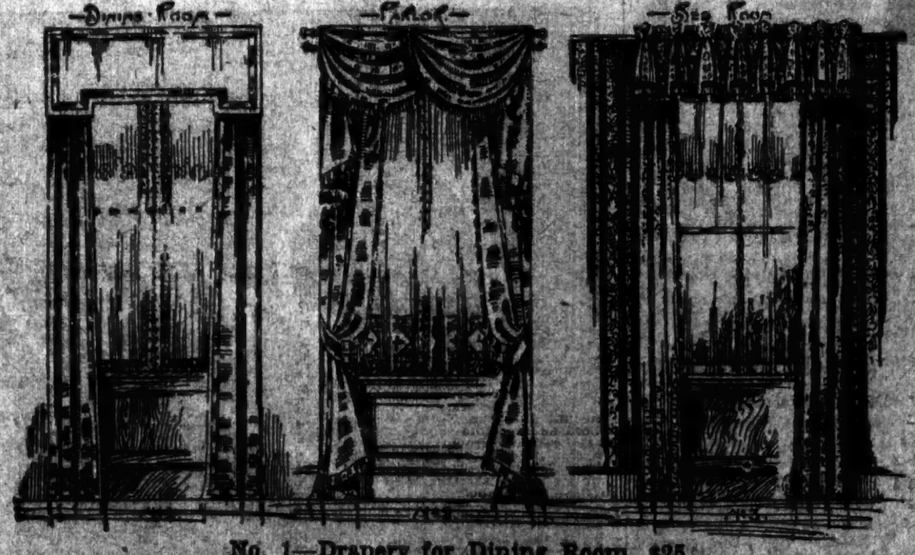
Handsome garments, all excellently tailored and sold at this price only because we secured surplus lots from good tailors.

Fourth Floor

Three Ideas for Inexpensive Draperies

In the Gimbel organization for interior decorating, we have a number of experts who are well prepared to study the requirements of your home in every detail, from parquet floorings to curtains, draperies, wall hangings and ceilings.

We shall be glad to send a man at any time, upon request, to take measurements, make suggestions, and figure estimates, for any part or all of your decorating work. The three sketches reproduced here show what charming results may be attained at slight expense in window hangings.



No. 1—Drapery for Dining Room, $25
Curtains of craftsman's cloth; valance of velvet; both trimmed with galons; sateen lining.
No. 2—Drapery for Parlor, $45
Drapery of iridescent mercerized rep, with linings, trimmings, and all necessary equipment.
No. 3—Drapery for Bedroom, $26.50
Window hanging of Louis XVI striped tapestry in two designs; the valance and curtains with appropriate trimming.
Sixth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

KENLON'S LEG BROKEN RACING TO A FIRE

Fire Chief Thrown from His Auto When It Collides with a Hose Tender.

MORE PANIC THAN FLAMES

Firemen Pilot Hysterical Workwomen from Cherry Street Loft—Rats Attack Hosemen.

Racing through the crowded streets of the east side on the way to a two-alarm fire at 299 Cherry Street yesterday morning the automobile of Fire Chief Kenlon collided at Madison and Jefferson Streets with a tender of Hose No. 12.

The Chief was thrown from his machine by the shock of the collision, and when he was picked up he was found to be suffering from a broken right leg. At first it was said he had received internal injuries and was in a serious condition.

The automobile was badly dented and scarred, but it was able to make a quick run with the injured man to Gouverneur Hospital.

Carew, a magnificent gray horse drawing the tender, had a leg broken and Deputy Chief Binns ordered him shot. Engineer Charles Rankin, the driver of the Chief's car, was uninjured and Jeremiah Haggerty, the driver of the tender, although thrown to the street, suffered only bruises which did not incapacitate him.

The accident caused as much excitement as did the fire. As soon as Chief Kenlon was started to the hospital Commissioner Johnson was notified. He went at once to the hospital, arriving there almost at the same time as Dr. Reese, chief medical officer of the Department. Commissioner Johnson, after ascertaining how badly the Chief was injured, issued a general order appointing Deputy Chief Martin to the temporary command of the Department.

The fire was discovered in the cellar of the seven-story brick loft building, Nos. 295 to 305 Cherry Street. The cellar and first floor of the building are occupied as a stable and truck building factory by Platkin Brothers. The second floor is used by Zimmermann & Brenn as a cap factory. Clothing factories occupy the upper floors.

The first firemen to arrive found a dense smoke going up through the building and many hysterical women employed there making their escape by stairs and fire escapes. Knowing the nature of the contents of the building a second alarm was sent in at 9:45 A. M., six minutes after the first alarm.

This alarm brought Chief Kenlon and Deputy Chief Binns. The Chief left his Great Jones Street headquarters with Rankin at the wheel. It was necessary to slow down the big red car in entering the narrow, densely-populated streets. The wooden block pavements were slippery, and the automobile, going at a fair rate of speed, was working in and out of traffic with the siren open. The automobile headed south through Jefferson street. At the corner of Madison the tender came racing east. Both vehicles reached the corner together and both were going at a rate of speed which made turning on the slippery pavement impossible. They came together with a crash that brought hundreds to the scene.

Rankin made an attempt to turn his machine, but it was too late. The Chief's car struck the tender broadside, and as it swerved it struck the horses, sending the tender and animals in a heap on the sidewalk at the southeast corner of the two streets.

The automobile of Deputy Chief Binns was right behind that of the Chief's and he brought up sharply. With several firemen he lifted the Chief up and went with him to the hospital. Carew, one of the tender horses, was wedged in between a fire hydrant and a projecting iron pole at the corner. His leg had been almost cut off by the automobile, and Deputy Chief Binns ordered Policeman William Regan, of the Madison Street station, to shoot him.

The fire and accident brought such a large crowd that the reserves were called from the Madison Street station. In the cap factory fifteen young women and as many men were employed. In the lofts above worked many women, and while they were in no danger, they had to be piloted to safety. The fire was confined to the cellar stable. The loss was $5,000. Three horses were burned to death, and the firemen, working to their knees in water, had not only to fight fire but rats. The building is an old one and swarmed with rodents. Hundreds of the small animals swam about in the water and scrambled up the legs of the firemen, who were forced to fight them off. Three years ago four lives were lost in a fire in the same building.

It was said late in the day at Gouverneur Hospital that Chief Kenlon's injuries were a fracture of the right fibula bone, slight shock and bruises. Dr. Reese said it will be more than a month before the Chief can be removed from the hospital. Then, said the doctor, he will be able to attend to the clerical end of his work, but it will be more than a month before he can think of going to a fire.

Commissioner Johnson entirely exonerated Rankin, the driver of the Chief's car, from any blame. Rankin blames the collision on the wood block pavement, which was slippery. Haggerty, the driver of the tender, is a man of over 20 years' service in the Department and a careful driver.

There came near being another accident on account of the slippery pavement. Patrol No. 7, in making the turn at Hester and Suffolk Streets, skidded up on the sidewalk and came within a few inches of striking a fire hydrant.

ENGLISH PASTOR TO SPEAK.

The Rev. Mr. Campbell, Non-Conformist, Will Preach To-day.

Churchgoers from many parts of the city will gather to-day at the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, at Thirty-first Street, to hear the celebrated English non-conformist preacher, the Rev. Reginald J. Campbell, pastor of the City Temple, London. It was denied at the church yesterday that an invitation might be extended to Mr. Campbell to fill the place made vacant by Dr. Aked recently, rumors to that effect having been current in clerical circles in the last few days.

Mr. Campbell is a graduate of Christ Church, Oxford, where he prepared to become an Episcopalian preacher. Changing to a Nonconformist, he joined the Congregational Union, and for many years preached at Brighton, where he attracted the attention of all England, and when Joseph Parker, pastor of the City Temple, was about to die, Mr. Campbell, at the beck of Mr. Parker, was summoned to fill the post.

A few months after taking this pulpit in defense of his liberal teachings, he published "The New Theology," a book which excited comment throughout the Christian world. The author has since gained the reputation of being less radical.

AVIATORS OFF FOR MEXICO.

Moisant Air Pilots Leave Here to Take Part in a Tournament.

Miss Matilde Moisant and Miss Harriet Quimby, the only licensed women aeroplane pilots in the United States; George M. Dyott, and Capt. Patrick Hamilton of the British Army sailed yesterday on the Mallory liner Lampasas for Galveston en route to Mexico City. André Houpert, the fifth of the Moisant team which is to fly in the Mexican capital during the ceremonies incidental to the inauguration later this month of President-elect Madero, accompanied by five mechanicians left last night by rail with two carloads of Moisant monoplanes and biplanes. Alfred J. Moisant will arrive in Mexico City the end of this week.

A guarantee of $30,000 has been raised by Mexico City merchants for the five aviators. President Madero and the Mexican Government have contributed an equal amount for prizes. During the tournament the new Mexican Army Aviation School will be opened by Mr. Moisant, who signed a contract several weeks ago to supply the machines and instructors for this new institution. Six Moisant monoplanes and two Moisant military-type biplanes form the school's initial equipment. This is the first order for American-made aeroplanes to any of the Spanish republics.

SCOPE OF THE LOEB CLASSICS

To Include Writings from the Time of Homer to Constantinople's Fall.

Concerning the translations of the classics to be made and published at the expense of James Loeb, the retired New York banker, as told in THE NEW YORK TIMES recently, a statement was made yesterday in behalf of Mr. Loeb, who is in Germany, as to the object of the enterprise.

The purpose is described as being "to produce a comprehensive and uniform series of classical texts with translations of the highest obtainable quality in a handy form and at a moderate price; to give to those whose early training did not include Greek and Latin an opportunity to become familiar with the beauty and learning, the philosophy and wit of the great writers of ancient Greece and Rome; to revive interest in classical literature in an age when the Humanities are being neglected more perhaps than at any time since the Middle Ages, and when men's minds are turning more than ever before to the Practical and the Material."

The writings included range from the time of Homer to the fall of Constantinople and the Macmillan Company, which will be the actual publishers in this country, says the new translations "will combine accuracy with sound English idiom." The English publisher will be William Heinemann. Each volume will contain 500 or 600 pages, and the first ten will probably be ready next Fall. The Greek and Latin texts will be given with the translations on the opposite pages.

The editors of the series will be T. E. Page and Dr. W. H. D. Rouse. The Advisory Board will include Dr. Edward Cappa of Princeton University, Maprice Croiset, member of the Institut de France; Dr. Otto Crusius, University of Munich, member of the Royal Bavarian Academy of Science; Dr. Hermann Diels of the University of Berlin, Secretary of the Royal Academy of Science, Berlin; Dr. J. G. Frazer, Cambridge University; Dr. William G. Hale, Chicago University; Salomon Reinach, member of the Institut de France; Dr. J. E. Sandys, public orator of Cambridge University, and Dr. John Williams White, professor emeritus, Harvard University.

STEPHENSON DENIES STORY.

After Hearing Senator's Repudiation of Shields, Inquiry Is Adjourned.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 1.—The United States Senate Committee which for a month has been investigating charges of bribery in the election of Senator Isaac Stephenson to-day adjourned its hearings in Milwaukee, to meet here in Washington.

Senator Stephenson, the last witness, declared he never knew Robert J. Shields, and, while he had done ten or twelve million dollars' worth of lumber business with Edward Hines in the last fifteen years, he never had any political dealings with him.

Particularly he denied he had been approached by Mr. Hines in Washington for money with which to purchase votes in the Wisconsin Legislature or that he ever signed a check in blank and gave it to Shields.

Edward Hines, the lumberman, to-day again denied before the Senatorial Investigating Committee that he had anything to do, wrongfully, with the election of Senator Isaac Stephenson.

"A story has been told before this committee that you attempted to obstruct the election of Mr. Stephenson with a view of obtaining money from him; that you went to Washington and suggested he put up half of $10,000 to put the election over. Is that true?" Hines was asked.

"It's absolutely untrue," replied Mr. Hines.

"It has been stated that you had a dispute with Robert J. Shields over the amount of money Shields was to get for putting over Senator Stephenson's election. Did any such dispute take place?"

"Certainly not."

IDA LEWIS'S BROTHER OUT.

Turns Light Over to New Keeper—He Gets Carnegie Fund.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Chadwick, wife of Rear Admiral French E. Chadwick, U. S. N. retired, has notified Andrew Carnegie of the death of Ida Lewis, for fifty years keeper of Lime Rocks Light House. Mr. Carnegie established several years ago a fund for Ida Lewis. This she had placed in a bank for her brother, Rudolph Lewis. The pension was $30 a month. To-day Mrs. Chadwick received the following letter from Mr. Carnegie:

2 East Eleventh Street,
New York, Oct. 31, 1911.

Dear Madam: Your kind note, received this morning, gives me one source of satisfaction. A happy and favored man am I to be enabled to help such heroines as Ida Lewis, who has passed away. She had no future to fear, having made the best of this life. Fortunate she was in having you as a friend.

Let us try to emulate her in the service of our fellows. Sincerely yours,

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

Rudolph Lewis, for twenty-five years assistant to his sister, will leave Lime Rocks Light House to-morrow. Edward Jansen, formerly of Bristol Ferry and Sandy Hook Light Houses, has been appointed the keeper. Before entering the Light House Service Jansen served seventeen years in the army and navy.

Hell Gate Bridge Contract Awarded.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford and the Pennsylvania Railroads have awarded the contract for the steel work for the Hell Gate Bridge and approach viaducts on their New York Connecting Railroad to the American Bridge Company.

TOMKINS URGES NEED OF CANAL TERMINALS

Lack of Facilities Here Has Held Back Its Development, Says Dock Commissioner.

WOULD PAY FOR THEMSELVES

Growing Water Front Congestion Makes Some Comprehensive Plan Imperative, He Declares.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 1.—State-wide interest in the subjects to be considered at the annual convention of the New York State Waterways Association, which opened in this city to-day, was indicated by a large attendance, representing practically every county.

The morning session, following the address of Patrick W. Cullinan, President of the association, was largely devoted to reports of committees, following which there were addresses by Lewis Nixon on "Waterway Transportation," Edward A. Bond on "European Terminals," and William B. Jones, Secretary of the Albany Chamber of Commerce, on "A Greatly Improved Hudson." Calvin Tomkins, Commissioner of Docks of New York, speaking on the "Influence of the State and Port of New York on National Transportation," urged the need of terminal facilities for the Erie Canal. He said:

"The Empire State has never since the early days of the Erie Canal availed of its opportunities as it should have done. Had it done so its wealth and population would exceed present numbers. There must ultimately be established a basis for prorating between the waterway systems of the country and the railroads, and in order to effect this the first thing necessary is to provide the physical connections at the cities between the land and water transit systems.

"It is vital to the success of the canal that its terminals not only at the ports of Buffalo and New York but at all the cities along the line should be planned in the most comprehensive way, not only for transportation needs but to make available factory sites for industrial development.

"If the State of New York is to realize the full benefit of the great canal expenditure incurred, she must see to it that the canal harbors are planned so as to admit of the best industrial organization as well as the most convenient commercial use.

"It is questionable in my mind to what extent the State is warranted in providing complete terminal facilities along the line of the canal at the large cities. Certainly the State should provide adequate commercial terminals. As regards industrial terminals and harbors, I believe the enterprise of the cities should be enlisted; all of the burden should not be placed upon the State, otherwise there will result bad organization and slow progress.

"The importance of the industrial utilization of the canal should not be minimized. Industrial terminals can largely be made to pay for themselves if provided in suburban districts where lands are cheap and if the city shall provide in advance a comprehensive organization.

"Until recently the opportunities about the port have been so ample that little thought has been given to the comprehensive organization of the port as a whole. Now, however, congestion along the west side of Manhattan, popular opposition to the continuation of the surface tracks of the New York Central, and the necessity for longer piers for ocean steamships of the first class have made it imperative that the city should promptly devise a plan and policy and enter upon its execution.

"The completion of the Erie Canal improvements, the completion of the Panama Canal, and the probable termination or modification of the freight differential imposed upon the city by the railroads, will greatly stimulate New York's commerce, and, since at focal points the port is already overcrowded, this is an added reason to plan for its greater responsibilities.

"To obtain the maximum use from the city's waterfront at minimum expense, the city must continue to municipalize as much of the frontage as is progressively required for commercial purposes in conformity with the practice of the more progressive seaports. Municipalization has already proceeded far in Manhattan, and has been begun in Brooklyn and the other boroughs.

"Our local organization is bad in spots, but the immense natural features of New York Harbor afford the opportunity for indefinite industrial and commercial expansion, provided a comprehensive plan and policy shall now be adopted."

Charles H. Jackson, Deputy Conservation Commissioner, in a speech on "The Policy of New York State as to Water Power Development," said that at the rate the work was going on, after three years 20,000,000 trees would be planted a year, which would equal the rate of their destruction. To-day, for every one planted five are cut.

As to water power, he said that about 1,000,000 horsepower was going to waste. He advocated dams to conserve the supply of water and to prevent damage by floods.

SOCIETY FOLK ON VICE HUNT.

Chicago Women After a Slumming Trip Say the Law Is Ignored.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Two society women last night walked through the vice district of Chicago, following the course taken a week ago by Mayor Harrison in his nocturnal trip to see how the police were enforcing law. After two hours of inspection they returned home and prepared a letter to the Mayor advising him of their discoveries.

The investigators were Mrs. John B. Sherwood, head of the Department of Philanthropy of the Chicago Woman's Club, and a young woman, whose identity Mrs. Sherwood concealed. Their report to the Mayor, they said, would advise him that the orders he had given for the suppression of vice had been ignored. Vicious vaudeville houses and nickel theatres will be criticised in the report.

Mrs. Sherwood said the trip was the first of a series determined upon by club women in an effort to bring to public attention conditions the women are striving to have eradicated.

WOMEN IN PANIC AT FIRE.

Navy Yard Flagmakers Feared Explosive Oils Near Door Would Ignite.

Two dozen women working in the flag-making factory at the Brooklyn Navy Yard were thrown into a panic yesterday by a fire in the paint shop in an adjoining building, known as No. 22. Just how the blaze started is not known. It was noticed shortly before the noon hour and as there was a lot of oil on the floors it spread quickly. The workmen and fire crews in the yard tried to extinguish it, but soon found their efforts unavailing.

A call for the Fire Department was sent in, and when the engines came rushing into the yard many of the women workers became excited. Before anybody could calm them a general panic occurred. All rushed for the nearest exit or the window.

It was known that a large quantity of explosives was stored in the paint shop, which was then burning, but the danger of an explosion was averted by the good work of the firecrews.

In the meantime the attention of the navy yard workmen and officials was given to the women in the flag factory and they were finally quieted. Later they returned to work.

The loss by the fire was said to be heavy. Rear Admiral Leutze, commandant of the navy yard, has started an investigation.

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Messrs. Walpole Bros. make a specialty of weaving crests, monograms, etc., in table damasks.

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IN A VARIETY OF MATERIALS AND STYLES AT MODERATE PRICES. TAILOR-MADE SUITS, STREET AND AFTERNOON DRESSES, DINNER AND EVENING GOWNS, ALSO OPERA WRAPS, MOTOR AND STREET COATS, ETC.

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STAR PATCH SETS NEW SPEEDWAY MARK

James Lawrence's Gelding Paces a Half-Mile in Record Time of 0:59¾.

Followers of light harness racing were treated to one of the best performances ever witnessed on the Harlem Speedway yesterday in the seventh Fall matinee of the New York Road Drivers' Association when James Lawrence's bay gelding Star Patch covered the half mile in 0:59¾, thereby hanging up a new figure for the course. Never before has the Speedway half mile been traversed by either pacer or trotter in less than one minute, and this latter time has been made on only three occasions.

The event in which the fast time was recorded was the second heat of the championship class for pacers. All three heats of the race were closely contested and furnished unusual excitement, as the opening heat gave promise of a new mark when Thomas B. Leahy's brown mare Princess Direct, driven by Dr. Seamen, was timed for the half mile in 1:00, equaling the track record. The second heat was even more exciting than the first, for, after getting away to a good start, the field came down the stretch with three horses almost abreast at the quarter post.

The pace was so fast that it carried Princess Direct off her stride, and in order to stay up with the other two horses she had to run the remainder of the distance and finished in front by a head in the heat which was productive of the new mark, but was placed fourth for running. Star Patch, which finished only a head behind Princess Direct, was awarded the heat.

After the hard work of the two previous heats the third and final one fell short of the track time by only one quarter of a second, in which Star Patch was timed at 1:00¼, taking the heat and race. In the class for championship trotters Charles Weiland's bay gelding DeWitt captured the event in straight heats, the times being 1:03 and 1:03¾. The track was in perfect condition and the weather was splendid for the sport.

The Class A pace was closely contested from start to finish and was productive of nip and tuck battles in all three heats. In the initial brush William Scott's Louise E. showed her heels to the rest of the field and was timed at 1:02, but the two following brushes went to Thomas H. Harper's George Patchen, and each was covered in 1:02¼. The majority of matinees during the past have been decided in straight heats, but in yesterday's programme six of the ten events required three brushes before the victor was decided. The summaries:

Class C.—Trotting.
Elastic, br. g., (Dr. H. D. Gill) 1 3 1
Ben Bright, b. g., (E. H. Clark) 2 1 2
Triphammer, br. g., (N. Grunsfelder) .. 4 2 3
Athlon Wilkes, ch. g., (J. F. Gibbons) . 3 4 4
Time—1:07¼; 1:10; 1:03½.

Class A.—Trotting.
Gaudinak, blk. m., (J. Kennedy) 1 1
Fred Hopes, br. g., (F. Brock) 2 2
Baron Dell, b. g., (A. Mullady) 3 3
Dick Williams, b. g., (E. Shoemaker) .. 4 4
Time—1:04¾; 1:05.

Class B.—Pacing.
Lottie K., blk. m., (A. Mehler) 4 1 1
Comet, br. g., (C. Brooks) 1 2 2
Strongheart, br. g., (J. Halloway) 2 3 4
Midnight Direct, (J. O'Neill) 3 4 3
Time—1:07¼; 1:03¾; 1:06¾.

Championship Class.—Trotting.
De Witt, b. g., (C. Weiland) 1 1
Barice, b. g., (J. McCullogh) 2 2
Ragged Edge, b. g., (W. C. Urban) 3 3
Bright Axworthy, b. g., (W. Edelmeyer) .. 4 4
Time—1:03; 1:03¾.

Class D.—Trotting.
Master Barrymore, ch. g., (Dr. Mehler) ... 1 1 1
C. C., br. g., (T. Young) 3 2 2
Queen Bel, b. ma., (G. W. Morgan) 4 4 2
Pioneer Princess, b. m., (W. Cahill) 2 3 3
Hazel Bell, ch. m., (J. Brown) 5 5 4
Time—1:08; 1:00.

Class B.—Trotting.
Jack C., ch. g., (J. Lawrence) 2 2 1 1
Octavio, b. g., (S. Goldsmith) 1 4 2 2
Oliver Todd, br. s., (F. A. Campbell) .. 4 1 4 3
Francis Milrol, b. m., (A. Mullady) .. 3 3 4 ro
Time—1:05; 1:07½; 1:06; 1:08.

Championship Class.—Pacing.
Star Patch, b. g., (J. Lawrence) 2 1 1
Princess Direct, br. m., (Dr. J. Seamen) 1 4 4
Clover Patch, br. m., (J. Hunt) 6 2 3
B Ontime, b. g., (S. Goldsmith) 5 3 2
Geraldine, gr. s., (E. Shoemaker) 4 5 5
Time—1:00; 0:59¾; 1:00¾.

Class E.—Trotting.
Excelsior, b. g., (H. Reher) 1 1
Emily May, b. m., (W. Edelmeyer) 2 2
The Trip, br. g., (L. Smith) 3 3
Time—1:10½; 1:10.

Class A.—Pacing.
George Patchen, ch. g., (T. H. Harper) 3 1 1
Louise E., b. m., (W. Scott) 1 2 3
The Aristocrat, blk. g., (A. Mullady) .. 2 3 4
Strathina, b. g., (Dr. H. Ferster) 4 5 2
Bright Direct, br. g., (C. Hlawatsch) .. 6 4 5
Hiram Abiff, b. g., (W. Minor) 5 6 6
Time—1:02; 1:02¼; 1:02¾.

Class C.—Pacing.
Harry C., b. g., (P. J. Hatten) 2 1 1
George C., b. g., (J. Kuhlman) 1 2 2
The Rube, b. g., (J. A. Shannon) 3 3 3
Phenograph, b. m., (J. Cockerly) 4 4 4
Lady Loree, b. m., (C. Fendt) ..... 6 5 ro
Daisy Bell, ch. m., (G. Morgan) ..... 5 6 ro
Time—1:10; 1:08½; 1:08½.

Will Not Stop Betting at Juarez.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 1.—M. J. Winn, manager of the Condesa (Mexico City) and Juarez race tracks, has received a telegram from J. G. Follansbee, President of the Juarez track, stating that he has been assured by Abraham E. Gonsales, Governor of Chihuahua, that the authorities will not attempt to stop betting at Juarez, as has been reported.

Jiu Jitsu Wrestling To-night.

At the Irish-American Athletic Club to-night Will Bingham, champion lightweight jiu jitsu and catch-as-catch-can wrestler of England, will meet Prof. Louis Moscardelli, the Italian champion lightweight wrestler in jiu jitsu wrestling, all holds to go. There will be a number of other wrestling bouts between well-known mat men, among them being Bull Montana versus Herman Gerig of the German-American Athletic Club and Billy Curtis versus George Ogonaham of the Greek Club.

COLUMBIA TRACK GAMES.

Sophomores Defeat Freshmen, 88 Points to 28—Closing of Season.

Columbia's Fall track season came to an end yesterday afternoon when the sophomores won the annual underclass track meet from the freshmen by the score of 88 to 28. No records were broken, but there were good performances in every event, and R. L. Beatty, the shot-putter, who tossed the 16-pound weight 49 feet 2¾ inches in the games last week, did more first class putting, although he did not approach his last week's form by some three feet. His best put in competition was 45 feet 8 inches.

Frank Brady, the champion quarter-miler at De Witt Clinton High School last Winter, won the quarter-mile after a stirring race with W. Poerster, a sophomore. Brady was twenty yards in the ruck in the back stretch, but he came through the turn into the run home with a wonderful burst of speed and beat out Foerster by a couple of feet. His time was 58, 4-5 seconds, but the track was slow, and there was a stiff wind down the back stretch that held the runners back. A surprise was furnished in the half-mile event when L. Weed, a sophomore, came back after a year's absence from competition as a freshman and captured the half-mile event with ease. For a slow track he made the exceptionally good time of 2:03 3-5. Matched against Weed, who held the interscholastic championship in the half-mile while at Poly Prep, was Frank McDonald, one of De Witt Clinton's former star runners. McDonald pushed Weed hard, but the latter did not relinquish the lead at any point and broke away from him in the last stretch. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by S. Kaufman, '14; H. F. Masson, '14, second; L. Harvett, '15, third. Time—0:10 3-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by F. Brady, '15; H. H. Masson, '14, second; L. Harvett, '14, third. Time—0:23 3-5.

440-Yard Run.—Won by F. Brady, '15; W. Foerster, '14, second; A. Tenney, '14, third. Time—0:53 4-5.

Half-Mile Run.—Won by L. Weed, '14; F. McDonald, '14, second; G. Braun, '15, third. Time—2:06 3-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by L. Janney, '14; F. McDonald, '14, second; G. Tischenor, '15, third. Time—4:33 1-5.

Two-Mile Run.—Won by R. Muller, '15; L. Slade, '14, second; L. Janney, '14, third. Time—10:32 1-5.

120-Yard High Hurdles.—Won by A. Tenney, '14; G. Spooner, '15, second. Time—0:20 2-5.

Broad Jump.—Won by H. C. D. Dickenson, '14, with a jump of 19 feet 10 inches; F. Brady, '15, second; R. G. Stover, '15, third.

High Jump.—Won by H. T. Weiskotten, '14, with a jump of 5 feet 2½ inches; H. H. Masson, '14, and A. Tenney, '14, tied for second with a jump of 5 feet.

Pole Vault.—Won by H. C. D. Dickenson, '14, with a jump of 8 feet 6 inches; W. D. Crampton, '14, second; H. T. Weiskotten, '14, third.

Shot Put.—Won by R. L. Beatty, '14, with a put of 45 feet 8¼ inches; R. Hale, '14, second with a put of 37 feet 9¾ inches; J. Fishel, '15, third with a put of 30 feet 8½ inches.

Discus Throw.—Won by R. L. Beatty, '14, with a throw of 115 feet 6¼ inches; H. W. Reilly, '14, second with a throw of 93 feet 3½ inches; L. R. Beatty, '15, third with a throw of 92 feet 6¼ inches.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by H. C. D. Dickenson, '14; S. Kaufman, '14, second; R. Stover, '15, third. Time—0:30

WILL HOLD AERO SHOW.

Novel Exhibition to be Held in the Palace Next May.

At the Aero Club of America's first subscription dinner of the season last night the announcement was made that the club is to hold an aeronautic show early next May at the new Grand Central Palace. The matter was definitely decided at a full meeting of the Board of Governors yesterday. Preliminary arrangements have already been made with the International Exposition Company, which will finance the exposition and run the business end of it.

No serious effort has been made so far in America to hold a really representative aeronautic show, and the club thinks the time ripe to give the public an opportunity to judge the progress made in aeronautics by getting together under one roof all the latest products relating to the new industry.

By a special act of Congress the foreign machines shown at the new Grand Central Palace can come in free of duty, and it is hoped that this will lead to a strong foreign representation, although the club is counting on domestic manufacturers to provide the bulk of the exhibits.

Some of the firms mentioned as likely exhibitors are the Wright, Curtiss, Burgess-Wright, Blériot, Farman, and Nieuport. Morane Companies, besides a number of manufacturers of aeronautic motors and parts.

Army Officers for Horse Show.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Undeterred by any superstitious fear of the number thirteen, Major Gen. Wood, Chief of Staff, to-day issued orders for that number of officers of the army to participate in the international horse show at New York, Nov. 18 to 24, where they will compete with troopers from England, France, Belgium, and Italy. The details are five officers from Fort Riley, Kansas; three from San Antonio, Texas; three from Fort Myer, Va., one from Columbus Barracks, Ohio, and one from Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.

Westchester Athletes Dine.

The annual banquet of the Westchester County Athletic Association was held at the Briar Cliff Lodge last night. There were 225 members and their friends present from the various villages in the county. The object of the association is the promotion of clean amateur sports.

The Briar Cliff baseball team won the pennant in the County League, and the cup was presented last night. The principal speaker was Dr. George J. Fisher, International Secretary of the Physical Department of the Y. M. C. A. of New York.

American Tennis Team Sailed.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 1.—The American tennis team which will compete for the Davis World's Championship Cup, sailed for Auckland to-day. The team includes W. A. Larned, United States champion; Beals C. Wright, and Maurice McLoughlin.

PAWLING A CANDIDATE.

Middle Atlantic Association Indorses Leader for A. A. U. Presidency.

The Middle Atlantic Association of the Amateur Athletic Union has issued a circular to the members and Board of Governors of the organization presenting for consideration the name of George Franklin Pawling as a candidate for the Presidency of the Amateur Athletic Union. In regard to Mr. Pawling the circular has the following:

Mr. Pawling has been actively identified with amateur athletics for many years, both as a competitor and in an official capacity. He is at present serving his third consecutive term as President of the Middle Atlantic Association, having been unanimously elected at the recent annual meeting. His absolute integrity and his abiding interest in the welfare of the Amateur Athletic Union, together with the up-to-date business methods that have characterised his administration, in which time the membership has increased from twenty-eight to ninety-eight clubs, has made for him hosts of friends in our district, where he is held in the greatest esteem by his fellows.

His activities and influence have not been confined to the Middle Atlantic Association. When this district was a part of the Metropolitan Association he served it as First Vice President, and a year ago he was honored with the office of Second Vice President of the union. During the past year he has been an active member of the Championship Committee, and his work in Pittsburgh in connection with the annual track and field championships won for him the commendation of all our officials.

Steeplechase Handicap Weights.

Weights for the Great United Hunts Steeplechase Handicap to be run at the meeting of the United Hunts Racing Association at Belmont Park Terminal, Queens, on Saturday, Nov. 4, are as follows: The Welkin, 163 pounds; Gold Plate, 160; Far West, 148; Frank Stagg, 140; Macdonian, 145; Essex E., 140; Adjutor, 136; Meadow Boy, 136; Rampago, 130; Solax, 130.

For Other Sports See Pages 12 & 13.

Convertible Collar Overcoats at $16.50, that will convert many a man from the high price Winter Overcoat habit.

These long, big overcoats with convertible collars are most popular with the young men. It's a splendid style—when the collar is open and lies flat, it's a smart, dressy overcoat—when the collar is up and buttoned in military fashion at the throat, it affords great protection against cold and storm. Swagger loose draped backs and graceful form fitting models, in snappy grays, browns and tans—all specially priced at $16.50.

We Give Double "S. & H." Green Stamps until noon—Single Stamps in the afternoon.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

A Sale of Hackett, Carhart Overcoats For Men, That Is Making Clothing History

Every man who has a winter overcoat to buy owes it to himself to see these garments.

There are 6,000 to choose from, each at a saving of $6.50 to $17.50.

Right at the beginning of the season comes this sale, because we had the means and the courage to buy far underprice all the output of two famous overcoating mills who thought their styles were not right.

Time has shown that their STYLES WERE RIGHT, and a month ago they came to us and offered to buy back at a handsome advance every yard of goods.

You get the benefit, because so advantageously do we own these fabrics, that by averaging them with goods from 15 other of the best mills here and abroad, we can give you fabrics that usually go into coats at much higher prices.

The tailoring is in keeping with the fabrics and is the high Hackett, Carhart standard, unsurpassed for over 50 years.

The models are an exposition of all this season's newest correct designs, the new Raglans, the new convertible collar coats, both single and double breasted, with or without belts, and the new box models.

The fabrics present an assortment of every known weave and coloring and furs that are correctly used for overcoats. Besides the goods from the two mills referred to, there are fabrics from fifteen of the best mills in Europe and America, and furs from all the world.

The values are truly stated in this announcement, and are the best overcoat values ever offered at the beginning of the season.

$22.50 Value Overcoats, $15

FOR stout men here are dark Oxford Overcoats made particularly to fit them. For Men and Young Men of regular build from 32 chest up, here are fancy Tan, Brown and Gray mixtures as well as conservative Oxford and Black coats. Every garment would be extreme value at $22.50.

$20 Value Overcoats, $13.50

IF you plan to spend $20 for a Winter Overcoat, you miss a chance to save $6.50 if you don't see these. There are belted back, convertible collar and ¾ length models. Choose from Gray, Tan and Brown mixtures, and very fine Black and Oxford Meltons. Every coat has best serge linings and satin sleeve linings.

$18 Value Overcoats, $11.50

NEW Model Coats of black and Oxford Melton and fancy overcoatings, tailored, styled and finished like usual $18 garments. All sizes for men and young men.

$25 Value Overcoats, $17.50

JUST a few of the models are: Double breasted convertible collar models, Ulster collar belted models, single breasted convertible collar models and regular ¾ length (46 inch long) overcoat models. Irish Friezes, Meltons, Kerseys and Cheviot mixtures are here. Particular attention is called to the rich dark brown kerseys, the warmth without weight gray mixtures and the dressy black and Oxford Meltons and Kerseys. Also medium weight black and Oxford coats, silk lined to the edge.

$28 Value Overcoats, $19.50

RAGLAN Shoulder Overcoats, convertible collar overcoats and conservative box overcoats. The fabrics include kerseys, meltons, worsted finished cheviots and cassimeres; colorings are new blue, grays, tans, browns, greenish grays, Oxfords and blacks.

$30 Value Overcoats, $22.50

WARMTH without weight garments included in this range. Here are new browns, grays, tans and blues. Many have fancy back and are skeleton lined. Check and stripe effects as well as plain blacks and Oxfords. Included are dark Oxford Melton coats with fancy backs.

$35 Value Overcoats, $25

THE biggest range of all. 2000 coats at $25 each, and every one $35 standard. Raglan, Button through, convertible collar, and box coat models. Every length from 45 to 52 inches. Every size from 32 to 52. Every coloring from black to lightest grays and tans.

$40 Value Overcoats, $27.50

CONSERVATIVE Coats of Lamb's wool vicuna, and extremely smart coats semi-box back models, button through, in fuzzy long nap gray and brown Oxford weaves.

$50 Value Overcoats, $32.50

DIGNIFIED Garments of fine black and Oxford kersey and dark soft weave overcoatings. Qualities never before had under $50.

$55 Value Overcoats, $37.50

OVER 300 Garments specially priced at $37.50. Here are the finest Meltons, Kerseys and Vicunas in plain and fancy weaves that the best mills in England give to the world.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St. | 125th Street, Near Third Ave. | 119 W. 42d St. Near Broadway. | 841 Broadway, Corner 13th St.

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

POLITICAL. POLITICAL. POLITICAL.

Who Made Taxes High?

The Hearst-Republican Majority in the Board of Estimate!

Fusion apologists are attempting to lay responsibility for the increased budget upon the Democrats.

The Board of Estimate adopts the budget and that Board is constituted as follows:

HEARST-REPUBLICANS	VOTES	DEMOCRATS	VOTES
Comptroller Prendergast	3	Mayor Gaynor	3
Pres. B'd of Aldermen Mitchel	3	Borough Pres. Connolly	1
Borough Pres. McAneny	2		
Borough Pres. Steers	2		
Borough Pres. Miller	1		
Borough Pres. Cromwell	1		
Total	12	Total	4

The budget is prepared by a special budgetary committee composed of Messrs. Prendergast, McAneny and Mitchel, who present it to the full Board for adoption.

Nine votes are required to adopt the budget. The budget this year and last was adopted unanimously.

The budget for 1911, likewise the budget for 1912, were made up by Hearst-Republicans and adopted by their votes. If the budget contains extravagant appropriations, as the Hearst-Republican members of the board are charging on the stump, why did these model officials include them in the budget, report them favorably, and then vote for them?

The oratorical Hearst-Republican Comptroller, whose verbal performances are always his best, especially has been very noisy on the stump about "Democratic extravagance." "Democratic extravagance" is the only kind which the Comptroller's delicate vision can perceive. He does not explain why he incorporated this "extravagance" in the budget and voted for it.

Nor has he, otherwise so voluble, explained how his Hearst-Republican colleague, the President of the smaller Borough of Richmond, **increased his budget request over 27 per cent.**

Neither has he found time or inclination to tell why, after 18 months of administration of the streets of Manhattan by Colleague McAneny, it is necessary for Mr. McAneny to **ask for $6,000,000 to put the streets back in condition,** and to ask for an increase of $510,874 in his expenses!

These are merely two samples of "economy" which the Comptroller on his night-ly rounds of the stump has overlooked.

As to Hearst-Republican McAneny's streets, no one would be cruel enough even to suggest that the Comptroller attempt to explain them away.

It is of course too much to expect these Fusion officials, who do all their "economizing" on the stump, to frankly tell the truth about other officials who refuse to follow them in their ridiculous alliances with Hearst.

For the benefit of those who desire to know the real truth about the budget, here it is:

Although practically *nine-tenths* of the administrative activities of the city are conducted by departments under Mayor Gaynor, the total increase in the budget for these departments for next year amounts to *only one sixth (16 per cent.)* of the total increases in the budget.

In other words, the total increase in next year's budget is $15,000,000, and of this amount only $2,450,340.92 is for departments under Mayor Gaynor.

Of this $2,450,340.92 nearly half is mandatory under the law—that is, automatic increases in the pay of policemen, firemen, etc. The rest is merely the normal increase due to the extension of lighting, water and other facilities.

These are FACTS AND FIGURES from the record. Neither the sophistry nor oratory of the Fusion apologists can alter them.

Democratic General Committee
of the County of New York

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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ITALY AND THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

There is one phase of the aggressive policy of Italy in Africa that has been only partly discussed in the English press, but has attracted a good deal of attention and caused some heartburning in German official and military circles. This is the effect of the new enterprise of Italy upon the Triple Alliance, and thus upon the whole rather delicate balance of power in Europe.

The Triple Alliance embraces Germany—"the dominant partner"—Austria-Hungary, and Italy. The term of its latest renewal expires in 1914. The substance of the agreement between the three Powers, so far as it is not modified by secret understandings, is that they will come to the aid of each other in case of attack upon any one. In the present situation of Europe it is, in intent and effect, an alliance of the three parties to it to counterbalance the less definite but perhaps quite as formidable Triple Entente between Great Britain, France, and Russia. The points at which these two distinct and practically rival, if not conflicting, groups of Powers have opposing interests and aims are many, but the chief difficulties arise from the competition of Germany and Great Britain in naval preparation; the long-standing differences between Germany and France, the inheritance from the contest of forty years ago; and, finally, the conflicting aims of Russia and Austria-Hungary in the Balkan region. It will be recognized that Italy is not directly concerned in any of these save the possible advance of Austria-Hungary to Salonika and the command of the Adriatic.

The interests and sympathies of Italy are, in fact, more closely interwoven with those of France and Great Britain than with those of her temporary allies. With the latter she has the ties of long-standing friendship, intensified by the important part the English people and the Government took in the various stages of the struggle for Italian unity and independence. With both Powers Italy has recently come to a close understanding as to all points of difference, a free hand in Tripoli being one of the advantages—or supposed advantages—obtained. Italy could not, under existing circumstances, take any zealous part in a war, however started, against Great Britain and France.

It may now be said that Italy could not take any part at all in such a war. She has entered upon a venture that practically compels her to remain at peace with both these Powers. She has undertaken to seize by arms a country to which every soldier and every soldier's supplies must be transported across the Mediterranean. Great Britain and France command the Mediterranean more completely than they command the channel that divides their territory. In case of war with Italy they could paralyze or destroy the Italian Navy, which, though new and, relatively to the demands of the recent past, strong, would be helpless against the ships of the two great Mediterranean Powers. Should a conflict arise in which, under the terms of the Triple Alliance, Italy should be called on to come to the aid of Germany or Austria-Hungary, she would be compelled to ask for a guarantee of safety for her fleet. It could not be given. Neither of her allies could put a single warship in action between Gibraltar and the Dardanelles. Add the fact that the flower of Italy's land force is, or soon will be, in North Africa, and it becomes plain, whatever the alliance may call for, that Italy is out of the game. For all practical purposes the Triple Alliance is no longer triple. There are but two parties left.

It is doubtless this view of the case that makes the German press so bitter in its criticism of the course of Italy. It is a rude shock to the feeling that had grown up in Germany that that Power was secure in the strength of the alliance and could control the action of the parties to it. But disagreeable as present developments may be to one class of Germans, they may well be to the advantage of the nation. They make a serious European war more unlikely, and such a war, whatever its outcome, would be an incalculable calamity.

POLICE, AND "EQUAL PAY."

There will be no 1,000 new patrolmen for Police Commissioner WALDO. The $1,000,000 which he asked for this addition to the force has been included in the $8,800,000 set aside to gratify the "equal pay" demands of the women teachers of this city. In signing the bill Mayor GAYNOR said, "We can save $3,500,000 in other ways." It will cost a quarter of a million above that sum, and in this way we shall save it. Our neighbor The Brooklyn Eagle fears that without a reinforcement of the police in the newly developed sections of the city, "the assaults upon women which have shocked the town will be repeated," and the spirit of lawlessness will run unchecked.

Well, a few men teachers had higher salaries than the mass of women teachers. That was reason enough for draining an already exhausted treasury of millions for the women. But the drain deprives the Police Department of needed men, and the city protection against crime.

A "PURE FABRICS" LAW.

Representative VICTOR MURDOCK introduced in Congress this year a bill prohibiting the shipment in inter-State commerce of clothing and fabrics adulterated and fraudulently labeled. In it the principle of the Federal Pure Food and Drugs act was applied to the sale of that great group of necessaries comprised under clothing. But the tariff-protected textile industries had such a grip upon Congress that the bill was not even considered. Therefore, when a correspondent addressed this week a letter of inquiry to THE TIMES, asking whether "there is any law in the United States which can be invoked to protect honest merchandise from misrepresentation and the public from being swindled by 'fakes,'" and inclosed a circular advertising "real Irish lace" goods never made in Ireland, we felt desperately sympathetic with the inquirer but knew not how to answer him.

But we have received from Mr. GRAHAM ADAMS a reference to Section 421 of Article 40 of the consolidated laws, being a part of the New York Penal Code, which provides:

> Untrue and misleading advertisements. Any person, firm, corporation or association, or any employé thereof, who, in a newspaper, circular, or other publication published in this State, knowingly makes or disseminates any statement or assertion of fact concerning the quantity, the quality, the value, the method of production or manufacture, or the reason for the price of his or their merchandise, or the manner or source of purchase of such merchandise, or the possession of rewards, prizes, or distinctions conferred on account of such merchandise or the motive or purpose of a sale, intended to give the appearance of an offer advantageous to the purchaser which is untrue or calculated to mislead, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
>
> Any person, firm, corporation, or association or any employé thereof who violates any provision of this section shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars for each offense.

This helps, but it is not a "pure fabrics" law. It does not forbid the selling of "all wool" and "pure silk" materials that are made of other substances than wool and silk. It does not punish the false labelers of imitation ginghams made of cotton print cloths, or of "warranted" linens which are cotton treated with magnesia to give them the cool feeling that deceives the housewives. Another cheat is the weighting of loosely woven cotton textiles with clay and other minerals to give them a "body" that disappears after the first washing; there is no penalty for it. We have no State or Federal law against fraudulent labeling or deceptive manufacture of textile goods.

"AMENDMENT NO. 2."

The veteran Justice of the Supreme Court in this County, whose vindication of Constitutional Amendment No. 2, to be voted on next Tuesday, appeared in THE TIMES yesterday, is a little late. Voters are puzzled by this amendment; it must be explained to them that the measure deprives the Justices of the Appellate Division in each department of the power of fixing the times and places for holding special terms of the Supreme Court and of assigning Justices. Even then they fail to comprehend its meaning, or what it would effect.

The veteran Justice says that the measure would expedite legal business in this County; minimize favoritism in appointing such expensive officials as referees and receivers; equalize the work of the Supreme Court Justices, some of whom, he declares, get plenty of time for vacations and others little or no time, and curtail the political patronage of the courts. He accuses the seven Appellate Justices, in exercising their present power to fix special terms and assign Judges, of delaying litigation and of promoting the other evils complained of. He admits that the Constitutional Convention of 1894 believed that the power which the Appellate Division wields were better lodged with this small body of seven than with the large number of Supreme Court Justices, some of them newly elected. The Appellate Judges review the work of the Supreme Court Justices; therefore, as the Bar Association points out in its protest against the passage of Amendment No. 2, the present system should secure "an impartial selection of the best qualified Judges by those who have constant occasion to observe and review their judicial work."

But the complaining Justice maintains that the voters should see how the system works. Any one of them, he says, can go into the County Court House and note the innumerable cases awaiting trial, while the calendar in some particular part breaks down, leaving a sycophant and favored Justice nothing further to do for that day. They can learn, if they listen to querulous whispers, how some Justices can "go to Europe or anywhere they want, while others never had a clear vacation." The hated system results in the designation of Justices who appoint Condemnation Commissioners. The fees of Condemnation Commissioners, as everybody knows, are excessive; their awards are disproportionate, and their proceedings are unconscionably protracted. The fellow Justices of those who are appointed to these positions, where "plums" may be distributed, "felt the scandal keenly," but "could do nothing." The veteran Justice concludes triumphantly: "Could this have been, if the Justices were making their own assignments?"

Of course it could have been. Why not? This Justice's complaint is a confession that among his associates, to whom he would give the power now conferred upon the Appellate Judges, are black sheep who make favorites of seekers after the people's money, and indolent men who prefer to draw their pay and spend it in long vacations. Would not their bad influence be felt if to them and to their fellows, as Amendment No. 2 proposes, complete control of their uprisings and downsittings were given? We think so. But the voters are not judges of these questions of internal judicial machinery. Such questions should not thus be submitted to them and lamely accounted for at a late day. As the Bar Association suggests, inasmuch as the holding of special terms and the assignment of Supreme Court Justices was carefully considered at the last Constitutional Convention by men who were expertly qualified to consider it, it may still be "carefully reconsidered in the light of practical experience throughout the whole State" at the next Constitutional Convention. Therefore, vote "No."

MR. WICKERSHAM'S ARGUMENT.

It is reassuring to remark that the Attorney General's oral exposition of his brief is more moderate than its tenor indicated. This appears more clearly in his dissent from the "independents" than in his views upon the plan proposed by the trust under reformation. The unnatural character of the independents' proposal may be illustrated by comparing the trust organization to a layer cake. The natural way of slicing is vertically, so that in the division all may get a fair share of each layer. The independents did not wish a fair division so much as a division in their own interest. For this reason they proposed that the layers should be separated horizontally, so to speak, and an entire layer given to each of separate sections of the trust. The difficulties of making a fair division in this manner, if it were practicable at all, are sufficiently indicated by the Attorney General's remark that it would take six years instead of six months.

The Attorney General's proposal that the court should take judicial notice of the conduct of the reformed trust for a term of years is a novel suggestion. The Attorney General himself has declined the duty of universal counsel for all the malefactors, and it may be doubted that the court will fancy beginning a long journey along that path. Even if there were no more than one hundred trusts to be reorganized, the court may have other duties than keeping an eye on each of them, which would hardly be distinguishable from keeping an eye on none of them in particular. The statute lays the duty of enforcement of this statute upon the Executive rather than upon the judiciary, and it may be left there. The more particularly is this true as there are more theoretical and practical objections to dividing and diverting this undesirable responsibility than there are to leaving it where it is. The court may prefer to reserve its energies for such action as the Attorney General brings to its attention in due course and without any departure from accustomed and approved practice.

Mr. WICKERSHAM'S milder manner is all the more welcome as it comes from experience. His first attempt at a constructive policy illustrates to him the difficulty which confronts the practical man at each and every effort to comply with this perfectly clear statute, written in a few words, mostly of two or three syllables, and no one of which needs reference to a dictionary for its meaning. Yet when this trained and competent officer of the law attempts to lay down a course for the Tobacco Trust he himself says that he enters upon a field of "conjecture," and that a term of years will be necessary to show whether his proposals are sufficiently reformatory in compliance with the law. Business cannot be done in that way. Men will not invest capital to learn after a term of years that their action, however well intended, is unlawful. But business will be done, because it must be done. The commercial world may slow up for the politicians and lawyers, but it will not stop, and it will after a time regain its momentum, although nobody may be exactly clear how it will happen. To this happy result the Attorney General's rejection of the impractical proposals of the extremists contributes much. They fancy that the law was passed and the trust is slain for their special advantage rather than for the common welfare. It is cheering to remark that a broader view was taken, and a calmer one.

THE STEEL TRUST'S REPORT.

It may be doubted that the steel trade as a whole has been worse at any time than recently, but it is sure that the Steel Corporation's own business has been worse. The contrast between the comparative poorness of general trade and excellence of the Trust's share illustrates the dilemma in which Chairman GARY has said publicly he was placed by the laws. If he competed as hard as he could he would make a monopoly for himself against his will. And if he limited his ability to beggar his neighbors by an agreement under the Golden Rule of trade he was a conspirator with all the inconveniences which that implies. Under the operation of the Golden Rule conditions like the present have heretofore marked the upturn for all. Competition is excellent theoretically, but harmony and solvency are preferable. When the competitors of the Trust have lost all the money they can afford peace with profit will be restored for the survivors.

While the object lesson is proceeding it may be remarked that during an open market the Trust is able to earn its dividends and a surplus which would make a handsome total net for some of its rivals. It is able to do this by reason of an efficiency which it is the object of the critics of the Trust System to destroy. Their intention is to slay the Trust, but the blow falls first upon the independents. A willful slaughter of prices might be thought unfair competition if it were not compelled by law, and by the nagging of those who think they can manage trade better than the traders. And it is to be remarked that cutthroat prices being now available few avail of them. Instead of there being a trade boom there is not a normal business, and that does not go to those who need it most, but to those who are able to do it and live. It is timely to ask whether, when the boom recurs, those who want iron so much that they will pay a premium above the top price to get it will patronize the Trust or the independents. Heretofore the Trust has never accepted these premiums, preferring to maintain a reasonable schedule. But if it is compelled to sell so cheaply under an open market may it not reason that, since the Golden Rule has been abolished, it may extort all the traffic will bear as well as others? The maxim of the Trust has been stability of trade and investment, and fair treatment for all. Would it be a cause for rejoicing if this policy should be condemned?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Certain Critics Criticized.

That American newspapers are not perfect is a mystery, for many people who speak in the tones of knowledge and authority are constantly telling them how to attain that blessed state. The explanation of the small effect which these generous and persistent advisers produce may lie, just possibly, in the fact that most of them are the victims, on the one hand, of delusions as to what news ought to be, and, on the other, of a more or less nearly complete ignorance of what news is.

The gravest charge brought against the American press, or at any rate the charge brought against it most gravely, is that our papers have no sense of relative values—that they give too much space to trivial matters like murders, divorces, accidents, and matters of local or narrow interest, and are not sufficiently, or exclusively, devoted to recording the doings of Legislatures and Governments. This accusation is very solemnly formulated by a British critic, whose conclusions, reached after what he calls a careful study of our better papers, were printed in The London Times and cabled over here this week.

He does not deny that we print what he considers real news—how could he after reading our dispatches from China and Tripoli—but he complains that we print with it a lot of worthless stuff—a "mess," is his term—about persons and things that seem unimportant to the rulers of nations, their representatives and their servants. Well, we do. But if this Briton and others like him were half as wise as they think themselves, it would be obvious to them that modern newspapers are doing exactly what modern historians are doing—that both have gained, not lost, in power to distinguish between causes and effects and therefore no longer confine their attention to Kings, diplomats, and soldiers.

The old histories never mentioned anybody without a title and led their readers to infer that nothing happened except dynastic changes and wars. The histories of to-day are written from a wholly different standpoint, on a wholly different theory, and we get studies, not of this or that "house," but of this or that "people." A newspaper conducted as the yelpers about "triviality" demand would be little more than a trade journal serving the interests of a single class and readable with profit only by the members of that class.

Close Up Every Fire-trap.

On the principle that prevention is better than cure we are much less interested in the bringing to trial of two men in whose factory scores and scores of poor girls lost their lives than in the arrest of certain other men who, indifferent to everything except immediate profits, are daily subjecting other scores and scores of poor girls to danger of the same fate by maintaining conditions that in case of fire make escape impossible.

The former offenders have already suffered a much heavier penalty than any court will impose on them, for of course they did not intend that anybody should be burned to death, and when evil intent is absent juries can rarely see any guilt at all and never a grave criminality. Not a little of that same heavier penalty is inflicted when the law attacks men whose criminal negligence, though obvious, has not yet produced the horrible consequences sure to follow sooner or later.

Really to effect, however, a prompt and permanent reform of dangerous working conditions the arrest of the man maintaining them should follow, and be merely incidental to, the turning of every worker out of the improperly conducted and guarded factory and the locking of its doors until it be made fit for occupancy. The law, it seems, permits that. To do it is drastic procedure, certain to inflict hardship on the workers and likely to ruin their employer, but it would be magnificently preventive of death by fire, and certainty of resort to it when necessary would certainly soon make resort to it unnecessary. Then no workers would suffer hardship from suspension of their work, and no employers would be ruined either by the closing or the burning of their factories.

The present activities along these three lines are, as usual, the result of a great disaster. That disaster taught neither officials nor the public one single thing that both did not know perfectly well before, but it was teaching of the kind that seems to be the only kind that human beings will heed. While the lesson of dire experience is still fresh in mind measures of prevention stern enough to deserve the name will be supported by public sentiment, and officers alert to their duty will not neglect the opportunity to enforce with full rigor the old and new laws at their command.

Perhaps it would be well if the officers who fail to do that were held to at least equal responsibility for the springing of "death-traps" as are those who set them. That would be a great inspirer of official zeal.

PARIS EDITOR EXPLAINS.

Tells Just What Le Journal International Will Be Like.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of Oct. 11 appears a very friendly cablegram from Paris concerning Le Journal International, which we are to bring out here in the course of the coming year. But may I be permitted to add a few lines of further explanation? In the first place, your correspondent speaks of the price—10 cents—of the paper, as though it were abnormal and absolutely new to journalism. But in all foreign countries The London Times sells for 10 cents a copy.

Though Le Journal International will be published in French and in Paris, it is no more a Paris or French paper than is the Journal de Genève of Switzerland, or the Indépendance Belge of Brussels. Its circulation in Paris and France will, for certain racial reasons, probably be less than in some of the neighboring countries. It is normal, therefore, that the price should be the same everywhere.

If experience should show us that 10 cents is too high we shall reduce the price. It is much easier to come down than to go up in the price of a publication. May I also take exception to your correspondent's report that the paper is "to be run in the American style"? Though it is not very clear what he means by "American style," I may say that the style of The London Times is nearer what we shall aim at.

And now may I add one more word descriptive of the general character of the paper? All matters which have an international bearing will have a place in our columns, politics simply taking its place along with economics, finance, sociology, literature, and art. But when politics is treated, it will be fairly presented not only from the international standpoint, but from the standpoint of the different national parties, a sort of treatment which will be new, I think, to the journalism of all countries.

THEODORE STANTON.
18 Rue Notre Dame des Victoires,
Paris, Oct. 24, 1911.

THE "OPPRESSED" SMALL MAN.

He Should Be Glad to Fasten His Spoke to a Hub.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It strikes me that there is considerable merit in what "M. D. Rothschild" has to say on the "Small Man's Chance," especially in his hog simile, which is apt and convincing.

Eliminate the element of wrongful oppressiveness in business combination, and the small man will be left with as good a chance as he has always had. To say that the small man is oppressed by mere combination because it is combination is to utter an absurdity. Combination is a necessity to the small man, considering the percentage of his failures through natural incapacity. For what would the small man do for a job on his proved lack of individual initiative if there were not combinations to turn to representing the survival of the fittest?

It seems safe to say that the ambition of every small man—and we are practically all small men at the start—is to get into business for himself. How many of him possess that which makes for success alone and unaided? How many of him have the gumption to know whether they are making or losing money until informed by a sorrowful committee of creditors?

And yet the small man will continue to the end of time throwing up a decent living job to "strike out" for himself, only to be driven back for support to the combination at which he has probably railed in his blindness as to his own lack of independent ability.

There are more cogs to a wheel than hubs, and yet they are just as necessary as the hub for the smooth working of the machinery. But a cog by itself is not nearly of as much account as a hub. How many of us are hubs, and how many of us cogs? J. W. E.
New York, Nov. 1, 1911.

Prodigal Daughters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Possibly it is not known as widely as it should be that, from the opening of school in September up to Nov. 1, every clerk in the schools who has been perfect in her attendance, whether a raw recruit or a veteran of many annual reports, has received an impartial check for $24. Possibly, too, it is not generally known that in almost every instance the entire lump sum has long since been spent. This would seem incredible when the present low rates of board, lodging, clothing, and the other simple necessities of living are considered; but the fact has been established beyond question. Even the most charitable of souls will be forced to the conclusion that the clerks have been guilty of riotous living.

Now we would not praise the Board of Education for its munificence to the clerks, nor would we condemn those merry spendthrifts for their lavish living, but we frankly own that our curiosity has been aroused, and, like Rosa Dartle of old, we "merely would like to know" just how they really did spend their $24.
AN INQUIRING CITIZEN.
Tottenville, N. Y., Oct. 31, 1911.

Who Else Was Deceived?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is frequently stated that Dr. Cook deceived the Danes, but deceived nobody else. Is that statement true? When Dr. Cook's declaration that he had found the pole was first issued, did the whole world except Denmark call him an impostor? When Dr. Cook finally came to New York, how was he received—coldly or enthusiastically? Is it true that he was given the freedom of the city, entertained at a public banquet, carried to Brooklyn half smothered with roses? Is it true that a New York newspaper paid him thousands for his alleged discovery, and that he made thousands more by lecturing, so that he is estimated to have taken out of the country $100,000? If so, it seems to me that Americans are as trusting as some Danes.
New York, Oct. 31, 1911. FAIR PLAY.

Election Night's Bonfires.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In to-day's issue your correspondent, John Henry Smith, says: "It would pay the City of New York to employ 1,000 able-bodied men on election night to stop boys and young men from making fires and burning holes in the streets." Why this additional expenditure? Why not this suggestion: A law prohibiting those fires? It would help some.
EDWARD G. EKDAHL.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1911.

Bigger Tax Bills.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am a property owner in Arverne, Greater New York, and every year my tax bill has increased. This year the increase is more than 50 per cent. greater than last year's bill. Will you kindly advise me how I can have this increase lessened, as my rents get smaller each year and the expense for repairs, &c., gets larger?
Southold, L. I., Oct. 31, 1911. J. E. N.

SPEAKS UP FOR TAMMANY.

Samuel Untermyer Wishes to Present Its Side to the Voters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Inasmuch as the nominees of the New York County Democratic Organization in the pending campaign have no open champion among the newspapers, it seems but fair and in the interest of good citizenship that their side of the issue should be placed before the voters by one who, though a Democrat upon National and State issues, claims to be able to take an impartial and non-partisan attitude on questions affecting local government.

The judiciary candidates are of an unusually high order. It is recognized by the bar as on the whole the best judicial ticket ever offered to the voters of this county. With the exception of Mr. Shearn they far outclass the candidates of the opposing party.

The nomination of Judge Fowler in response to the unanimous sentiment of the bar, and solely because of his preeminent equipment for the office, is a long step in the direction of good government, which should be appreciated and encouraged by every citizen who is anxious to raise the standards of the judiciary. The failure of the fusion movement to indorse his candidacy was a serious mistake.

What then is the issue upon which Democrats are asked to vote against their party and to install a Republican Assembly, with power to obstruct and nullify the efforts of a Democratic Senate and Executive to carry out a plan of constructive legislation?

It is argued that by defeating the Assembly candidates named by the Democratic organization, the control of Tammany Hall over the incoming Legislature will be destroyed and its power weakened. The offenses charged against the last Legislature as justifying this destructive course are the passage of the Levy bill and the attempt to pass the Charter.

None of the conspicuous accomplishments of the past Legislature toward redeeming its pledges to the people, such as the approval of the income tax amendment and the inauguration of direct primaries, are taken into account.

The Levy bill may not be all that could be desired, but it is a long step in the right direction of securing direct primaries, and was made possible only by a Democratic Legislature after Republican Legislatures had for years promised and refused all relief.

As to the action upon the Charter, it is agreed on all sides that the city is sadly in need of a new Charter. None will ever be adopted that will meet the views of everybody. Differences of opinion on many phases of the subject are natural and stimulating. The questions are complicated, and the contending views as between differing theories of municipal government are necessarily difficult to harmonize.

The essential point, however, of which we should not lose sight, is that we now have the opportunity of securing a Charter for this Democratic city that will be the work of a Democratic Legislature, and that we ought not wilfully vote to accept one at the hands of the opposing party. The fact that we are to have a Charter is to me a conclusive reason why independent Democrats should support their party's candidates for Assembly, instead of selecting their Republican opponents under the fusion label.

A party that wantonly throws away such an opportunity to demonstrate its capacity for government is not fit to govern. No Democrat living in this city can afford, in justice to his party, to turn over the enactment of the laws under which we are to live to his political opponents, with their unsavory legislative record.

No election has been held within the memory of the present generation so fraught with great issues and momentous consequences to the country as the National struggle upon which we are about to enter. The Democratic Party has taken on new life and vigor. Are we acting justly to Democrats throughout the country in deliberately handicapping and disheartening our fellow-Democrats by withdrawing New York from the Democratic column?
SAMUEL UNTERMYER.
Greystone-on-Hudson, Oct. 31, 1911.

Common Shareholders' Troubles.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES printed on July 24, 1909, a letter from Adolph Lewisohn, in which he said:

> We should bear in mind, and I think it is our duty to direct the attention of the investing public to the fact that many of our securities represent only an earning power which may temporarily decrease or stop entirely, no matter how good the enterprise may be. There are large mortgages on many properties, and if there is a temporary decrease or cessation of surplus earnings, it may go hard for the time being with the owners of the common shares, even though the various issues of bonds and preferred stock might still receive their interest and dividends.

It seems to me that the shareholders of some of the great corporations are now witnessing the truth of this statement.
New York, Nov. 1, 1911. STOCKHOLDER.

BUBBLES.

A lad with a long-stemmed pipe and a bowl,
With a radiant eye and a sunlit soul,
And over the bowl the bubbles rolled
In heaps and clusters like grapes of gold.
"And what are you doing, my Curly Head?"
"I'm blowing bubbles," the youngster said,
"For I like to see them rise and blow
Far as the winds will let them go
Before they burst, as they must, and then
I fill my pipe and I blow again."

And the Youth with his strength was just ahead
With a bounding pulse and cheeks flushed red
In the glow of health and over the bowl
Of Life he stood, where the bubbles roll
And cluster thick as the blossoms do
On the cherry trees when the April 's new;
"I'm blowing bubbles," I heard him say,
"And they gleam and rise and float away
And burst as bubbles must and then
I fill the pipe and I blow again."

And the Maiden stood with her wind-tossed hair
And her cheek like the rose-leaf, pink and fair,
Over the bowl, whence the bubbles float,
And she had a song in her pretty throat:
"See the bubbles that blow for me
Bearing the joys that are soon to be,
And I love to see them rise and blow
Far as the winds will let them go
Till they burst in mist, as they must, and then
I may fill the pipe and blow again."

And Age was a little further on
When the sun sank low and the day near gone,
Bending over the bowl with a smile
That was only the ghost of its earlier while;
And the bubbles rose, but small and few
Nor clustered thick as they used to do.
But Age went mumbling along his way:
"See the bubbles—they burst to-day
As bubbles must, in the mist, but then
I may fill the pipe and blow again."

A pipe and a bowl and you and I
Bending above and the bubbles lie
Clustered thick, and the dreams we bear
Rich as the colors tinted there;
And the pipe is cracked and the bowl is, too,
But the bubbles rise as they used to do
And we love to see them break and blow
Far as the winds will let them go,
And what if they burst, as they must? —for then
We may fill the pipe and blow again."

J. W. FOLEY.

GOV. DIX MAKES PLEA FOR PARTY LOYALTY

Says Every Pledge of Rochester Platform Has Been Redeemed, Every Promise Kept.

CONDEMNS FUSION TICKET

Governor Predicts That Democrats Will Win Decided Victory at the Polls on Tuesday Next.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 1.—Predicting that the Democrats will win a decided victory at the polls next Tuesday Gov. Dix, in a statement to-day, appeals to Democrats to support all the Democratic nominees. He says: "Democratic success now means continued progress, efficiency and honesty in the administration of the affairs of the State of New York." He severely condemns those Democrats who are working for the success of the Fusion ticket in New York County.

Here is the Governor's statement:

"As the head of the Democratic administration which, on Jan. 1, after sixteen years of Republican rule, took entire charge of the administrative and legislative business of the State, I feel it a duty on the eve of another election to address a word to the people of the State of New York on existing conditions and to advance some reasons why the excellent work so well begun by the representatives of the Democratic party should not be halted.

"In this electoral contest our opponents are carrying on a campaign of misrepresentation that clearly shows their lack of real issues upon which to appeal to the people. The splendid record made by the Democratic House of Representatives at Washington has won the confidence of the country; while the Republican party cannot escape responsibility for the deplorable industrial and economic conditions under which the people of the United States are now suffering. Republican legislative and administrative policies have produced the very general and deep unrest and dissatisfaction in business circles which have caused great hardship among the people and generated an industrial and financial depression that has curtailed opportunities for employment and deprived the farmer, workingman and businessman alike of adequate and just remuneration for his energy, toil and investments.

"President Taft's veto of the tariff bill proves that he is lined up with the extreme protectionists of his party and that he is opposed to any revision of the tariff in the interests of the producing and consuming classes of the country.

"The record made by the Democratic Legislature in this State merits popular approval. This will be admitted and declared even by those now assailing it when they give a decision based upon their judgment and not upon their passions and prejudices.

"Not in a generation has the Legislature of this State passed more constructive legislation in the interests of the people than the Legislature of 1911.

"Legislative appropriations have been reduced one and three-quarters of a million dollars, thus establishing economy and efficiency in the State Government; sinecures have been rooted out; no scandals of any kind has been charged, even by the bitterest assailants of the Democracy; administrative reforms have been inaugurated in every State department subject to Democratic control; every single pledge of the Rochester platform has been redeemed, and every promise kept and fulfilled to the letter.

"In contrast with this almost unique record of achievement and of complete fidelity to promise and pledge, I have the Republican record in Albany when in power, and in Washington, of betrayal of the people by extravagance and maladministration and by refusal to redeem a single pledge upon which the party was intrusted with control of State and National Governments.

"The Democratic State administration has made an affirmative record of reform, economy and efficiency of which every citizen, regardless of politics, may be proud, a record that should assure for many years a continuance of Democratic State control.

"It would not be in human nature for our opponents to be satisfied. A few disappointed men who come in and go out of the Democratic Party periodically, as it may suit their personal ambitions and political interests, are now joining hands with Republican partisans and seeking to defeat the party of which they claim to be members. They cannot delude the people who have the record before them.

"In the great county of New York a few citizens who claim the name of Democrat are party to a so-called Fusion ticket, on which the Republicans, who are expected to cast the great bulk of the votes for the ticket have very slight recognition.

"In the fusion arrangement the coterie of citizens who, without authority, used the name of a Democratic organization and gave a striking exhibition of autocratic politics which, with much vehemence, they ordinarily denounce, disregarded all the principles for which, in the past, they have contended and finally declined to nominate sitting Judges who have made excellent records upon the bench.

"The truth is that the so-called Fusion party has no expectation of electing its county ticket in New York. The real purpose is indicated by the agreement with the Republicans to give support to Republican Assembly nominees in an effort to betray the people under the name of Fusion and restore the State Assembly to the Republican Party in the hope that the reforms so well begun by a Democratic State administration may be blocked and Democratic success in the preliminary skirmish of 1913 prevented.

"I bespeak for the Democratic nominees throughout the State the united and hearty support of all members of the Democratic Party and of such other citizens as place public welfare above party advantage. Democratic success now means continued progress, efficiency and honesty in the administration of the affairs of the State of New York.

"I predict that the Democrats of the State of New York will, this year, win a decided victory in spite of the efforts of Republicans and factionists to deceive the people."

AT ODDS OVER SICK ALIENS.

State Complains of Federal Laxity and Nagel Takes Up the Case.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor will confer to-morrow with the New York State Board of Lunacy at Ellis Island in regard to complaints made to his department by State officials that the failure of the Federal Government to deport invalid aliens has resulted in great pecuniary loss to the State. Under the law, aliens becoming insane within three years after their immigration, are liable to deportation, and it is persons in this class that the State authorities say have been allowed to remain in New York at the State's expense.

One case is that of Sarah Gilliman, who had been certified by the Lunacy Board to be insane from causes arising prior to her admission, and who is now a public charge of the State of New York. Secretary Nagel found that Mrs. Gilliman has a husband and four children in the United States, and no relatives or friends in foreign countries. She was ordered to be maintained by the State of New York. The only excuse for not deporting this woman was on the ground of humanity which, under the law, is not sufficient, but this Secretary Nagel recognizes as an all-important factor.

"Secretary Nagel tries every case on its merits," said an official of the department to-day, "and his leniency is due to his sincere sympathy with the aliens in their unfortunate circumstances."

Hammond to Entertain Taft.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—President Taft will be the guest of honor at a dinner to be given in this city on Dec. 11 by John Hays Hammond to the members of the Executive Committee of the National Republican League. The league meets here Dec. 12 at the time of the meeting of the National Republican Committee.

KYRLE BELLEW IS CRITICALLY ILL

Actor Stricken with Pneumonia and Physicians Fear He Will Not Recover.

HIS TOUR IS CANCELED

"The Mollusc" Company Leaves Salt Lake City for New York—Star's Long Career.

Special to The New York Times.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 1.—Kyrle Bellew, a leading actor of romantic rôles for many years, was stricken with an acute attack of pneumonia here last night, where he is appearing in "The Mollusc." He became rapidly worse to-day and physicians in consultation fear he will not recover.

The remainder of Mr. Bellew's tour through Western and Pacific Coast cities has been canceled and his company will return to New York.

Howard Kyrle Bellew was born in Prescott, England, on March 28, 1855, the son of a clergyman, who was also a noted public reader. After a time in a ship broker's office he went to Australia as a gold prospector, and also did some newspaper work there. He made his first appearance as an actor in Solferino, Australia, in 1874, playing a small part in a one-act farce. His first appearance in England was made the following year at the Theatre Royal, Brighton, in "Clancarty."

In 1878 he joined the company of the late Henry Irving, and in 1882 he made his first visit to America. He did not act here at that time, but in 1885 he appeared at Wallack's Theatre in "In His Power." In 1888 he formed a partnership with Mrs. James Brown Potter, and together they went on a starring tour that lasted three years and took them around the world. They remained together until 1893, when Mr. Bellew again went to Australia and went into mining ventures.

In 1901 he reappeared on the stage at Wallack's in "A Gentleman of France." He played Romeo in an all-star cast of "Romeo and Juliet," and in 1903 he made his first appearance as Raffles, a rôle that he has kept in his répertoire ever since. As joint star with Margaret Illington he has played in "The Thief" at the Hudson Theatre during the season of 1907-08.

Last season he played a short engagement in New York, making "Raffles" the principal offering of his season, which extended for a long road tour. This season he has been appearing in "The Mollusc," with Isabel Irving, Jane Laurel, and Frank Goldsmith in the other important rôles. He was to have begun a long engagement in San Francisco next Monday.

BECOMES BRIDE OF PRINCE.

Mrs. Gerald FitzGerald Married to Victor of Thurn and Taxis.

UNIONTOWN, Penn., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Gerald FitzGerald, the daughter of Mrs. L. J. Nicolls of this city, was married to-day at the home of her mother to Prince Victor of Thurn and Taxis. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William Spence in the presence of the family and a few friends.

Mrs. FitzGerald, whose first husband was Gerald FitzGerald of Ireland, arrived from England last Friday. The Prince and Princess will reside in Europe.

Prince Victor of Thurn and Taxis is a son of the late Prince and Princess Egon, and is a Hungarian citizen by virtue of his father having become naturalized in Hungary at the time of his marriage.

LOW—DOUGLAS WEDDING.

Son of A. A. Low to Wed Niece of Gov. and Mrs. Dix on Nov. 11.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of George Cabot Ward Low, son of A. A. Low of Brooklyn, and a grandson of the late George Cabot Ward, to Miss Dorothea Douglas, daughter of Curtis W. Douglas of Albany, N. Y., and niece of Gov. and Mrs. Dix, which is to take place on Saturday, Nov. 11.

The ceremony is to be performed in St. Peter's Church, Albany, at 4 o'clock. Mrs. William Raymond is to be matron of honor, and Miss eGrtrude Douglas will be her sister's maid of honor.

A. A. Low, Jr., will act as best man for his brother, and the ushers chosen include R. Stuyvesant Pierrepont, Edwin Corning, Lewis Parker, John Coffin, Spencer Turner, Stuart Glazier, Seth Low, 2d, and Thomas Douglas.

A dinner for the bridal party is to be given at the Executive mansion at Albany on Friday night preceding the wedding.

Miss Douglas made her début two years ago, and is one of the popular members of the younger set at Albany. Mr. Low was associated with Gov. Dix in business, and is a graduate of Yale, class of '06.

Wolfe-De Apesteguia Wedding Plans.

Miss Olida de Apesteguia will have only one attendant at her wedding on Nov. 15 to Christopher Wolfe. Her sister, Miss Emelia de Apesteguia, will be her maid of honor, and Mr. Wolfe's best man will be John Larkin. The ceremony will take place at 4 o'clock at the residence of the bride's grandfather, the Rev. Dr. Marvin R. Vincent, 2 East Ninety-second Street. There will probably be no ushers.

The wedding will be a quiet one, and the two families and a few intimate friends only will be asked, less than a hundred in all, and the Rev. Dr. Vincent will officiate.

Miss de Apesteguia, whose father was a Spanish Marquis, is one of the most youthful brides of the season, for although she went to many of last Winter's entertainments, her début was to have been made this Winter.

Miss Ford to Wed Arklay King.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ward Ford, of New York and Morristown, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rosette Suckley Ford, to Arklay King, son of Frederick Gore King, of this city and Garrison, N. Y. Mr. King is a graduate of Harvard, class of '10. No date has been set for the wedding.

WHITEHEAD—GOLDSCHMIDT.

The wedding of Miss Hildegarde Goldschmidt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Goldschmidt, of 307 West Seventy-sixth Street, to Russell F. Whitehead, took place last evening at Christ Episcopal Church, Broadway and Seventy-first Street. The Rev. George Alexander Strong officiated.

The bride was attended by the Misses Alice Krause, Martha R. Hawes, Emily S. Eakin, and Beatrice Harris. Sturges Dorrance was best man, and the ushers were Elsworth H. Goldschmidt, Ralph W. Reinhold, James T. Hall, Julian Buckley, all of New York, and Charles Kennedy and Harold MacKenzie, of Trenton, N. J.

A reception was held afterward at the home of the bride's parents. Later the couple left for the South on their honeymoon, and will reside in this city on their return.

WOOD—MUNSON.

Miss Mabel E. Munson, daughter of Mrs. Walter D. Munson, was married yesterday to Dr. William Harvey Wood of Ridgefield, Conn., at the home of her mother, 220 New York Avenue, Brooklyn. The Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, assisted by the Rev. Arthur Goodenough, officiated.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Beulah Munson, and Miss Genevieve V. Butler. Prof. H. Edward Porter of Lancaster, Penn., acted as best man.

LEVERMORE—BILLMAN.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles H. Levermore of 20 St. James' Place, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lillian Levermore, to C. L. Billman of Boston, Mass. No date has been fixed for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Countess Colorado-Mansfeld, who was Miss Nora Iselin, arrived here yesterday from Europe with her son for an extended visit.

Mrs. Charles W. Clinton and Miss Margery Clinton have returned from Europe and have moved to 45 East Fifty-seventh Street, where they will spend the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwards Wyckoff have returned from Cedarhurst, L. I., and have opened their town house, 131 East Thirty-ninth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott Cameron and Mrs. A. Scott Cameron have returned from the Virginia Hot Springs and are at the Hotel Gotham. Mrs. A. S. Cameron will spend the Winter there.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll and her daughter, Miss Josephine Nicoll, returned yesterday from Europe, and are at their home, 23 East Thirty-ninth Street.

Prince Pignatelli d'Aragon, who has been spending the Autumn at the Virginia Hot Springs, came to town yesterday and is at the Rits-Carlton.

Mrs. J. Warren Goddard is sailing from Hamburg to-day on the steamer Amerika for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis H. Rogers (Miss Cornelia Barnes) have taken an apartment at 562 Park Avenue for the Winter.

Mrs. Benjamin Guinness will open her house, 8 Washington Square, on Friday evening, Nov. 10, for a musical recital by Miss Ingioner, assisted by Bruno Huhn.

Mrs. Ambrose Kingsland and her daughters, the Misses Muriel and Marjorie Kingsland, who spent the Summer and early Autumn abroad, are due here this week, and will at once open their town house, 721 Fifth Avenue.

The wedding of Miss Ethel James Adams and Morris U. Ely, whose engagement was announced several weeks since in these columns, will be married on Nov. 21, at Glen Cove. They have taken a house in Brooklyn.

Mr. and Mrs. James R. McKee and their family have opened their house, 49 West Seventy-second Street, for the Winter.

MISS MURIEL KELLEY WEDS.

Daughter of Commander Kelley Married to S. S. Brady at York Harbor.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 1.—The marriage occurred at noon to-day in Trinity Episcopal Church, York Harbor, of Miss Muriel Jerrold Kelley of New York, daughter of Commander James Douglass Jerrold Kelley, U. S. N., and Samuel Stansbury Brady of Baltimore. The ceremony was performed by the Very Rev. L. Vernon, Dean of St. Luke's Cathedral, Portland, Me., and was witnessed by friends of the contracting parties from New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Newport, who reached York Harbor in a special train from Boston.

The bride was attired in a handsome dress of white satin trimmed with duchess lace, with court train. She wore a tulle veil and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. The maid of honor was her youngest sister, Miss Nathalie Jerrold Kelley, who was attired in a gown of green satin trimmed with white chiffon shading to gray. She wore a black hat trimmed with green ostrich plumes and carried a bouquet of Bride's roses. The best man was Aruna Sheppardson Brady of Baltimore.

The church was decorated with white chrysanthemums, Virginia smilax, and Boston ferns. Following the ceremony the bridal party and guests went to the Orchards, the Summer home of the bride's parents, where a wedding breakfast was served.

The wedding trip of Mr. and Mrs. Brady will be to Europe, where they will pass the Winter, returning in the early Spring.

To-day's wedding was the culmination of a romance that begun at York Harbor five years ago when the young couple first met. Both Mr. Brady and his bride have been popular with the Summer colony at York Harbor.

Miss Kathleen Fletcher Weds To-day.

Miss Kathleen S. Fletcher, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Fletcher, Jr., of 425 West End Avenue, will be married to-day to Dr. Arthur F. Chase in St. Matthew's Church, West Eighty-fourth Street. The reception will be held at the studio of H. B. Jones 33 West Sixty-seventh Street.

SCHAMBERG—JOSEPH.

Miss Etelka Joseph, daughter of Mrs. Samuel Joseph of the Hotel Essex, was married to Jeffe Jay Schamberg of Philadelphia last evening at Sherry's. The Rev. Dr. Stephen Wise performed the ceremony. The bride's gown was of white satin and point lace, and her veil was of old point. She was attended by her niece, Miss Elaine Joseph, flower girl, who wore a white-embroidered frock. Her brother, David Joseph, gave her in marriage.

Morton L. Schamberg was best man, and the ushers were Dr. Morris L., Dr. J. F., Lewis M., and Gilbert P. Schamberg; Felix Immanuel, Jules E. Mastbaum, Herbert B. Loeb, Ralph F. Lavenson, Irwin Joseph, and David Strauss. There was supper and dancing afterward.

After a trip South Mr. and Mrs. Schamberg will live in the St. James's Hotel, Philadelphia, where they will be at home after Dec. 1.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on Three Steamships—The Arrivals.

Liners sailing to-day for Europe and some of their passengers are:

SAVOIE (Havre)—Miss K. Forsyth, J. Fenwick, Mr. and Mrs. Henri Galland, Pierre Hamont, R. Lederer, Z. Pichon, Miss M. Short, Miss Louise Shoemaker, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Young, Miss C. Smith, Robert Hagert, Mrs. G. Dupre.

ADRIATIC (Liverpool)—C. A. Allen, W. H. Baker, Lord Oswald Beauclerk, S. P. Belcher, Mrs. M. W. Belcher, Mr. and Mrs. William Biggar, W. T. Bird, Miss Annie Buckley, W. M. Bullivant, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Campbell, Mrs. A. Chaplin, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Craven, E. S. Cunningham, United States Consul at Bombay; Sir William and Lady Howell, Miss Lillian H. Durham, John Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. S. Barton French, Miss M. Firth, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Gibbon, Miss Kate Hazel, Mrs. A. J. Hope, Mr. and Mrs. A. Preston Jones, Sir Henry Leonard, Mrs. F. H. Morton, B. Powell, Mrs. F. Rainey, Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Ronald, Mrs. E. Sinclair, Mrs. T. A. Stanley, Miss Ethel Stevenson, H. G. Tetley, L. F. Thomas, J. B. Van Dann, Mrs. Van Dann, F. Winstanley, Mrs. C. G. Washburn.

GROSSER KURFUERST, (Bremen)—Mrs. De Frees Culten, Miss Helen Falk, Miss Minnie May, Miss J. Simon, H. Lehmann, Carl Beer, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Sachse, and Miss Minna Helbig.

Liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZ WILHELM, (Bremen) — J. Frank Beck, Mrs. Alice H. Block, Mrs. A. Carl, Mrs. C. Cherry, W. C. Coleman, L. Dreyfus, Col. James Elerson, Alba J. Freeman, David Jayne Hill, ex-Ambassador of the United States to Germany; Mr. and Mrs. Hermann Jadlowker, Miss Katherine Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. K. Levis, Countess Nora Colorado Mansfeld, Miss G. Mead, the Rev. H. T. Meigs, Mrs. A. O. Oakley, Mrs. Theodora Onidge, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Reis, C. Uttley, Miss Martha S. Wheeler, Mrs. M. Wilson, H. Brandt, E. H. Clear, Mr. and Mrs. G. Chester, T. Higgins, J. C. McKeever, J. M. Mathis, Mrs. M. J. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Rowland, Dr. L. S. Seeley, S. Jordan, J. P. Crane, E. Collfield, H. Bender, Mrs. A. C. Morrow-Brown.

OCEANIC (Southampton)—J. W. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Barbour, Mrs. J. H. Barton, Hugh Butler, Mrs. A. C. Cable, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Carrol, H. A. S. Cartwright, E. Cawston, Miss N. H. Chase, C. S. Clark, Charles Dearing, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, Mrs. W. Elmer, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Field, Major J. Hetherington, Mrs. F. Casenove Jones, Jr., Miss Baring Lesford, Miss E. Marbury, Miss Edith Deacon, Miss Anne Morgan, Charles S. Palmer, E. L. Parker, C. B. Patterson, Jules M. Powell, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Maries, Mrs. L. Mitchell, Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll, J. P. Moon, Miss L. Case, Mrs. Albert Perkins, Capt. F. G. S. Ripwith, Miss N. E. Sloan, A. H. Snow, F. M. Sutton, Mrs. Richard von Arkowy, Miss Julia Chester Wells, Mrs. S. H. Tyner, Capt. and Mrs. H. G. Dunlevie.

AMETHYSTS

Our Amethyst jewelry is distinguished by originality and beauty

VEIL PINS
$4.25 to $28.00

Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 Fifth Avenue
at 32nd Street

REMARKABLE PLAY BY MR. BROADHURST

"The Price" Is a Powerful, Admirably Constructed Drama with Real Characters.

HELEN WARE AT HER BEST

Jessie Ralph a Remarkably Fine Figure, While Harrison Hunter and Warner Oland Are Successful.

THE PRICE, a play in three acts, by George Broadhurst. Hudson Theatre.

Mrs. Dole	Jessie Ralph
Susan	Margaret McWade
Ethel Tolcani	Helen Ware
Standard Dole	Warner Oland
Professor Damaroff	George W. Barnum
Dr. Bristol	Harrison Hunter
Florence	Gertrude Dalton

George Broadhurst's "The Price," acted at the Hudson Theatre last night—and remarkably well acted—marks his highwater mark as a playwright. Not only is it Mr. Broadhurst's best and most consistently developed drama, but it is, on the whole, one of the very best plays that has been written in this country. Possibly it will lack something of the popular appeal of some of Mr. Broadhurst's other works. It has less, for instance, of that factitious sort of comedy with which he has often been successful. But it is a play built upon a genuine idea, postulating a certain natural development from a given circumstance and ultimately proving it through the action of definitely drawn and carefully considered characters. And it is unmarred by any resort to commonplace theatrical expediency.

With the possible exception of the rather talkative old Prof. Damaroff, who acts as it were as a sort of raisonneur of the story, but who is not entirely necessary, each of the figures in the play is merely a bit of humanity fitted into the general mosaic, and ultimately revealing its pattern and its purpose. There is Mrs. Dole, the wife of the artist, a sort of self-elected household drudge, who resents being asked if she is her husband's inspiration, believing rather that the wife's duty is to look after the husband's digestion, even if he is an artist. There is the artist himself, more or less of a sentimentalist, and yet not without a good deal of truth to express in a splendidly written speech in which he points out to his wife that while he has progressed and grown, mentally and physically, she has retrograded—this, too, in spite of his oft-repeated protests against the kind of household slavery to which she gave herself.

Between these two, as that lacking inspiration, comes Ethel Toscani, who from being the artist's secretary is more, and then discovers that her real love is given to Dr. Bristol, called in at a critical moment to discover that the artist, just now realising his great gifts, has a weak heart and will die if there is any sudden shock. Comes the shock shortly afterward in Ethel's confession that she does not love him, comes his death, comes the fear on the part of the woman to reveal what has been between them, and, ultimately, after an engrossing narrative, detailing the happiness that is the doctor's and Ethel's after marriage, comes the widow, Mrs. Dole, always suspicious, and now able by a cleverly planned ruse to outwit the wife and force her to put her husband in possession of the secret she has so carefully concealed.

In the comparatively brief review of such a play possible after a first performance there are innumerable details important and illuminative which must be hurried over or omitted altogether. But for a general comprehension of the story it may be mentioned that the artist's wife, in an entirely natural and plausible way, is brought as housekeeper to the Doctor and his wife, where from the first she plans to sow suspicion on the one hand, and get at the real facts about her dead husband on the other. She succeeds in arousing the wife's jealousy and brings about a scene between husband and wife, in which the latter finally learns to her sorrow that she has wronged the man who loves her.

Instead of having had a rendesvous with a girl, a member of the household and trusted by them both, he has been making an effort to prevent her marriage to the youth she loves, a cocaine fiend, under treatment.

The effect of the next disclosure—the wife's prenuptial infidelity—gains tremendously through this arrangement. So, too, step by step Mr. Broadhurst builds up to his natural climax—the husband's inability to convince himself that the woman who has once deceived him will be true to him, now that her earlier mistake has been discovered. And so she must pay The Price.

The doctor's assumption that she had voluntarily killed the artist to make the way clear for their own marriage seems a trifle forced, stamps the doctor as a bit more of an egotist, perhaps, than had previously appeared. But it is a detail, a small flaw in a play which is written with the sort of directness, consistency, and ingenuity which one associates with Mr. A. W. Pinero rather more than any other of the current dramatists. Like Mr. Pinero, too, Mr. Broadhurst once or twice lets his language run away with him. The professor, as has been said, is a good deal of a talker. And his talk, by contrast with that of the others, does seem a trifle oratorical.

The three main figures, however, are magnificently drawn, while the idea of the ultimate reward or punishment in ratio to the initial good or evil—a sort of drumatic version of Emerson's theory of compensation—is superbly handled. And Mr. Broadhurst is neither too morbidly mawkish at the end (women do not immediately take poison, might not, even were the servant not there to stop her) nor too much committed to the happy ending. The doctor believes that he cannot forgive—he goes away—but the wife is made to suffer. It is left to time. It is the natural conclusion to the problem as it stands—that is to say, it is not a conclusion at all—but who shall say when such problems end?

As it is written with a fine insight into purpose and character and some of the realities of life, so "The Price" is acted in its chief parts. Certainly Miss Ware, fine actress that she is, has done nothing before to compare with this performance of Ethel Toscani—has hardly shown the breadth and depth and scope, has never sounded the deeper emotional notes with a surer, truer touch, or played more easily and gratefully the lighter phases of a character. She makes the woman appealing, she makes her human, she suggests a nature susceptible under such conditions to the spell of sentiment and romance, and she conveys most admirably the sense of such a nature deepening and strengthening, yet still containing just the alloy of weakness necessary to create conditions for the inevitable tragedy.

As the Nemesis in the case—the hardheaded, practical, somewhat narrow-minded, and eventually cruel and unrepenting wife of the artist—Jessie Ralph gave as fine a portrait as could be imagined—a performance, indeed, which placed it fairly on a plane with the best. Again Warner Oland, as the artist, revealed just the right sort of temperamental quality, and acted in exactly the correct key, while Harrison Hunter, as the doctor, had authority, charm, power—all the qualities, in fact, to make the figure a splendidly attractive one.

George W. Barnum, a very proficient actor in character; Miss Margaret McWade, Miss Gertrude Dalton, and R. H. Hudson completed a cast which in the essentials was generally satisfying.

"The Price" is a remarkably fine play. Mr. Broadhurst has every reason to be proud of it.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Philharmonic Society will open its season to-night in Carnegie Hall. The occasion will mark the début of Josef Stransky, the society's new conductor, and also the New York début of Efrem Zimbalist, the violinist, who will be the soloist. The programme will include Beethoven's Symphony No. 8, in F major, Op. 93; Liszt's symphonic poem, "Tasso," the Mendelssohn violin concerto, A minor, Op. 64, and prelude to Wagner's "Die Meistersinger."

Walter M. Hunter, baritone, will give a recital to-night in Y. M. C. A. Hall, 5 West 125th Street.

CARUSO STRAINED THROAT.

Tenor in Pain from Neuralgia on Ship —Vocal Cords Unaffected.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 1.—Your correspondent saw Caruso aboard the Kronprinzessin Cecilie when the liner arrived from Bremen this morning on the way to New York. The tenor admitted that the exertions of his German tour exhausted him and strained his throat. This brought on a sharp attack of neuralgia on his way to Bremen. When he boarded the ship the pain was so excruciating he was compelled to seek the seclusion of the cabin, unable to see or converse with anybody for hours. He was also suffering from a stiff neck, which was yielding to massage treatment.

This morning, in the glorious sunshine, Caruso drove into the country from the docks before the ship sailed for New York, and the change benefited him. He is looking forward to a long American tour and meeting old friends. He expects his complete recovery on his arrival in America. His vocal cords are unaffected.

Caruso is now clean shaven. The passengers have shown much solicitude for the tenor's welfare.

THE OLIVE MEAD QUARTET.

Its First Concert Given in Rumford Hall in the Building of the Chemists' Club.

One by one the chamber music organizations that have had to abandon Mendelssohn Hall make their appearance in other audience rooms in the endeavor to find an acceptable substitute for it. The Olive Mead Quartet began its series of three concerts last evening in Rumford Hall, on the ground floor of the building of the Chemists' Club, in East Forty-first Street. It is of a size admirably adapted to chamber music of the more intimate sort, an agreeable little room, simple to the point of severity in its design and decorations, and not without the distinction of simplicity. What is more to the point, its acoustic qualities are good; it has, indeed, a superabundance of resonance, a fault in the right direction, which is probably susceptible of improvement. Such a hall puts quartet playing to a severe test, one which only finish of performance and purity of intonation can meet with much to the credit of Miss Mead and her associates that they met it as well as they did. Their richness of tone, correctness of intonation, and carefully wrought phrasing and nuance counted for much. In certain passages of greater force there were harshness and a rough edge, and the bite of the bows upon the strings came a little too sharply upon the ear of the listener. Yet it must be said again that these are matters that can be modified and changed for the better.

The programme comprised Cherubini's quartet in D minor, a work that betrays its Italian origin even through a certain austerity of style that sometimes touches upon dryness; Smetana's autobiographic quartet "Aus Meinem Leben," and Mozart's quartet in E flat. The performance once more attested the sterling qualities of Miss Mead's organization, which takes quartet playing very seriously and follows closely upon the highest ideals of this branch of musical art. Miss Mead herself is a true quartet leader in the authority, musical feeling, and contagious enthusiasm of her style.

COHAN'S CHICAGO THEATRE.

With Harris He Leases Grand Opera House for a Long Term.

Cohan & Harris yesterday completed negotiations for the lease of the Grand Opera House, Chicago, from Harry L. Hamlin, for a long term of years. The new management will take possession of the theatre early in the new year and will call it George M. Cohan's Grand Opera House.

For the last two years Cohan & Harris have been reported as seeking a site for a theatre in Chicago. The Grand Opera House, located in the heart of the loop district on Clark, between Randolph and Washington Streets, has been long considered one of the best located playhouses in Chicago.

FRED P. ADDICKS DEAD.

Vice-President of the Amalgamated Copper Company Expires at 61.

Fred P. Addicks, Vice President of the Amalgamated Copper Company, and Secretary and Treasurer of the Utah Consolidated Mining Company, died at 12:50 o'clock this morning in his apartments in the Dorliton, Seventy-first Street and Broadway.

Mr. Addicks, who was 61 years old, had been ill for about six weeks. His physician said that the immediate cause of death could not be definitely given, but that it was the culmination of several troubles.

Mr. Addicks was a Director of the Boston and Montana Consolidated Copper and Silver Mining Company, Vice President and Director of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, and Director of the East River Gas Company of Long Island City.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Nora Bayes and Jack Norworth will return to vaudeville at the Colonial Theatre on Nov. 13 in a new singing sketch.

Joseph M. Gaites announced yesterday that he is organising two more companies to play in "The Enchantress," one in the Middle West and he other in the Far West and South. Victor Herbert will select the companies, and Frederick G. Latham will stage the productions.

Among the principals in the new Winter Garden entertainment that is to open on Nov. 13 will be, besides Gaby Deslys and Annette Kellermann, Stella Mayhew, Dorothy Jardon, Mlle. Dazie, Belle Baker, Harry Fisher, Al Jolson, Frank Tinney, Melville Ellis, Lydia Barry, Barney Bernard, Billie Taylor, May West, Clarence Harvey, the Gordon brothers, Los Malaguentas, and Sig. Bonfiglio.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

MADISON SCOTT, died Oct. 13; left about $10,000 realty and about $30,000 personalty to his wife, Emily Scott.

LAURA MANN COOPER, died Sept. 28 at Amityville, L. I.; left more than $2,000 personalty in trust for life for the benefit of her husband, Joseph Cooper, and the support and education of her sons, Ralph and George Cooper, to go at her husband's death to her two sons equally.

FERDINAND DREWS, died Oct. 27; left $700 personalty, in equal shares of two units each to his granddaughters, Margaret Seime, and Cornelia, and equal shares of one unit to his grandsons, August, John, and Egon Roggenkamp.

WILLIAM DOELL, died July 30; left about $20,000 realty to his wife, Wilhelmine Doell.

HENRIETTA T. NORRIS, died Oct. 16 at New Milford, N. J.; left more than $10,000 personalty, $5,000 and one-half of residue to her sister, Louisa Thwaite; $2,000 and one-half of residue to her sister, Phebe J. Lesak; $2,000 each to her brothers, Joseph and William Thwaite; $250 each to her nieces, Josephine A. Meyer and Elinor B. Allison; $500 each to her nephews, Edwin M. Lesak and Herbert Thwaite; $50 each to her nieces, Frances La Shave and Florence Butler; $200 to her niece, Annie L. Martin, and a nominal bequest to her sister-in-law, Melissa Thwaite.

FRANK DONNATIN, died Oct. 26; left $3,000 personalty; $50 to his brother, Louis N. Donnatin; $25 to Julius Wolf, $125 to William H. Wise of Newark, and the principal part of his estate to his wife, Louise Donnatin.

BENJAMIN BAKER, died Oct. 24; left $7,000 personalty, contingent bequests of nominally $5,000 each to Sigmund Wachter, Laurie C. Nelson, and Rita Bachrach, and the income of his estate, during minority, to his adopted daughter, Lillian Baker.

ANNIE E. GANNETT, died Oct. 2; left $420 personalty to her sister, Emma G. Morse.

MONEY PLENTIFUL

MORTGAGE money is plentiful to-day. We are accepting all good applications without delay.

If you expect to need money on mortgage at any time in the near future—it would be well to arrange it now.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000
176 B'way, W. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

JOSEPH PULITZER LAID IN WOODLAWN

Services in the Reopened St. Thomas's Church and at the Graveside.

LAST LOOK AT HIS FACE

Employes and Old Friends See Him in His Coffin at His Home, a Copy of His Newspaper in His Hand.

Funeral services for Joseph Pulitzer, owner of The New York World and St. Louis Post-Dispatch, who died suddenly on his yacht, the Liberty, last Sunday off Charleston, S. C., were held yesterday at St. Thomas's Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, and just before the early dusk of yesterday afternoon his body was buried in the Pulitzer family plot in Woodlawn Cemetery. The grave is just off Poplar Avenue, in the northern section of the cemetery.

A special train took the funeral party to Woodlawn. Members of the family, including Mr. Pulitzer's widow and his three sons, were accompanied by the close friends of the dead publisher, members of his personal staff and heads of the staffs of The Morning and Evening World. At the grave the Rev. Dr. Stires of St. Thomas's Church read the short ritual of the Protestant Episcopal Church from an improvised pulpit of canvas. The mound over the grave was heaped with wreaths and flowers. During the service the booming of the guns of the fleet in the Hudson came across the hills in solemn repetition.

The services at St. Thomas's Church were attended by a great many public officials and newspaper workers. Editors and managers of The World followed the pallbearers up the aisle. A company of former members of The World staff attended in a body. From the Newspaper Publishers' Association a committee of prominent publishers was present. Every newspaper in the city was represented by from one to half a dozen of its executives. Among other prominent citizens at the services were Borough President McAneny, District Attorney Whitman, Supreme Court Justices Gerard and Giegerich, ex-Judge Alton B. Parker, and W. B. Hornblower, Congressman William Sulzer, Fire Commissioner Joseph H. Johnson, and John D. Crimmins.

The pallbearers were Nicholas Murray Butler, Lewis L. Clarke, Col. George Harvey, Gen. John B. Henderson, Frederick N. Judson, Seth Low, St. Clair McKelway, Dr. James W. McLane, George L. Rives, and J. Angus Shaw.

When the coffin, heaped with orchids and lilies of the valley, had been borne up the aisle of St. Thomas's, opened yesterday for the first time since its rebuilding, a choir of fifty voices, led by Abt, with Mr. Stires, one of Mr. Pulitzer's favorite hymns. Dr. Stires read the Episcopal burial service. There was no mention of the life and career of Mr. Pulitzer.

The choir chanted "Lord let me know mine end and the number of my days," and then the rector read Chapter XV. of the First Epistle to the Corinthians, beginning: "Now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept." A second hymn was sung, "Lead, Kindly Light." The minister brought two wreaths from the altar and placed them on the coffin and the funeral procession passed from the church as the choir sang the recessional, "Hark, Hark, My Soul."

At the moment the funeral services were begun all the work in The World offices, as well as in the plant of The St. Louis Post-Dispatch was stopped. For five minutes the course of Mr. Pulitzer's two enterprises was checked in honor of the last rites that were being paid to him.

Throughout the morning yesterday the body of Mr. Pulitzer lay in the library of his home at 7 East Seventy-third Street and was viewed by a host of his employes and friends. The room was filled with flowers and the walls covered with the wreaths from friends, too many to mention in detail. Mr. Pulitzer lay with his right hand across his chest, clasping a copy of his newspaper.

The Grand Army of the Republic, of which Mr. Pulitzer was a member, held a special service at noon at the Pulitzer home. This was led by Gen. George Loud. Following this the procession of carriages was formed at the house and drove down Fifth Avenue to Fifty-third Street. The church is undergoing extensive repairs, which made the handling of the crowd more difficult than usual at large funerals. Twenty-five policemen were on duty around the church.

Telegrams of condolence were received by Mrs. Pulitzer in great number yesterday. Messages came, among others, from Henry Watterson, editor of The Louisville Courier Journal; Whitelaw Reid, American Ambassador at Great Britain, and Clarence H. Mackay. Former Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks sent this telegram:

"The country has lost one of its greatest newspaper men and able citizens in Mr. Pulitzer. Pray accept my profound sympathy and sorrow."

John W. Perkins.

John W. Perkins, one of the oldest druggists in the United States, died of the infirmities of age at his residence, 33 Lockwood Avenue, New Rochelle, N. Y., last night, aged 91 years. He was a native of Weld, Me. At the age of 16 his parents removed to Farmington, Me., where he entered the drug business as a clerk. In 1840 he purchased a store and commenced business for himself, which he conducted successfully until his removal to Portland, Me., in 1853, continuing under the firm name of John W. Perkins Company. In 1895 he removed to Elmira, and from there, ten years ago, to New Rochelle. Mr. Perkins was a prominent Mason. He was also a charter member of St. Albans Commandery, Knights Templars, of which he was Past Grand Eminent Commander. He was twice married, and left a widow and two daughters.

George H. Potts.

George H. Potts of 145 East Thirty-fifth Street, a member of the New York Stock Exchange and son-in-law of W. S. Fanshawe, died of typhoid fever yesterday morning in the New York Hospital after a two weeks' illness. He was 30 years old and was the son of William Rockhill Potts and Emily Brevoort Potts. Mr. Potts was educated at Yale University. He was a member of the Union, Rumson County, Brook, Turf and Field, Racquet and Tennis Clubs, and of the Delta Phi fraternity. He leaves a wife and daughter, a mother and two sisters.

Ex-Gov. James Benton Grant.

EXCELSIOR SPRING, Mo., Nov. 1.—James Benton Grant, Governor of Colorado from 1883 to 1885, and interested in mines and smelting furnaces near Denver and Leadville, Col., died here to-night of a complication of heart and kidney trouble. He was 64 years old. With him at the time of his death was his wife and a son, James B., Jr., a student at Yale University. Mr. Grant settled in Denver in 1876.

Obituary Notes.

T. J. G. PUGH, formerly a newspaper writer in this city, died yesterday in Abergavenny from heart disease. He was born in Wales. Mr. Pugh covered the Long Island district for several Brooklyn newspapers and joined the city staff of The Evening Post in 1888. He was Wall Street reporter for The Post in 1894, and was subsequently connected with The Globe. His wife died last Spring, and he returned to Wales.

CHARLES H. PENDLETON, a Brooklyn fire insurance agent, died on Monday from heart disease at his home, 251 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. He had been in business at 76 Broadway, Brooklyn, for thirty years.

FANDIA C. RAILLI, of P. C. Railli & Co., insurance brokers, died on Sunday at his home, 167 West Eighty-eighth Street, from heart disease, at the age of 57. He was born in Manchester, England, and came to this city in boyhood. Mr. Railli was a member of the Riverside Yacht Club, the New York Whist Club, and the Republican Club. A widow and four children survive.

JOSEPH A. FAIRBAIRN, connected with the old banking firm of Vermilye & Co. during the civil war, died Tuesday in Westfield, N. J., where Mr. Fairbairn was born in New York City in 1836. He entered banking and after a number of years went to Minnesota. In 1874 he retired from business and settled in Westfield. He leaves two daughters.

OSCAR M. SLATER died suddenly of paralysis on Tuesday at the residence of Dr. Charles C. Cranmer, 94 West Eighty-eighth Street. Mr. Slater was born in New York, and was the son of the late Luke and Martha Slater. He had resided with Dr. Cranmer for some time. He is survived by a brother, Robert Slater, and a sister, Ada Slater.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1090 Bryant.

Born.

LUBELL.—Nov. 1, 1,220 Park Av., to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lubell, a son.

Married.

BRADY—KELLEY.—On Wednesday, Nov. 1, at Trinity Church, York Harbor, Me., by the Very Rev. Frank L. Vernon, Dean of St. Luke's Cathedral, Portland, Muriel Jerrold, daughter of Commander and Mrs. J. D. Jerrold Kelley to Samuel Stansbury Brady of Baltimore, Md.

ELGAR—GRAHAM.—On Nov. 1, 1911, by the Rev. Dr. F. M. Clendenin, Jessie Radford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Graham, to H. Rodger Elgar.

HOWE—PAINE.—On Nov. 1, 1911, at 26 West 55th St., by Rev. Henry Sloan Coffin, D. D., Dr. J. Morgan Howe to Emily F. Paine, daughter of the late Horace M. Paine, M. D.

STARKWEATHER—LEAL.—At Kingscroft, Colchester, Conn., Nov. 1, 1911, by the Rev. J. H. Fitzgerald, Lucy King, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Malcolm Leal, to Richard H. Starkweather of Knoxville, Tenn.

STOUGHTON—ROE.—Nov. 1, 1911, by the Rev. Nelson Coe Cary, at St. George's Church, New York City, Louise Merwin Roe to Bradley Stoughton.

TODD—MERRITT.—Oct. 31, 1911, by the Rev. Clarence S. Wood, Edna Lulu Merritt to

TIGERS FIND STRONG GUARD IN JOE DUFF

Weak Spot in Princeton's Line Seems to be Strengthened at Last.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 1.—Princeton ended her heavy work in preparation for the Harvard game this afternoon with the longest scrimmage of the season. For more than an hour the first team bucked against the scrub with mediocre success, scoring only once during the time in which downs were marked. After the first half hour of regular scrimmage the 'Varsity took the ball on the scrub 25-yard line and scored at least four times, though a strict account of yards gained would have given the ball to the second team on many occasions.

The drill to-day, as in the past two weeks, was secret, but it was reported that no freak plays were attempted excepting the formations which have already been used in games, and there is some doubt that this fortnight of secrecy in the Tiger camp will produce any surprises on Saturday. It had been suspected that the Tiger had slipped something up his sleeve this year if he never had before, but to-day's practice would indicate that straight football will be depended on to beat the Crimson.

Pendleton and Tom Wilson took a vacation to-day and will rest until Saturday. The former strolled to the field late in the afternoon and followed the team, but had orders not to appear in togs. Though slightly banged up from yesterday's scrimmage the men will be in fit condition for the Harvard game, and their layoff is not due to injuries.

Sam White started the scrimmage at left end, but he was displaced by Waller early in the afternoon, and did not see much stiff work. Dunlap had no part in the scrimmage, but ran through signals at right end.

Though ragged in many respects today's practice at least showed the man who can fill the 'Varsity berth at right guard, the most keenly contested position on the team this year. Joe Duff looks like that man after the fight he made to-day, and a repetition of his play this afternoon will make that position easily as strong as Wilson's berth on the left side of the line. Duff worked hard to-day, but he stood it well and broke up the scrub line many times. He ties the scales at 202, the heaviest man on the Princeton line, and at present is the logical choice against Harvard. His closest competitor is Dutch Brown, who played a ragged exhibition at left guard, where he substituted for Wilson. McLean, however, is pushing both these men, and they may get a chance on Saturday at right guard.

Vaughn and Phillips alternated at the tackle position next to Duff, and Capt. Hart played through the hour's scrimmage at left tackle, showing lots of aggressive football.

The Princeton defense was stronger than the offense to-day, but this may have been due to a weak set of scrub backs. Repeated plunges at the scrub line, composed of McCormick, Metzman, Winants, Baker, and Swann, failed to produce a gain, and the only scoring that was done came as a result of wide end runs by Baker and Sawyer. On several occasions the scrub held the first team in their 10-yard zone, owing to the failure of the first string forwards to open a hole. This lack of offensive power has been in evidence here all season and may prove the undoing of Princeton in its first crucial game.

Hammond, with a day's experience at end, took Dunlap's place on the right side of the line this afternoon and offered a fairly good article of football. Waller, who substituted for Sam White at the other wing, was only handicapped by his lack of weight. Chrystie and Penfield alternated at quarter back to-day, both showing some keen generalship. There is feeling among some of the Tiger followers here that Penfield can take care of himself at this position as well as Chrystie, but the latter's experience seems to give him the call at this critical time. Following the practice to-day Winants, Baker and Chrystie attempted drop-kicking with poor success, all of them having an off day.

The line up: Left end, White and Waller; left tackle, Hart; left guard, Brown; centre, Bluethenthal and Ormond; right guard, Duff; right tackle, Vaughn and Phillips; right end, Hammond; quarter back, Chrystie and Penfield; left half back, Sawyer; right half back, Baker; full back, DeWitt.

ABANDON HARD SCRIMMAGE.

Stadium Gridiron Too Slippery for Harvard to Take Chances.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 1.—The hard scrimmage that the Harvard coaches had planned for the 'Varsity men to-day was called off because of the slippery footing in the stadium. It was felt that some of the team needed the hard work, but the trainer would allow no scrimmaging except the easy no-tackling play that Harvard uses so much behind the fence. The 'Varsity rush line, however, with two exceptions worked against the scrubs and the substitutes for nearly an hour, and in the fifteen-minute drill managed to get up a lot of speed.

Against the scrubs, Coach Haughton used Totten and Linzard at the ends, instead of Smith and O'Brien, and Reynolds and Pierce, and later Blackall, were in the back field with Wendell instead of Campbell and Huntington.

The scrub again tied its repertory of Princeton plays, and after twenty minutes of this the regulars, with Smith, O'Brien, Campbell, and Huntington all in their places, and with Gardiner at quarter back, worked against the substitutes. In this drill there was a lot of open play by both teams. Pierce did some good kicking, but the forward passes made by Gardiner were not nearly as fast as Potter's have been. Potter was on the field, but did not play. He will surely be in the Princeton game, and in good condition, the doctor says. Howard, who was coming along fast at end until he hurt his knee, jogged about the field, but very likely will not be called into the game against the Tigers.

It is essential that Potter be in good shape against the Tigers, for Harvard has no other good kicker on the regular team, and were Potter out of the game, Reynolds would have to take Campbell's place at fullback to full back in place of Huntington. Blackall is the better kicker, but it would be hard for the coaches to have to consider making any shift that would deprive the team of Huntington's splendid back field defense.

YALE MAN BREAKS HAND.

Perry Put Out of Game for Season—Freshman MacLeish Hurt, Too.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—The Yale daily football practice, which has developed into a progressive record of wrenches and dislocations from which no member of the squad is immune, added its quota to the hospital list again this afternoon. Harry Perry, 'Varsity tackle, and Archibald MacLeish, freshman centre, were crippled by injuries that will apparently retire them until the season closes. Perry broke several of the bones of his right hand during the practice with the freshmen, who furnished the 'Varsity players with their daily chopping block. The fractures have been set, but the attending surgeon believes that Perry's hand will not be strong enough to allow him to play football again this Fall. Perry has played most of the games on the present Yale schedule. He was pressed into service at the beginning of the season at right tackle, when the knee of Charley Paul was injured. He has been Yale's regular right tackle until Paul's return, and on Monday went to left tackle, succeeding Scully, who was cut on the forehead. As first substitute tackle there was plenty of work ahead for Perry in the final games of the season.

MacLeish was easily the best lineman of the freshman eleven. He was struck in the stomach during a scrimmage today, but it was believed that he was not badly hurt and continued playing. He made his way to the special trolley car that transports the players to the gymnasium at the close of daily practice and fainted in the car. Doctors worked over him for some time in the gymnasium and found torn ligaments, with a possibility of internal injuries. His loss to the 1915 team on the eve of their annual class games with Harvard and Princeton is severe.

Warren, the tackle who replaced Perry to-day, was compelled to retire with a cut lip. The injury to the ankle of Anderson the former Wisconsin half back, has left him limping, and he will not be able to face New York University on Saturday.

Two players, who have been crippled for some time, Philbin, full back, and Ketcham, centre, returned to-day to the scrimmaging. The coaches were surprised at the strength shown by the latter's ankle and will use him Saturday for most of the game. Read, who played centre until his collarbone was broken last month, was on the scrubs again today and will be available for the remaining games of the season. He and Capt. Arthur Howe worked together half an hour to-day practicing several methods of snapping back the ball.

The gates of Yale Field were again closed for practically the entire afternoon. Capt. Howe again led his team, the practice to-day being with the freshmen.

Big Shake-Up at N. Y. U.

A radical shake-up in the New York University eleven was made in practice by Head Coach Gleott yesterday afternoon. Capt. Brennan was taken from full back, where he has been playing all season, and put in at right tackle in place of Wiener, who played on the scrubs. Comfort, a freshman who has been developing fast, took the position at full back, chiefly because he is the most consistent punter in the squad.

This change is permanent and a further shake-up is expected to-day, with a view to strengthening the ends. Capt. Brennan has been 'Varsity tackle for three years, and the change will probably show a great improvement in his work. Henneberger is still out of practice with a badly injured back, and Wiener will be held in readiness to fill his place at right guard if he is unable to play in the Yale game on Saturday.

All visitors were barred from Ohio Field yesterday, and a long fifty-minute scrimmage was held with the scrubs. The second team used Yale's Minnesota formation on the offensive, and the 'Varsity was drilled in breaking this up. The scrubs kept the ball during the whole practice, and from men were rushed in to hammer at the weak points of the first team. Special attention was given to breaking up interference, with a view to nailing the Yale backs on their long end runs in Saturday's game.

Following the scrimmage with the second team the 'Varsity lined up against the De Witt Clinton High eleven for three plays.

Crawford is out with a badly cut nose, and the problem of taking care of the wings is bothering the coaches. Zimmerle and Dutcher are playing at present, but there will have to be a marked improvement in the work of both men to insure their starting the game on Saturday. Vesely or Henneberger, who are both fast and experienced, will be moved out to the end.

Stamford Defeats Waterbury.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 1.—Stamford High School took another step forward this afternoon toward the football scholastic championship of the State by defeating Waterbury High School 15 to 3. A thirty-five-yard drop kick by Casey of Waterbury and a forty-yard goal from placement by Doiin of Stamford were as pretty plays as some of the crack college teams could produce. This was the first score against Stamford this year.

IDAHO ELEVEN WINS.

Warship Team Defeats Nebraska and Will Play Connecticut.

In one of the longest drawn-out football matches ever played in the United States in order to qualify for the honor of contesting for the title of champion of the United States battleship division the eleven of the Idaho yesterday at Van Cortlandt finally scored a victory over the team representing the Nebraska by a tally of 12 to 0.

These teams had battled to a tie on the occasion of two games played at American League Park last Saturday and Monday, when the outcome showed a no-score game in each instance. As a decision was necessary in order to determine which eleven would have the right to play the Connecticut team for the final honors, yesterday's match was viewed with much interest by persons who follow the competitive doings of Uncle Sam's navy.

After the match of yesterday had resolved itself into a tie at 6 all Davis, left half back of the Idaho team, made the play which nailed the honors to the credit of the Idaho contingent by scoring in the final quarter of a match which just bristled with interesting periods. The line-up:

Nebraska.	Position.	Idaho.
Watson	Left end	Sheets
Welsh	Left tackle	Mick
Lafferty	Left guard	May
Saunders	Centre	Duncan
White	Right guard	Oschner
Dock	Right tackle	Schneller
Higgins	Right end	Wilhoyt
Hopkins	Quarter back	Duffy
Brown	Left half back	Davis
Harrigan	Right half back	McBride
Smith	Full back	King

GREAT DEMAND FOR TICKETS.

Princeton Now Wants Full Allotment for Game at Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—An unlooked-for application from Princeton for tickets for the Yale-Princeton game in this city has disturbed the plans for the Yale distribution of tickets. The capacity of the stands is 33,000. Princeton applied originally for 9,400 tickets, but asked that a total of 11,000 be reserved, leaving to Yale 22,000, although Princeton was entitled to one-half the total capacity of the field. She has now asked for the amount of the reservation, which is 2,500 more than she asked for two years ago.

As a result it is stated at the Yale ticket office that while all the applications for three tickets each for personal use can be filled, probably no tickets can be distributed to the so-called "borrowed" applications.

Applications for the Yale-Harvard game continue to pour in at a rate that almost swamps the Yale office.

Cornell Works Hard in Cold.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 1.—This was the coldest day of the year for the Cornell football candidates upon Alumni Field, and the men had to hustle all the time in order to keep warm. Although the field was wet and soggy, the players were put through an hour's drill in the fundamentals, another hour's work in a dummy scrimmage, and finally wound up in scrimmages with the scrubs and the freshmen. The 'Varsity showed good form against the scrubs, but by the time they played the freshmen they were tired, and the first year backs got through the line with Taber, who is a very fast quarter back, wriggling his way past the tackles for good gains.

A place kick by Butler and a touchdown by O'Connor was the total of the 'Varsity work against the scrubs. They did not even get a score against the freshmen, Butler was tried at quarter back on the 'Varsity for the first time in ten days. He seemed to have recovered from his hurts, but, following their policy of yesterday, the coaches soon had O'Connor working at quarter back with Collins in at left half, which up to this time has been played by O'Connor. Hawkins was kept out of right half back again, and it is obvious that Whyte is to be given a chance to play in this position in a game. Whyte is not so clever as Hawkins, but he is much steadier, and he can hold the ball. All the half backs the men who will have the hardest time to make good now are Hawkins and McCormick, though the latter is coming along fairly well now.

Underhill played full back, Champaign was in his place at right tackle for a very short time, but the coaches continued to use both Williamson and Davidson for the place. The only other new man in the line-up was Delano, who played for a time at right guard after Mumma had gone out.

Middies in a Long Scrimmage.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 1.—The Naval Academy coaches drove the team hard this afternoon for about forty minutes, the longest period devoted to scrimmage this season. Dalton and Bowell were in the game for the whole time, while Rodes, McReavy, Leonard, Nichols, and Bates were all given opportunities in the other two backfield positions. Leonard and Nichols did specially good work. They are very fast and are good men to relieve Rodes and McReavy when an end running game is to be tried rather than line-breaking tactics. Though the offensive work was powerful, there was some serious fumbling and only one touchdown was scored. The regular team played for the full forty minutes, every man on the squad being in shape to play.

Football Teams in Double Header.

On Sunday afternoon, at Saratoga Field, Halsey Street and Broadway, Brooklyn, the Young Men's Catholic Club football team, champions of Greater New York, will attempt to defeat two exceptionally strong elevens. The first game, with the Knickerbockers of Bayonne, will be called at 2 o'clock, while the Arlington Field Club of Orange, N. J., is booked for 3 o'clock.

SCHIMPF CHAIRMAN OF CONTEST BOARD

President of Long Island A. C. Selected to Succeed the Late Sam Butler.

President Hooper of the American Automobile Association yesterday appointed Theodore Schimpf, President of the Long Island Automobile Club, as Chairman of the Contest Board, to succeed the late Samuel A. Butler, who was killed last week during the Glidden tour. The new Chairman is an amateur and will fill the position without pay. This is the first time that the Chairman of the Contest Board has not been a paid official of the association, and marks an innovation in the conduct of the racing affairs of the A. A. A.

The new Chairman is thoroughly qualified for his duties. For the past six years he has been a member of the Board of Governors of the Long Island A. C., and has been one of the most active members of the organization, filling many of the important executive positions in the club. Chairman Schimpf was elected a member of the Contest Board Jan. 1, 1910, and appointed to the Executive Committee of the board on the same date. He has thoroughly familiarized himself with the workings of the board.

While the official approval of the Manufacturers' Contest Association is not necessary for the appointment, it is generally understood that this association was consulted before President Hooper announced his choice. The position is considered a permanent one, the incumbent holding office during the pleasure of the American Automobile Association.

The policy of the late Chairman will be continued by Mr. Schimpf, who was closely identified with Chairman Butler during the past year. While declining to discuss his appointment and his plans, Chairman Schimpf said last night:

"My selection as Chairman of the Contest Board was a big surprise to me. I realize the difficulties and responsibilities of the office, and shall endeavor to follow the footsteps of my predecessor, whose splendid work in all contest matters was a matter of admiration and approval among the manufacturers and drivers alike. There will be no radical departure from the present policy of the board, and future changes will be made to meet contingencies and development of competitions. I am deeply interested in motor racing as well as in the automobile industry generally. I shall have the wide experience and advice of the other members of the Contest Board, and hope with their assistance to give satisfaction."

AUTO ENGINEERS SAIL.

Forty-three Experts Leave on Mauretania for England.

The first European visit of the Society of Automobile Engineers began yesterday, when fifty-five persons, including twelve women, sailed on the Cunard liner Mauretania. The visit is the outcome of an invitation from the Incorporated Institute of Automobile Engineers of England to attend the annual convention of the institute. It is expected that the visit will pave the way for international cooperation in the solution of technical problems affecting the construction and use of motor vehicles for pleasure and business purposes.

Up to the present time the constructors of the various automobile building countries have been developing the art largely upon their own lines, and in the light of their own experiences of National conditions. The interchange and discussion of methods and technical data will, it is expected, advance the state of the art to the resultant benefit of motor vehicle users of all countries.

The tourists were in charge of Coker Clarkson, Secretary of the Society of Automobile Engineers, and will be met upon their arrival in London by the President and other officers of the Institute of Automobile Engineers. During the convention, Howard E. Coffin, former President of the American Society, will deliver an address.

$10,000 Auto Race on Labor Day.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 1.—The Speedway Directors announce that the automobile race for the Wheeler-Schebler trophy, valued at $10,000, will be run on Labor Day, next year. Newton J. McGuire, Commander in Chief of the Sons of Veterans of the United States, attacked the Speedway management for the proposed Memorial Day race. He declared the plan is one to commercialize one of the most sacred days of the calendar.

De Palma to Drive Mercedes.

Another great racing driver will be seen in action in the Vanderbilt and Grand Prize races at Savannah, Ga. After having entertained offers to drive several American and foreign racing cars, Ralph De Palma yesterday finally decided to pilot a ninety horse power Mercedes in the Vanderbilt Cup, just entered by the Daimler Import Company through Fred J. Wagner. De Palma and Spencer E. Wishart will be team mates in the event, Wishart driving his racer with which he scored fourth place in the 500-mile race at Indianapolis and recently drove so sensationally at Fairmount Park.

HARVARD-PRINCETON FOOT BALL TICKETS Saturday, November 4. Reserved seats $2.00 at A. G. Spalding & Bros., 126 Nassau St. and 28-33 W. 42d St. —Adv.

MARTIN A "PRO" ATHLETE.

Pennsylvania Sprinter Falls Under Ban of Amateur Athletic Union.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—On evidence furnished by James F. Carr, Commissioner of the Amateur Athletic Union at Mahanoy City, Penn., the Registration Committee of the Middle Atlantic Association of the A. A. U. has declared William A. Martin, a sprinter now at the University of Pennsylvania, a professional athlete. T. Morris Dunne, Secretary of the Pacific Northwest Association of the A. A. U., in which territory Martin resides, was notified of the action, as was James E. Sullivan of New York, who is Chairman of the National Registration Committee.

Evidence produced showed that Martin, under the name of Davis, has run in four professional match races in and about Mahanoy City. Three of the four races were against Ryan, the Buck Mountain sprinter, and the other against McGill of Mahanoy City. Martin won each race, and it is said that his backers won somewhere in the neighborhood of $25,000 during the past two months.

Before coming to the University of Pennsylvania Martin was the star runner at Notre Dame University. He won the 100-yard American championship at Seattle in 1909, took third in the 100-yard championship at New Orleans in 1910, and third again in Pittsburgh.

Princeton Soccer Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 1.—Princeton's soccer team indulged in a practice game with the Central High School eleven of Philadelphia this afternoon in preparation for the Harvard soccer match on Friday, and had no trouble in defeating the schoolboys by 5 goals to 0. Four of Princeton's goals came in the first half through the aggressiveness of Dell, Capt. Dawson, and Page. Several goals were missed by narrow margins in the second half, while the Princeton nine was not threatened throughout the game. The line-up:

Princeton.	Position.	Philadelphia.
Baldwin	Goal	Delulio
Eddy	Left full back	Burtolatt
Cheater, Hunter	Right full back	Sailor
Townsend, Lloyd	Left half back	Snyder
Winants	Centre half back	Doaxton
Moffatt		
Dinsmore	Right half back	Lomax
Simon	Outside left	Rice
Dell	Inside left	Lefevere
Page	Centre	Butler
Dawson	Inside right	Logan
Cooke	Outside right	Dukenfield

Goals—Dawson, 2; Dell, 2; Cooke. Referee—Mr. White. Linesmen—Messrs. Currier and Howarth. Halves—Forty-five minutes.

Army All-Star Team Defeated.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Nov. 1.—Four former West Point football stars were on the all-star team that was defeated to-day by the Eleventh Cavalry team, composed entirely of enlisted men. The score was 13 to 0. The All-Star team was composed of players from the Third Cavalry, Third Artillery, and Twenty-second Infantry, and included Lieuts. Johnson, Greble, Eagle, and Hill. The Eleventh Cavalry team are the football champions of the manoeuvre camp.

Yale Freshman's Football Captain.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—Thomas H. Cornell of Freeport, Penn., was this afternoon chosen Captain of the Yale freshman football team.

HILDRETH SAILS ABROAD.

Well-Known Turfman Will Look After Interests of Charles Kohler.

Samuel C. Hildreth, owner of the greatest racing stable in America the past two years, sailed yesterday on the Mauretania to make arrangements for the accommodation of the horses which he recently sold to Charles Kohler, a millionaire devotee of the sport. With him were Mrs. Hildreth and Carroll Shilling, his jockey, who has ridden many winners on tracks throughout the States and Canada.

It is Hildreth's intention to go immediately to Newmarket, where he will consult with A. J. Joyner, who has Harry Payne Whitney's horses in charge as to the details necessary for establishing quarters in England.

On Nov. 11 the horses which Hildreth sold will be shipped to England on the American Transport liner Minneapolis, after which they will be prepared for racing on foreign tracks. These horses include the famous Fits Herbert, Novelty, winner of the Futurity; Zeus, Shannon, Hampton Court, Restigouche, Puggins, and Gold Blade.

Mr. Kohler is a new comer in the ranks of race-horse owners, although he has been identified in a small way by the campaigning of a few animals trained by Matt Allen. A few years ago he purchased the Ramapo Stock Farm in New Jersey, a tract of about 800 acres, for the purpose of establishing a thoroughbred stud. To this end he bought Uncle, one of the fastest horses ever owned by John E. Madden, and placed him at the head of the stud in which was a selected lot of brood mares.

The animals which will be used in the foreign invasion have been among the most prominent ever identified with American racing, and for a few years past have contributed to the winning of the greatest amount of money credited to any one stable since James R. Keene's stable was the topnotcher.

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Thomas Town Car, refinished, appointment excellent. Sold under new car guarantee at low figure. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

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50-h. p. four-cylinder seven-passenger Crawford touring, good condition; make offer. Seen Vletas Auto Storage Co., 113 West 58th St.

PERFECTLY new Coupe Body for Hupmobile; interchangeable with regular body; $225.00. Gibbes Machinery Co., Columbia, S. C.

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Handsome pair bear robes, perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and furlined coat; no cash offer refused. 146 East 59th St.

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BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

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EVERETT SELF-STARTING CARS. Shepherd Motor Car Co., Broadway, near 51st St.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4326 Col.

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Locomobile 48 Touring Car, 1911 model, 4 passenger, fully equipped, electric lights and starter, Prest-O-Lite tanks, Stewart speedometer, Gabriel horn, Warner clock, Boyce moto-meter, Rushmore dynamo lighting system, Pantasote top and cover, Jiffy curtains, Goodyear tires, 5 extra rims, 2 extra tires, 2 extra tubes, tire carrier, tire irons, pump, jack, tools, etc. Car has been run 2,000 miles and is in perfect condition. Price $3,500. Apply to Locomobile Co. of America, 76th St. and Broadway.

Packard Limousine, 1911 model, 30, fully equipped, electric lights and starter, Prest-O-Lite tanks, Stewart speedometer, Gabriel horn, Warner clock, Boyce moto-meter, Rushmore dynamo lighting system, Pantasote top and cover, Jiffy curtains, Goodyear tires, 5 extra rims, 2 extra tires, 2 extra tubes, tire carrier, tire irons, pump, jack, tools, etc. Car has been run 2,000 miles and is in perfect condition. Price $4,500. Apply to Locomobile Co. of America, 76th St. and Broadway.

Locomobile 48 Touring Car, 1911 model, 4 passenger, fully equipped, electric lights and starter, Prest-O-Lite tanks, Stewart speedometer, Gabriel horn, Warner clock, Boyce moto-meter, Rushmore dynamo lighting system, Pantasote top and cover, Jiffy curtains, Goodyear tires, 5 extra rims, 2 extra tires, 2 extra tubes, tire carrier, tire irons, pump, jack, tools, etc. Car has been run 2,000 miles and is in perfect condition. Price $3,500. Apply to Locomobile Co. of America, 76th St. and Broadway.

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Talk No. 15

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After the cylinders are cast and dressed they receive a most rigid inspection before they are assembled in the motor. Every caution is taken to safeguard the customer.

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Editorial from "The Automobile," Oct. 12th, 1911:

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But G. V. Electric trucks do spell economy to the firms that can use them to advantage, and few cannot do this. Let us drop the question of which is better—gasoline or electric trucks—and study these facts:

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Does your ideal of a truck comprehend more in economy and reliability?

We have some very interesting comparative data on practically all lines of city delivery with electric vehicles. When can we have an audience?

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O'ROURKE MUST STAY OUT OF FIGHT RINGS

Boxing Commission Warns Manager as to National and Royale Clubs.

Another boxing club has made its appearance on the thickly growing and overcrowded local field. The new organization will be known as the American Boxing Club, and will conduct its bouts at the Palace Rink, Williamsburg. The club was granted a license at yesterday's meeting of the State Athletic Commission. The commission also appointed three inspectors, Peter J. Maher, J. J. Lawlor, and R. J. Weldon, all of Brooklyn.

No definite action was taken regarding the double violation of the commission's rules at the bout between Al Palzer and Soldier Delaney, at the National Sporting Club, last week. On that occasion Tom O'Rourke, who was at that time the managing Director of the club, occupied a box directly adjoining the corner of Palzer, whom he manages, and during the bout he acted as a second for his man. This is contrary to the rules which prohibit any official of the club staging a bout from acting in any capacity in or near the ring when the boxers are in action. This violation of the rule by O'Rourke was brought to the attention of the commission yesterday by Secretary Charles J. Harvey, who attended the show and witnessed the violation.

Whether definite action would have been taken against O'Rourke is doubtful, but a letter which he sent to the commission changed the situation somewhat, and last week's affair will undoubtedly pass unnoticed by the commission. In his letter O'Rourke stated that he had resigned as an official of the National Sporting Club, and that he would tender his resignation as an official of the Royale A. C. at the next meeting of that club. It was stated in the letter that O'Rourke was taking this course in order that he might be able to comply fully with the rules of the commission. He has some boxers under his management, and he wishes to act as second while they are in the ring.

The resignation of O'Rourke will hardly have the desired effect. It was the impression of the Commissioners that regardless of the announced resignation he would still be a dominating factor in both the National Sporting Club and the Royale A. C. of Brooklyn, and in a letter which the Commissioners directed Secretary J. Harvey to send to O'Rourke, the latter will be told that the commission will expect him to refrain from any interference whatever with boxers in the ring at either the National Sporting Club or the Royale A. C.

The attention of the commission was not called to the other violation at the National Sporting Club last week, when it was announced that the boxers had agreed to box straight rules, protecting themselves at all times. This agreement conflicts with the recent ruling of the commission, calling for clean breaks.

The trouble at the Carlyle A. C. in Ridgewood on Monday night when the spectators swarmed from the cheap seats into the reserved section, and not beyond the control of the club officials, was not reported at the meeting. Secretary Harvey stated that one of the inspectors of the commission had attended the bout, but had so far failed to make any report.

Marto and Bonner at National.

To-night's bout at the National Sporting Club should prove to be one of the best lightweight fights seen in this city. The contestants—Johnny Marto and Jim Bonner—are rugged boys and not afraid to mix it. They are the kind of boxers that the fight fans prefer to look at. Bonner will arrive this morning with several friends from Pennsylvania, who are coming to root for him. He promises that this, his initial appearance in a bout in this city, will satisfy the boxing patrons so well that they will want him again soon. He wants to box McFarland, Wolgast, or Wells at the lightweight limit, and will give them a side bet if desired.

Maloney and Beecher in Ring.

Tommy Maloney and Willie Beecher will box in the star bout of ten rounds to-night at the Houston Athletic Club, and the result of the contest will place one or the other a step nearer the lightweight goal. Both are local fighters and among the best New York has to offer in the 133-pound class.

Witmer Expects to Fly To-day.

After considerable delay, due principally to unfavorable weather conditions, C. C. Witmer, the Curtiss aviator, announced yesterday that his hydro-aeroplane which is now on the Hudson River at 165th Street, is in perfect condition, and, providing weather conditions are favorable, he will make his first flight down the Hudson River early this morning. Aviator Witmer stated that he would probably make several flights, and if the motor is found to be in perfect running order, he will probably escort President Taft and the President's party up the river. He expects to carry several passengers with him to-morrow.

MONTE DALE DEFEATED.

Denver Boxer Gets a Beating from Bert Keyes at Sharkey A. C.

Monte Dale, the Denver lightweight, who made his first appearance before the New York fans in the star bout at the Sharkey A. C. last night, did not come up to expectations, and after a one-sided contest just managed to last until the end against Bert Keyes, a local boy. The Denverite appeared like a finished boxer at the start, and gave promise of furnishing a good contest by starting out with a good left jab which he shot over to Keyes's face, and soon brought the blood from his mouth.

Keyes, a rugged boxer, who always bores in and fights close, got busy in the initial round, and found a landing place for some blows at close range, taking the honors. Dale had the advantage in height and reach, and showed up somewhat better in the second round by feinting with his left and crossing the right to the face. Keyes was a bit wild, and during the session missed some well-directed swings, and Dale, by ripping a right uppercut to the mouth and working better in the clinches, managed to get an even break in the second round.

After this period Keyes took the upper hand, and forced the work to his opponent continually, and had a clear advantage in every round. In the sixth period the local boy missed his only chance to score a knockout, and was fighting hard for it when the bell rang and saved the Denverite. Keyes started off in the sixth with a hard right swing to the point of the jaw, which he followed with a left hook which dropped Dale to the mat. The visitor took the toll of nine, and rose to his feet in a groggy state. With Keyes forcing him about and trying his best for a decisive blow he was successful in getting it over. Dale went down the second time during the round, and he was about to quit as the bell sounded.

After this round Keyes either lost his strength or did not try his best, as Dale was in bad shape, but managed to stagger through the following four rounds and avoid danger, being on his feet as the final bell sounded.

GLOVER WINS POOR BOUT.

Pat Breslin Outpointed at Longacre A. A.—Rules Violated.

Mike Glover, the Boston welterweight, had no trouble gaining a clean-cut decision over Pat Breslin, the so-called welterweight champion of Scotland, in the main bout at the Long Acre A. A. last night. The Bostonian took the lead in the opening round and increased his advantage as the bout prolonged. In the fourth round Glover floored Breslin for the count of nine, but the latter came back and weathered the storm for the remaining six rounds. He took considerable punishment, and in two or three of the rounds did nothing more than stop Glover's punches.

Breslin disregarded the rules throughout the bout, and the result was that Glover came back with considerable roughness on his own account. In the ninth round, when Breslin refused to heed the warnings of Referee Marks about hitting in the breakaways, Glover began to do the same and the referee was in danger each time he separated the contestants. One blow by Glover went around the referee's neck and struck Breslin while the referee stood between the two men, and another glanced off Marks's head. In this round Glover jabbed Breslin until the latter's face was cut and bleeding, but the Scotchman managed to remain on his feet all the way.

A mistake by the timekeeper interrupted the bout about the middle of the fourth round. When Glover floored Breslin with a left to the jaw the Scotchman landed on his back and appeared to be out for good. Thinking the bout at an end the timekeeper rang the bell several times, and when Breslin got up he went to his corner, thinking that the round had ended. Glover was already in his corner, thinking the same. When the error was discovered the two were sent back to the centre of the ring to resume their fighting.

Breslin outweighed Glover by many pounds, and was much stronger. His strength alone kept him in the bout for the full ten rounds, as he was entirely devoid of any cleverness. He was strong for holding and clinching, especially during the rounds when Glover's jabs were coming fast. In the third, fourth, seventh, and ninth rounds Glover easily outpointed his opponent, driving him around the ring and taking practically no blows in return. In the other rounds the Bostonian excelled enough to take the honors, but did no great damage to his heavier opponent.

Owing to a disagreement the boxers who were scheduled to go on in the six-round semi-final did not come together.

Jersey City Gets Schlafly.

Larry Schlafly, the infielder procured by the New York Americans from the Troy Club of the New York State League, was yesterday released to the Jersey City Club of the Eastern League.

MATT WELLS GOING HOME.

English Lightweight Champion to Sail Saturday—Sammy Keller Gone.

Matt Wells, the English lightweight champion, accompanied by his manager, George McDonald, and Abe Levy, will sail Saturday on the Augusta Victoria for a short sojourn in England. Wells has been engaged for three weeks' work in London concert halls, and he expects to return to America shortly after finishing this engagement. It is not likely that Wells will engage in any bouts while in England. Both Wells and his manager are much disappointed over the failure to secure a match with the lightweight champion, Ad Wolgast, before Wolgast's bout with Freddie Welsh, which is to be fought on the Coast on Thanksgiving Day.

Mr. McDonald stated yesterday that there is little likelihood of a return match between Wells and Welsh in England. Wells won such a decisive victory in their last encounter that the National Sporting Club would hardly entertain a return match. But the manager of the English lightweight admitted that Welsh's showing against the world's champion may change the present complexion of things.

Sammy Keller, another of the English boxers, who has been in this country almost a year, sailed yesterday on the Lusitania for England. He was accompanied by Jim Sullivan, the English lightweight, and Dia Dollings, Wells's sparring partner. Keller is matched to fight Sid Smith, the English bantamweight, in a few weeks.

BUSH QUITS TO DOUGLAS.

Welterweight Fighter Stops in Sixth Round at New Star A. C. Bouts.

George Bush of this city permitted himself to be counted out last night at the New Star A. C. as the result of his bout with Ben Douglas of Newark, who walloped the New Yorker so severely that he quit in the sixth round, going down before a light right to the jaw, from which he apparently failed to recover, as the referee counted him out.

Toward the end of the fifth round Bush went to the floor when Douglas hit him a light left on the side of the head, and at that time showed every inclination to quit. In the early part of the battle, which was the star affair of the series, he had made a good showing, but in the fourt hround he tired perceptibly and became a mark for the lefts and rights to the head which his opponent showered on him.

Joe Shears, an English bantam, had the better of a ten-round argument with Joe Allen, leading most of the way, and offsetting Allen's propensity to butt with hi ahead. Jerry Ost and Johnny Baker lasted ten rounds of what was a tiresome exhibition. Lee Johnson beat Khd Lewis in six rounds and Young Ketchell won from Scotty Welsh in four rounds.

Duplicate Billiards at Daly's.

The duplicate billiard tournament at Maurice Daly's billiard rooms, has resulted in a victory for D. Muldaur, the last game being a stubbornly contested one with Gershel. At the start the playing was a little tame, but at the finish both players made steady runs, especially Muldaur, who, in the 56 balls previously running 40. Gershel made several runs of over twenty and one of 30, but could not hold his opponent. The score was 337 to 277. The result gives Mr. Muldaur the first prize, he having won four consecutive games; Gershel won two and lost three; Conway lost three and won none; Beck won two and lost one, and Nally won one and lost three.

Hoppe Wins from Slosson.

Willie Hoppe, who is practicing at George Slosson's Billiard Academy, Thirty-first Street and Broadway, in preparation for his coming championship match with George Sutton, continued his winning streak last night when he defeated the "Student" of billiards by the score of 500 to 351 in seventeen innings. The champion made a high run of 150 points, with an average of 29 7-17, while Slosson's best efforts netted him a run of 116, with an average of 18.17.

Boston Wins at Billiards.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Boston won the third and final game to-night in the opening series of the National Billiard League three-cushion carom tournament, New York having taken the first two matches on previous nights.

Dr. Hudson of Boston, with an average of .48 and high run of 3, scored his 50 and took the match, although Frankleman of New York ran up .47 against him, the New Yorker getting an average of .45 and a high run of 4.

Mayo Wins Handicap Billiards.

In last night's game of the amateur handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy, Nelson Mayo, handicapped at 75 points, defeated Sylvester Levy, who is playing at the scratch mark, 125 points, by the score of 75 to 114. The winner ran out his string of 75 points with the high run of 12 in thirty-six innings. Levy's high run was 19 points.

New Records for Harness Horses.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 1.—Country Jay set a new world's record for fifteen-year-old trotters by making the mile in 2:09¾ at the breeders' meeting held here to-day. Present Queen, by Searchlight, also established a new record for yearling pacing fillies, going the mile in 2:20¼. Season records were made by Helwin Ongale for two-year-old fillies at 2:15¼, and Junior Watts for two-year-old trotting stallions at 2:16½.

For Other Sports See Page 9.

Peerless

SILENCE — COMFORT

ALL THAT THE NAME IMPLIES

Six-Cylinder

The Peerless six-cylinder motor had covered a try-out of 10,000 miles in 1908, with a consistently satisfactory performance. The 1912 Peerless, long-stroke, six-cylinder motors embody the principles of construction accountable for the success of that model. It is significant that five seasons' use has dictated no extensive change.

Three six-cylinder chassis are offered for 1912: the "38-Six", the "48-Six", and the "60-Six". All are adapted for the new Peerless bodies, built very roomy and comfortable, in Open and Enclosed styles, with fore-doors and inside drive. Ask for a descriptive catalogue.

The drop frame introduced by Peerless models of 1906, has come into use as a standard for frame construction. The center of gravity of the car and load is brought near the ground without interfering with road clearance. This increases the comfort in riding and the car may be handled easily and safely over rough roads.

We now have in our Show-rooms a complete line of both open and closed cars

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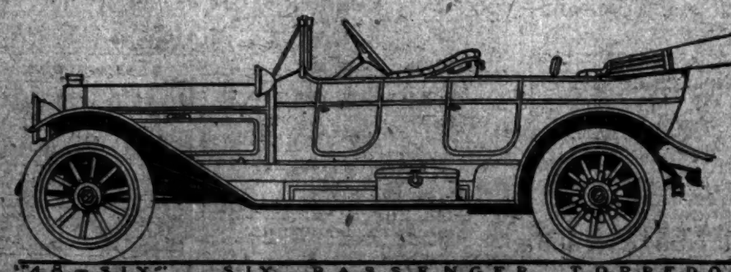

"48-SIX" SIX PASSENGER TORPEDO

Curtis Team Wins from P. S. 62.

The soccer football eleven of the Curtis High School easily defeated the team representing Public School No. 62 of Manhattan in a fast but one-sided game yesterday afternoon on the Curtis field by the score of 4 to 0. The Curtis High School team had a big advantage over their opponents, having weight and experience in their favor. The four goals for Curtis High School were tallied by Doyle, who plays centre forward. Lenhon and De Kone of the Curtis High School team also displayed good form. Capt. Michaelson of Public School No. 62 was easily the star performer on the losing team.

Yonkers Soccer Eleven Beaten.

The soccer football team of the Townsend Harris Hall High School won its third successive victory since the opening of the Public School Athletic League season when it defeated the Yonkers High School eleven in a close and exciting game yesterday afternoon on Jasper Oval by the score of 1 goal to 0. The Townsend Harris team's outside guards played rugged football, but the inside players, Wachs, Donovan, and Shanholt, displayed good form at both defensive and offensive playing. The only goal tallied by the winning team came in in the first half and was scored by Lehman, who plays outside left, at a distance of about ten yards from the goal line.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Thursday and Friday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North and South Carolina and Georgia—Fair; colder Thursday. Friday fair, continued cold; moderate northwesterly winds.

Florida—Fair and cooler Thursday and Friday; moderate northerly winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday probably fair; moderate northerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday unsettled, probably followed by rain in southern and western portions; moderate northeasterly winds.

Western Texas—Snow in northern, rain and colder in southern portion Thursday and probably Friday.

Utah—Fair Thursday and Friday.

Oklahoma—Snow in western, clearing in eastern portion, continued cold Thursday. Friday probably fair, continued cold.

Arkansas—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday, increasing cloudiness.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday, fair; continued cold.

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Lower Michigan—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday, fair; moderate northwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota—Fair and continued cold Thursday. Friday, fair, with rising temperature; moderate west to northwest winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair and continued cold Thursday. Friday, increasing cloudiness, probably followed by snow in the extreme western portions.

North Dakota—Fair, with rising temperature Thursday and Friday.

South Dakota—Fair and continued cold Thursday, Friday, increasing cloudiness and warmer.

Nebrask and Kansas—Fair and continued cold Thursday, except snow in extreme western portions. Friday, increasing cloudiness and warmer; probably snow.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC for September—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	$294,785	$221,654	$216,484
Expenses	195,698	171,243	166,149
Net	100,086	50,411	50,335
Other income	5,127	14,163	10,389
Total income	108,213	64,604	66,668
Gross, 3 mos	782,606	604,074	594,781
Expenses	569,249	500,229	480,929
Net, 3 mos	222,357	155,435	113,852
Other income	24,343	28,329	22,689
Total income	246,700	183,764	136,492

ATLANTIC COAST LINE for September—

Gross	2,526,740	2,246,774	2,173,130
Exp. and taxes	1,770,029	1,640,573	1,523,156
Net	755,811	606,201	649,974
Gross, 3 mos	6,901,978	6,464,588	5,830,732
Exp. and taxes	5,286,762	4,963,816	4,507,513
Net, 3 mos	1,615,216	1,550,772	1,323,218

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for September—

	1911.	1910.
Total operating revenue	2,306,546	2,257,611
Oper. expenses and taxes	1,626,183	1,567,357
Operating income	680,412	690,253
Add other income	77,795	86,552
Total income	758,208	776,806
Proportion of fixed charges and rentals	515,804	525,834
Net income	242,403	250,971
From which deduct renewal fund	10,000	10,000
Surplus for the month	232,403	240,971

For the three months ended Sept. 30, 1911, and 1910:

Total operating revenue	6,472,248	6,507,758
Operating exp. and taxes	4,644,573	4,411,165
Operating income	1,827,674	2,096,590
Add other income	247,947	235,816
Total income	2,075,722	2,332,407
Proportio n of fixed charges and rentals	1,506,163	1,473,322
Net income	569,558	859,084
From which deduct renewal fund	30,000	30,000
Surplus for the 3 mos	539,558	829,084

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY for September—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	912,321	846,298	751,818
Expenses	595,253	540,052	477,851
Net	317,068	306,246	273,967
Other income	16,674	11,144	11,783
Total income	333,742	317,390	285,750
Charges	177,196	178,892	158,124
Surplus	156,746	138,585	127,626
Gross, 9 mos	7,637,401	7,027,978	5,961,461
Expenses	4,897,243	4,485,429	3,709,525
Net, 9 mos	2,740,248	2,542,553	2,260,896
Other income	130,813	113,208	106,206
Total income	2,871,061	2,655,761	2,369,105
Charges	1,588,690	1,511,120	1,409,507
Surplus, 9 mos	1,282,371	1,144,640	959,598

MAINE CENTRAL for September—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross	1,042,898	946,205	96,693
Exp. and taxes	729,724	678,159	50,565
Net	313,174	273,046	40,127
Gross, 3 mos	2,927,765	2,708,344	219,341
Exp. and taxes	2,121,102	2,004,913	116,189
Net, 3 mos	806,663	703,431	103,152

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS for September—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Av. mile op	3,398	3,353	3,072
Gross	2,694,294	2,654,053	2,475,891
Exp. and taxes	1,918,110	1,904,716	1,833,214
Net	776,184	749,336	642,605
Other income	8,250	35,153	1,534
Total income	784,434	784,490	643,439
Charges	530,674	512,978	449,147
Surplus	253,760	271,511	194,493
Gross, 3 mos	7,229,962	7,002,024	6,369,242
Exp. and taxes	5,810,941	5,445,846	4,543,222
Net, 3 mos	1,419,051	1,646,177	2,025,820
Other income	51,570	72,427	9,273
Total income	1,430,622	1,718,603	2,035,093
Charges	1,588,804	1,492,646	1,364,878
Def., 3 mos	158,182	*225,950	*670,214

*Surplus.

NEW YORK CENTRAL and its controlled and and affiliated lines for September—
New York Central and Hudson River:

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Op. rev	9,720,004	9,346,556	8,860,782
Op. exp	6,134,247	6,252,781	5,726,759
Net op. rev	3,585,757	3,096,775	3,134,023
Out. op., net	59,516	20,561	22,799
Net rev	3,652,073	3,117,336	3,156,822
Taxes	359,178	300,870	358,018
Op. income	3,292,893	2,726,959	2,818,804
Op. rev., 9 mos	76,874,038	73,774,940	67,749,418
Op. exp	55,053,060	52,446,061	47,607,945
Net op. rev	21,820,978	19,321,879	20,441,473
Out. op., net	204,279	*178,076	39,579
Net rev	22,024,652	19,153,803	20,481,050
Taxes	3,760,601	3,454,807	3,261,936
Op. inc., 9 mos	18,264,051	15,698,996	17,219,114

*Debit.

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern:

Op. rev	4,358,141	4,467,125	4,269,028
Op. exp	2,457,810	2,910,213	2,510,033
Net op. rev	1,900,331	1,567,912	1,758,995
Out. op., net	4,474	*4,799	*3,376
Net rev	1,904,805	1,562,113	1,753,619
Taxes	147,956	125,000	125,000
Op. income	1,756,805	1,415,156	1,628,619
Op. rev., 9 mos	35,900,740	36,900,370	32,781,110
Op. exp	28,795,518	25,556,714	20,417,414
Net op. rev	12,116,425	11,341,668	12,313,696
Out. op., debit	19,617	35,458	17,052
Net rev	12,096,008	11,306,227	12,295,807
Taxes	1,215,000	1,253,870	1,125,000
Op. inc., 9 mos	10,881,008	10,052,357	11,190,307

*Debit.

Michigan Central:

Op. rev	2,702,805	2,634,249	2,557,616
Op. exp	1,681,128	1,952,226	1,668,900
Net op. rev	1,121,677	681,951	948,526
Out. op., net	5,697	1,188	*1,071
Net rev	1,117,074	683,140	946,855
Taxes	110,000	173,150	94,000
Op. income	1,007,074	509,990	852,853
Op. rev., 9 mos	22,015,160	21,902,853	19,643,935
Op. exp	15,465,130	15,772,507	13,597,919
Net op. rev	6,550,030	6,130,346	6,046,015
Out. op., deb	27	40,820	41,736
Net rev	6,550,584	6,089,526	6,203,277
Taxes	990,000	1,001,420	849,000
Op. inc., 9 mos	5,560,584	5,088,116	5,354,277

*Debit.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis:

Op. revenue	2,742,122	2,702,329	2,623,288
Op. expenses	1,747,535	2,009,134	1,958,376
Net op. rev	995,086	733,395	664,912
Out. op. (debit)	1,458	*2,011	1,056
Net revenue	994,229	731,384	933,856
Taxes	103,000	82,000	74,000
Op. income	894,229	649,384	859,856
9 mos. op. rev	22,570,611	22,171,032	20,049,046
Op. expenses	16,564,128	17,171,244	14,305,505
Net op. rev	6,013,483	5,000,387	5,742,539
Out. op. (debit)	40,760	72,484	52,641
Net revenue	5,974,702	4,926,903	5,710,898
Taxes	770,030	702,000	636,000
9 mos. op. inc	5,204,702	4,224,903	5,044,898

New York, Chicago & St. Louis:

Op. revenue	942,287	936,075	844,016
Op. expenses	647,998	668,976	543,207
Net op. rev	294,289	267,099	300,807
Out. op. (debit)	804	759	352
Net revenue	293,485	268,340	300,456
Taxes	44,000	34,500	32,000
Op. income	249,485	231,840	267,456
9 mos. op. rev	8,249,397	8,232,928	7,225,618
Op. expenses	5,045,623	5,728,425	5,028,314
Net op. rev	2,203,794	2,504,502	2,197,304
Out. op. (debit)	13,837	16,545	13,552
Net revenue	2,189,957	2,489,957	2,183,751
Taxes	299,397	294,600	243,901
9 mos. op. inc	1,890,560	2,226,247	1,939,850

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie:

Op. revenue	1,456,136	1,587,470	1,913,377
Op. expenses	699,705	680,383	574,952
Net op. rev	750,454	857,087	938,515
Out. op. (net)	34	*241	*180
Net revenue	750,488	856,846	938,320
Taxes	30,550	27,200	27,000
Op. income	719,938	829,646	911,320
9 mos. op. rev	11,303,394	12,039,927	10,235,344
Op. expenses	5,703,061	5,873,155	4,614,737

Net op. rev	5,600,333	6,166,772	5,620,606
Out. op. (debit)	2,611	4,473	3,464
Net revenue	5,599,911	7,070,245	5,617,141
Taxes	270,000	248,400	158,000
9 mos. op. inc	5,329,911	6,829,866	5,464,141

*Debit.

Lake Erie & Western:

Op. revenue	507,698	532,603	516,504
Op. expenses	336,357	359,966	332,199
Net op. rev	171,341	142,598	183,105
Taxes	19,856	16,329	18,271
Op. income	151,485	124,167	164,834
9 mos. op. rev	4,030,498	4,078,355	3,571,955
Op. expenses	3,205,878	3,140,100	2,864,038
Net op. rev	824,619	929,254	707,916
Taxes	171,873	167,206	141,893
9 mos. op. inc	652,746	762,048	566,023

Peoria & Eastern:

Op. revenue	278,197	383,304	300,964
Op. expenses	204,777	235,763	191,335
Net op. rev	73,419	127,541	109,599
Taxes	10,500	10,000	8,800
Op. income	62,919	117,541	100,799
9 mos. op. rev	2,392,800	2,566,542	2,168,531
Op. expenses	1,940,060	1,847,940	1,546,441
Net op. rev	452,740	718,602	621,690
Taxes	88,500	85,200	79,300
9 mos. op. inc	364,240	633,193	542,090

Chicago, Indiana & Southern:

Op. revenues	309,240	389,734	282,997
Op. expenses	219,108	227,727	205,349
Net op. rev	90,133	82,007	77,248
Out. op. (net)	1,153	1,081	770
Net revenues	91,286	82,089	77,427
Taxes	13,900	13,575	12,500
Op. income	77,383	18,474	64,927
9 mo. op. rev	2,761,437	2,705,353	2,246,820
Op. expenses	2,132,743	2,082,373	1,767,417
Net op. rev	628,741	642,467	478,848
Out. op. (debit)	721	65	*344
Net revenues	628,908	642,393	479,685
Taxes	125,100	121,725	112,500
9 mo. op. inc	502,893	520,668	367,185

*Credit.

Cincinnati Northern:

Op. revenues	124,607	128,886	124,882
Op. expenses	90,620	93,446	85,236
Net op. rev	33,986	33,440	41,856
Taxes	5,700	4,500	4,100
Op. income	28,286	28,940	37,256
9 mo. op. rev	896,975	956,833	856,880
Op. expenses	782,751	755,581	666,508
Net op. rev	114,225	201,252	189,871
Taxes	44,300	40,500	38,900
9 mo. op. inc	71,925	160,752	151,971

Toledo & Ohio Central:

Op. revenues	518,984	1911.	1910.
Op. expenses	274,128		270,153
Net op. revenues	244,856		246,088
Outside op. (debit)	750		
Total net revenues	244,107		246,088
Taxes	28,700		16,022
Op. income	215,407		230,066
Nine mo. op. revenues	5,077,581		3,850,743
Op. expenses	2,469,447		2,331,131
Net op. revenues	1,108,134		1,319,612
Outside op. (debit)	5,246		
Total net revenues	1,103,887		1,319,612
Taxes	195,435		139,527
Nine mo. op. income	907,452		1,179,785

Total all lines:

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Op. revenues	23,784,925	23,547,835	22,636,249
*Op. expen.			
tax, &c	15,479,655	16,605,672	14,618,458
Op. income	8,305,270	6,942,163	8,007,811
9 m. op. rev	190,695,449	189,894,307	171,721,819
*Op. expen.			
tax, &c	140,965,326	142,518,354	122,678,525
9 m. op. inc	49,640,144	47,375,960	49,048,294

*Operating expenses and taxes, less net from outside operations.

NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION & LIGHT for September—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross earnings	246,015	224,901	21,113
Oper. and taxes	128,812	117,857	10,955
Net	117,202	107,044	10,158
Interest	44,329	43,291	929
Surplus	72,862	63,652	9,229
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30:			
Gross earnings	2,019,745	1,837,405	182,340
Oper. and taxes	1,110,504	1,009,857	100,646
Net	909,241	827,547	81,694
Interest	398,269	389,360	8,908
Surplus	510,172	437,187	72,785

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD report to the up-State Public Service Commission for the quarter ended June 30—

Oper. revenue	38,779,915	39,566,854	*786,939
Oper. expenses	27,637,044	28,954,487	*1,019,443
Net revenue	11,142,870	10,612,367	232,505
Outs. op., net	297,634	362,048	*64,412
Total net rev	10,845,234	10,547,318	297,916
Taxes accrued	1483,530	388,983	*872,514
Oper. income	11,328,765	10,158,334	1,170,430
Other income	4,632,005	5,022,456	708,639
Total gross inc	17,960,769	15,961,791	1,879,069
Charges, &c	6,799,500	5,512,488	2,487,012
Surplus	9,161,269	10,709,303	*1,607,943

*Decrease. †Credit.

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM for the month of September—
Lines East:

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Gross	20,153,172	20,282,716	129,544
Exp. & taxes	15,060,744	14,812,908	*252,853
Net	5,092,416	5,469,813	382,397
9 mos. gross	167,045,063	171,008,850	3,963,797
Exp. & taxes	131,114,080	131,155,440	41,324
9 mos. net	35,930,967	39,853,440	3,922,473

*Increase.

Pennsylvania Railroad:

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Av. miles oper	5,978	3,971	4,017
Freight rev	9,712,023	9,907,259	9,824,999
Passenger rev	3,202,355	3,121,132	2,986,179
Other trans. rev	722,544	725,498	702,815
Non-trans. rev	115,544	98,712	104,083
Total op. rev	13,752,547	13,945,601	13,529,976
Maintenance of way & struct	1,600,341	1,795,284	1,793,148
Maintenance of equipment	2,590,788	2,393,345	2,424,166
Traffic exp	181,729	194,688	182,062
Transp. exp	4,781,107	4,697,778	4,172,949
General exp	353,121	358,475	317,972
Total oper. exp	9,512,214	9,413,572	8,851,025
Net oper. rev	4,240,433	4,526,029	4,678,950
Outside op., debit	84,535	59,425	97,385
Total net rev	4,155,898	4,466,604	4,581,565
Taxes	1,045,967	1,071,454	197,925
Oper. income	3,109,931	3,092,151	4,384,040

Jan. 1 to Sept. 30:

Freight rev	82,584,232	87,669,753	76,186,473
Passenger rev	25,035,245	24,873,257	22,232,407
Other trans. rev	6,751,649	6,712,920	6,249,402
Non-trans. rev	917,659	903,358	854,850
Total op. rev	115,563,054	119,561,883	107,468,297
Maintenance of way & struct	13,784,115	15,753,807	14,180,316
Maintenance of equipment	22,988,099	23,128,664	20,879,350
Traffic exp	1,852,210	1,632,048	1,461,973
Transportation exp	42,372,053	42,071,776	35,894,207
General exp	3,093,405	2,986,239	2,666,724
Total oper. exp	85,089,984	85,487,239	75,086,220
Net oper. rev	31,493,070	34,074,644	32,382,077
Outside op., debit	1,000,475	1,020,855	680,232
Total net rev	30,760,658	33,064,760	31,701,842
Taxes	5,005,161	5,920,455	2,314,277
Oper. income	25,764,497	29,135,331	29,387,565

Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington:

Mileage	1,658,796	1,670,840	1,671,656
Gross	1,215,758	1,300,985	1,097,646
Exp. and taxes	443,040	369,855	474,009
Net	772,718	931,130	623,637
Gross, 9 mos

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of dividend paying companies.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Advance Vigorously, Accompanied by Large Increase in Trading.

STEEL TAKES THE LEAD

Recovers Price Above Which It Sold Just Before Suit Was Filed—Steel Trade Sentiment Improves.

The stock market acted yesterday as though a considerable load of uncertainty had been lifted from it. Undoubtedly short covering contributed importantly to the abruptness of the advance, but the improvement in prices, and more particularly in market sentiment, was not to be attributed solely to the buying in of stocks to cover previous commitments on the short side. The position which the Government has taken in respect to the proposed plan for the reorganization of the American Tobacco Company has unquestionably done much to lessen the apprehension with which the dissolution of the company was regarded up to the time of the hearing before the United States Circuit Court. As it happened the favorable impression created by the course of the tobacco hearing was supplemented by an unexpectedly good quarterly statement from the United States Steel Corporation and it was the combined effect of these two which made themselves felt in the forward movement of prices which took place yesterday.

Inasmuch as it will be two years, at least, in all likelihood before the suit against the Steel Corporation can be decided by the Supreme Court, it is more than probable that for a considerable time to come the action which has been undertaken against the corporation will prove of minor influence in the securities market while trade conditions will, in all probability, prove a much more direct factor. There would seem to be no present basis for the assumption that the earnings for the present quarter will make as favorable a showing relatively as was made in the statement issued after the close of the market on Tuesday. Prices for some products have declined from the average price prevailing during the September quarter and beyond this it must be taken into consideration that the transportation earnings of the Steel Corporation customarily show a decline in the last quarter of the year. These are factors which should be borne in mind with a view to preventing the building up of possibly unfounded expectations regarding the earnings for the current quarter on the basis of the very good showing made for the third quarter of the year. On the other hand there are signs of improving sentiment in the steel trade which may conceivably make itself felt before long in the level of steel prices. That stage seems to have been reached beyond which further concessions in prices would mean for many producers only increased losses and this fact is having its effect upon the attitude of large consumers. Railroad spikes and pipes for instance are selling at record low figures and bars at the lowest price since 1894. Many consumers are beginning to feel that from such a situation as this some recovery might very easily be had. The Iron Age says of bar iron in particular that the position is such that a stiffening in the price of any one manufacturer might lead to a general stand against further declines. It says, also, that the Steel Corporation's bookings were better this past week than in several preceding weeks. There are thus some hopeful signs in the steel trade which come as a grateful change from the continued decline in prices with which steel manufacturers have been confronted for several months.

Very naturally the centre of interest in yesterday's trading was United States Steel, the advance in which carried it to above the figure at which it closed last Thursday, on which day, after the close of the market, the Government's suit against the Steel Corporation was filed. This movement in the stock seemed to emphasize the view that the immediate effect of the suit against the corporation had spent itself and that the market had turned its attention to other factors in the situation. The hope is entertained in some quarters that, having taken steps to put to the test the most prominent of all the industrial combinations, the Government will see its way clear to let other suits under the Sherman law await the outcome of this action against the Steel Corporation; but even in quarters where such a course is not counted on the view is being taken that the effect upon sentiment of other anti-trust suits would be greatly minimized by the fact that the financial markets have already been subjected to the shock of a suit against the most prominent of all the industrial corporations. Though the trading was heaviest in the steel shares, and its advance among the largest, the improvement extended to all parts of the list with a considerable degree of activity in a large number of issues. Some short covering was reported yesterday which appeared to represent the withdrawal of a portion of a long standing short interest and there was also buying in considerable volume by some who had long been withholding from the market partly in anticipation of the suit which has at last been brought against the steel Corporation. It was natural that the rapidity of the advance should develop a feeling of caution at the higher levels reached yesterday, but underlying the improvement was the distinct betterment in sentiment which has been growing up during the last few days.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Georgia Southern & Florida Railway on first and second preferred.
Kellogg Switchboard Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾@4 per cent. for ninety days, four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3½ per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4@4½ per cent. for four to six months' maturities.

Private discount at foreign centres: London, 2 7-16 per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4½ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $365,204,401; balances, $18,531,503; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $802,116.

The local banks have lost $4,128,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND EIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8720; demand, $4.8688.
Paris—Cable, 5.16¼ less 1-32; check, 5.16¾.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼ plus 1-64; check, 95 1-16 less 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.17½ less 1-32; check, $5.18¼.
Holland—Cable, 40.28; check, 40.23.
Belgium—Cable, $5.19¾; check, $5.20 plus 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8370; ninety days, $4.8240.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83½; ninety days, $4.82¾.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.20; ninety days, $5.21¾.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.20¾ plus 1-32; ninety days, $5.22½ plus 5-32.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 94¾.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94¼; ninety days, 95¼.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, par; St. Paul, 25c premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, 31¼o discount.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales Nov. 1, 1911 900,540
From Jan. 1, 1911 108,452,858
Same period last year 143,705,464

Closing Bid	Closing Ask	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
37¾	38	100	Allis-Chalmers	38	38	38	38	...
10½	11	300	Allis-Chalmers pf.	10½	10¾	10½	10¾	+¼
54⅜	54½	16,800	Amalgamated Copper	52½	54½	52¾	54¼	+2½
56⅞	57	4,400	Am. Beet Sugar	57¼	57¾	57	57	+½
10½	10¾	3,100	Am. Can	10	10¾	10	10¾	+¾
87½	87¾	2,000	Am. Can pf.	86	87¾	86	87¾	+2
50	50¼	3,700	Am. Car & Foundry	47¾	50¼	47¾	50¼	+2¾
43¼	44	2,550	Am. Cotton Oil	43½	44	42¾	43¾	...
82¾	84	700	Am. Locomotive	83	84	83	84	+1½
103	103½	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	103	103	103	103	...
4	5	100	Am. Malt.	4	4	4	4	...
65¾	65¾	47,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	62¾	65¾	61¾	65¼	+3½
100¾	101	400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	100	101	101	101	+1½
84½	85¾	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	+¼
30	30¾	200	Am. Steel Foundries	30	30	30	30	+1
117	118	400	Am. Sugar Ref.	116¾	117	116¾	117	+1
114	115¼	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	115	115	115	115	...
135¾	135¾	1,032	Am. Tel. & Tel.	135¼	135¾	135¼	135¼	+½
96¾	97	2,050	Am. Tobacco pf.	97¾	97¾	96¾	97¾	+¾
96½	96¾	1,200	Am. Tobacco pf. tr. r.	96¾	97	96¾	96¾	+¾
87¾	89	400	Am. Woolen pf.	87	87¾	87	87¾	+2¾
34¾	34¾	400	Anaconda Copper Co.	33¾	34¾	33¾	34¾	+¾
107¾	107¾	8,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	106¾	107¾	106¾	107¾	+¾
103¼	103⅝	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103¾	103¼	103½	+¾
127½	128	1,500	Atlantic Coast Line	126½	128¼	126½	128¼	+2½
97¾	98	2,050	Baltimore & Ohio	97¾	98¼	97¾	98	+¼
29	29¼	500	Bethlehem Steel	28¾	29	28¾	29	+¼
55	56	600	Bethlehem Steel pf.	54	55¾	54	55½	...
75¼	75¾	2,200	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	75	75¾	74¾	75¾	+¾
135¼	137	200	Brooklyn Union Gas	135	135¾	135	135¾	+2¾
238¾	239	14,400	Canadian Pacific	236¾	238½	236¾	238¾	+2¾
20¾	21¼	200	Central Leather Co.	21	21	21	21	+¼
92	92¾	100	Central Leather Co. pf.	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	+¼
73¼	73⅝	2,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	72½	73¼	72½	73¼	+1¼
19½	19¾	1,000	Chicago Gt. Western	18¾	19¾	18¾	19¾	+¾
38¾	39	3,100	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	37¾	39	37¾	39	+1¾
109¾	110	10,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	108¾	110	105	110	+1¾
145¼	146¾	1,020	Chi. & Northwestern.	145¼	146¾	145¼	146¾	+1¾
20¾	20¾	950	Chino Copper	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	...
28¾	29	300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	28	28¾	28	28¾	+¾
139	139¾	7,825	Consolidated Gas	138	139¾	138	139¾	+1¾
10¾	10¾	700	Corn Products Ref.	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾	+¼
164¼	...	100	Delaware & Hudson	164¼	164¼	164¼	164¼	+¾
24	24¼	200	Denver & Rio Grande	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	+¾
48	50	200	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	+¾
31¾	31¾	1,200	Distillers' Securities	30¾	31¼	30¾	31¼	+¾
33¼	33¼	22,300	Erie	32¾	33¼	32¾	33¼	+¾
52¾	52¾	4,400	Erie 1st pf.	52¾	52¾	52	52¾	+¾
43¾	43¾	1,500	Erie 2d pf.	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¾	+1¼
47	49¼	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	...
150	150¾	600	General Electric	150¾	150¾	150¼	150¾	+1¾
4½	4¾	800	Goldfield Consol.	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾	...
126	126¼	3,800	Great Northern pf.	124¾	126¾	124¾	126	+1½
42	42¾	1,296	Gt. N. certs ore prop.	42¾	42¾	42	42	+¼
139¾	140¾	200	Illinois Central	139¾	139¾	139¾	139¾	+1¾
14½	15	2,400	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctfs.	14¾	15¼	14¾	15	+¼
45½	45¾	2,150	Inter.-Met. pf. v. tr. ctfs.	45	45¾	45	45½	+2¾
44	45	100	Int.-Met. pf. v. tr. ctfs.	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	+2¾
106½	107	1,000	Int. Harvester	106¾	107¼	106½	107¼	+2
10	10¾	100	Int. Paper	10	10	10	10	...
45¾	46	500	Int. Paper pf.	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	...
25¾	26¼	300	Int. Steam Pump.	25	25¾	25	25¾	+1¼
80	80¾	300	Int. Steam Pump pf.	80	80¾	80	80¾	+1¼
29½	30	705	Kansas City Southern	29¼	29¾	29¼	29¾	+¾
65¾	66	400	Kan. City South. pf.	65¾	66	65½	66	+½
104½	104¾	600	Laclede Gas	104¼	104¾	104¼	104¾	...
166	166¼	29,200	Lehigh Valley	166	166½	165¾	166¼	+1½
148¾	148¾	1,000	Louisville & Nash.	148	149	147¼	148¾	+1½
15½	15¾	400	Mercantile Marine pf.	15	15	15	15	...
19¼	19¼	1,000	Miami Copper	19	19¼	19	19¼	+½
32¾	32¾	100	Minn. & St. Louis	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+¾
133½	134	1,212	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	133½	135¾	133½	135¾	+2½
31¾	32¾	2,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	31¾	32¾	31¾	32	...
67¼	68¾	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	+¼
41¾	42	3,000	Missouri Pacific	41¾	42	41¾	42	+¼
127¼	128	200	Nat. Biscuit Co.	127¼	127¾	127¼	127¾	+¾
123	129	200	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	125	125	125	125	-2
61	66	100	Nat. Enam. & St. pf.	94	94	94	94	+¼
43	45¼	300	Nat. Lead Co.	44¾	45½	44¾	45½	+2½
33¾	33¾	100	N. Y. Dock Co.	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	...
97¾	98	2,050	Am. Tobacco pf.	97¾	97¾	96¾	97¾	+¾
96½	96¾	1,200	Am. Tobacco pf. tr. r.	96¾	97	96¾	96¾	+¾
87¾	89	400	Am. Woolen pf.	87	87¾	87	87¾	+2¾
34¾	34¾	400	Anaconda Copper Co.	33¾	34¾	33¾	34¾	+¾
107¾	107¾	8,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	106¾	107¾	106¾	107¾	+¾
103¼	103⅝	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103¾	103¼	103½	+¾
127¼

DR. PEARSON IN BIG DEAL.

Heads Syndicate Financing $25,000,000 Power Company for Spain.

It was announced yesterday that Dr. F. S. Pearson, who with Percival Farquhar and other Canadian and English capitalists came into sudden prominence through an ambitious project for getting control of the Rock Island and other properties last year, with the result that a syndicate headed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. stepped in and checked a small panic in the stock market by taking over privately a large block of securities, is to head a new syndicate to finance a $25,000,000 water power company which will operate in Spain. It is the Barcelona Company, which has been organized under the laws of Canada and with a head office at Toronto. The company proposes to develop water power aggregating more than 250,000 horse power, and it will also construct hydro-electric power plants to supply light and power to the City of Barcelona and the entire northeast section of Spain. The company has also acquired one of the tramways in Barcelona and concessions for suburban railways, which will be built at once.

The syndicate that will finance these new enterprises is headed by Dr. F. S. Pearson. Associated with him is the same group that controls the Rio de Janeiro Tramway, Light & Power Company, the Sao Paulo Tramway, Light & Power Company, and the Mexico Tramways Company. The Barcelona Company contemplates an expenditure of $25,000,000. Construction work on its new enterprises will commence at once.

PROTECT WATER GAP BONDS.

Committee Formed for First Mortgage Issue Which is in Default.

A protective committee has been formed to look after the interests of holders of the first mortgage bonds of the Middletown, Unionville & Water Gap Railroad, which became due Nov. 1, and were not paid. The road, which is less than four-teen miles in length, is controlled through stock ownership, and is leased by the New York, Susquehanna & Western, a subsidiary of the Erie.

It has $220,000 second mortgage bonds, which matured June 1, 1910, and $150,000 first mortgage, which became due yesterday. The railroad company offered to extend the second mortgage bonds to Nov. 1, 1911, but not all of the holders assented, and the principal was defaulted. The line is not an essential part of the Erie system, and the company has shown no desire to retain it. The road has been operated at a deficit lately. The committee is composed of Garrett T. Townsend, Newman Erb, Charles I. Henry, and Ferdinand V. Sanford. Wollman & Wollman are counsel for the committee. Another committee is looking after the second mortgage bonds.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Holiday in London and Paris Yesterday.—Prices Improve in Berlin.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Stock Exchange was closed to-day on account of the All Saints' holiday.

Bar silver quiet at 25 1-16d per ounce.

Money, 1¼@1¾ per cent.

Discount rates—Short bills, 3 1-16@3¼ per cent.; three months' bills, 3 7-16@3 7-16 per cent.

Bullion amounting to £100,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day for shipment to Egypt.

India Council bills were allotted to-day at 1s. 4 1-32d.

Gold premium at Madrid, 9.00; at Lisbon, 9.00.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—To-day was a holiday on the Bourse.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Prices improved on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 48 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 4½ per cent.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Oct. 31.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Receipts, customs	$1,362,824	$25,757,068	$101,874,354
Internal rev...	912,044	25,536,382	99,010,006
Corporation tax.	4,875	60,607	1,746,926
Miscellaneous..	182,502	4,700,333	16,947,226
Total receipts..	2,462,227	56,054,411	219,578,509
Expenditures...	1,823,057	30,187,535	239,459,073
Surplus	$518,570	*$4,133,124	*$20,180,563

*Deficit.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The $5,600,000 Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain 5 per cent. equipment notes purchased by Speyer & Co. have all been sold.

H. L. Horton & Co. have opened a branch office in the Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., under the management of Edward H. Curlette.

The name of the firm of Crawford, Dyer & Cannon has been changed to Crawford, Patten & Cannon, the make-up of the firm remaining unchanged.

A Wall Street topic in these columns yesterday, in which it was stated that $10 reunuals were being sold on the street for 10 per cent. of their original price, was misunderstood in some quarters. As stated in the item, the books offered at the cut price were last year's issue.

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Money at 3 Per Cent.

For the first time since January call money loaned yesterday above 2½ per cent. The rate went as high as 3 per cent., though most of the day's loans were made at the low rate of the day, which was 2¾ per cent. The temporary employment of a large amount of money for the November disbursements, which are estimated at $120,000,000, was regarded as chiefly responsible for this upturn in the call rate. A contributing factor, of course, was the large loans which the New York market has lately made to Europe, which withdrew from this centre a part of the surplusage of funds which otherwise would have been available for use in connection with the Nov. 1 payments. Bankers were disposed to look upon yesterday's 3 per cent. rate as a passing incident, and it was not accepted as an indication of any material change in the general money market situation.

***

Cotton Trade Statistics.

Among the proposals advanced by the conference of Governors at New Orleans in respect to the future handling of the cotton crop was a suggestion that along with the estimates of production now published by the Government should go estimates of demand, so that the cotton planter would be in a position to gauge not only the supply but also the demand. This is in line with an objection which some copper producers have raised against the monthly publication of the stocks of copper in the hands of producers. With information supplied regarding the amount of copper available for sale, and in the absence of any definite information regarding the supply of the metal in the hands of consumers, it is asserted by some that the buyer of copper has a distinct advantage over the seller. The conference of Southern Governors would correct this situation, so far as cotton is concerned, by giving equal publicity to the statistics of demand as to the statistics of supply.

***

The National City Company.

President Taft's decision on the legality of the National City Company, which was to have been announced yesterday, has been delayed by the President's absence from Washington, and may not be made known until the reassembling of Congress. Secretary MacVeagh reported in the bank's favor, while Attorney General Wickersham held that the formation of a subsidiary company to perform acts not permitted by the National bank laws calls for prosecution. Well informed bankers expect to see Mr. Wickersham upheld in his contention that the spirit of the banking requirements is being violated, but they say that there is nothing contrary to law in the organization of the National City Company and 200 or 300 other companies operating along similar lines, and for that reason they do not believe any attempt will be made to force a separation through the courts. If the President decides that these banking subsidiaries are not proper adjuncts of National banks he may incorporate a recommendation for legislation concerning them in his message to Congress.

***

Financing the Orient Road.

It was reported yesterday that A. E. Stillwell's new road through the Southwest, the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient, had arranged to sell 50,000,000 francs, or about $10,000,000, of its 4 per cent. first mortgage bonds in Paris, giving a large stock bonus with the bonds. Mr. Stillwell said that no new securities have been sold and that the story was based on the sale of $5,000,000 of bonds some weeks ago.

***

Volume of New Financing.

Despite a general impression to the effect that recent months have been almost barren of new security offerings, figures compiled by The Journal of Commerce make the total of new bonds, notes, and stocks floated since Jan. 1 $1,515,847,960, an increase of $225,234,311. For the month of October alone the total was $67,432,000, which represents an increase of $11,355,900. Of this increase $187,967,000 was contributed by the railroads. Moreover, a record of new companies chartered last month does not reflect any widespread fear of a depression in business. New companies with $1,000,000 capital or over, organized in the Eastern States in October, had a total capitalization of $124,220,000, an increase of $90,525,000 over the corresponding month of last year.

***

Power State Railway Laws.

The Railway Business Association, which is engaged in the laudable work of promoting a better state of feeling between the carriers and the public, has made a compilation of all the laws passed by State Legislatures in the last year affecting the operation of railroads. President George A. Post says that the recent tendency among the lawmakers has been toward a diminution of legislation of this character. Of the forty Legislatures which have held sessions twenty-four passed no railway laws of consequence. States which have been pioneers in this work seem to have nearly given up the quest for further restriction, and are now evincing anxiety to attract capital for the development of railways. The number of laws passed directly dealing with the carriers was cut down 58 per cent. in the two years.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a generally weak tone was shown. Interest was centred in tin, which declined about ¼c, 25 tons of January selling at 41.25, 25 tons at 41.20, 25 tons at 41.17½, and 50 tons at 41.15. Copper was a shade lower for all deliveries to January. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Wednesday.		Tuesday.	
Standard Copper—	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	11.90	12.10	11.95	12.10
November	11.90	12.05	11.90	12.05
December	11.90	12.10	11.90	12.05
January	11.92	12.15	11.97½	12.15
Lead	4.25	4.30	4.25	4.30
Spelter	6.30	6.50	6.30	6.50
Tin	41.30	41.60	41.50	41.75

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following prices for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin obtained. These final prices compare with Tuesday's closing figures:

	Wednesday.			Tuesday.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Copper, spot	56	12	6	55	9	0
Copper, futures	56	6	3	56	2	9
Pig tin, spot	189	7	6	190	0	0
Pig tin, futures	187	0	0	189	5	0

The market finished easy. Spanish pig lead was unchanged at £15 10s., Spelter at £26 12s. 6d., and Calcined warrants at 40s. 3d.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..5	Apr.	1-'12	100⅝	100½	4.62
Halt. & Ohio..4½	June	1-'12	100⅜	100⅛	4.35
Beth. Steel Co.6	Nov.	1-'14	99⅝	100⅜	5.94
Ches. & Ohio..4½	June	1-'14	99⅜	99⅝	4.71
C., R. & P. D.—					
pur. money..4	July	1-'12	99	99¼	4.48
Chi. & Alton..5	Mar.	15-'12	99⅝	99⅞	5.30
Chi. Elev. Rys.5	July	1-'14	97½	97⅞	5.88
Erie 6	April	1-'14	100⅞	101⅛	5.30
Erie 5	Oct.	1-'14	99⅛	99⅜	5.64
Gen. Motors..6	Oct.	1-'15	97⅞	98	6.80
Gen. Rubber..4½	July	1-'15	97⅝	98	6.50
Hudson Co....6	Feb.	1-'13	98½	98¾	7.12
Int. & Gt. Nor.5	Aug.	1-'14	96¾	97¼	5.12
Lack. Steel Co.5	Mar.	1-'15	90¾	91¼	8.25
Minn. & St. L.5	Feb.	1-'13	94½	95½	8.00
M., K. & T.-5	May	1-'12	98⅝	98	5.70
Mo. Pacific...5	June	1-'14	96¼	96½	5.49
N. Rys. of M.4½	June	1-'13	98½	98¾	5.43
N. Y. Cent....4½	Mar.	1-'14	100¼	100⅜	4.36
Oakland Rys...6	Feb.	1-'15	100¾	100⅞	5.82
Pac. Tel. & T.5	Jan.	1-'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.62
St. L. & S. F..5	Mar.	1-'13	99⅜	99	5.82
St. L. & S. F..5	June	1-'13	98⅝	98¾	5.77
Southern Ry...5	Feb.	1-'13	101⅜	101⅝	4.54
Tidewater Co..6	June	1-'13	101⅝	101⅞	4.80
U. S. Rubber..6	Dec.	1-'13	103⅜	103⅝	5.35
U. S. Smelt.,					
Ref. & Min..5	Aug.	1-'14	98½	98¾	7.61
Westinghouse..6	Aug.	1-'13	101⅜	101⅝	4.91

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Higher Prices the Rule Yesterday, in Sympathy with New York.

CHICAGO SUBWAY OUTLOOK

Armour and Harriman Estates Willing to Buy Property at Foreclosure.

Almost without exception stocks enjoyed a considerable advance in yesterday's markets at other centres.

At Baltimore yesterday prices were very firm and generally on a higher level. Cotton Duck 5s were strong at an advance, owing to the better prospects for earnings due to increased production and lower prices of the raw material.

Led by Steel common, the Boston list broadened to include minor industrials and copper shares, and the market displayed more snap than for some time. Prices rose steadily in practically all departments, with small offerings on the scale upward. Improvement in the coppers was attributed in part to the better tone resulting from the showing of earnings made by the Steel Corporation and in part to reports of firmness in the metal trade generally, particularly the establishment of copper on a 12½-cent basis. More outside buying was apparent and was distributed over a much broader list. The only issue which lost ground was Wolverine, weakness in this stock being without explanation except in reports of rather unsatisfactory developments in mining.

Advances were general on the Chicago Stock Exchange, the list rising in sympathy with the strength shown by the New York market. Principal among the advances were a gain of 2 points by Commonwealth Edison and an increase of 2½ by American Can preferred. Tool added a point to yesterday's closing price, and there were fractional advances by Sears-Roebuck, Swift, Can common and McCrum-Howell preferred. People's Gas sold off fractionally.

The Armour and Harriman interests hold about $8,000,000 worth of securities in the Chicago Subway Company, about equally divided between the two. J. Ogden Armour and the Harriman estate, it is reported, have decided to buy the Subway properties at foreclosure in case the reorganization plan is not adopted. It is believed, however, that a majority of the security holders will accept the terms contained in the plan and pay their assessments.

General strength developed in the Philadelphia market, reflecting the improvement in New York. The feature of the morning trading was the sudden evidence of demand for Lehigh Navigation, which advanced nearly 4 points, thereby more than recovering its dividend. Heavy short covering occurred in United States Steel and the price advanced sharply at the opening and continued to rise throughout the morning. Lehigh Valley, Erie, and Reading were also buoyant. Several other local issues displayed noteworthy strength, including Electric Storage Battery, Philadelphia Company, and the Asphalts, each of which advanced a full point before midday.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	A. C. L.	127½	127½	127½
10..	A. C. L. of Conn....	40	40	40
25..	Atlanta C. & I. pf..	85	85	85
90..	Balt. & Ohio.....	98	98	98
30..	Con. Power	43½	43½	43½
50..	Colonial Trust	27½	27½	27½
25..	Fair. & C. Trac. pf.	85	84	85
150..	Houston Oil pfs....	80	80	80
100..	Seaboard Air Line..	23½	23½	23½
100..	Seaboard Air Line..	25½	25½	25½
50..	Union Pacific.....	166½	166½	166½
125..	United Rys	18½	18½	18½

BONDS.

$20,000..	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s.	100	100	100
6,000..	Atlanta C. & I. 5s..	85	85	85
2,000..	Balt. City 4s, 1925..	101	101	101
4,000..	Balt. City 3½, 1913..	95	95	95
18,000..	Balt. City 3½s, 1930.	10	10	10
1,000..	Balt. City 4s, 1967...	101½	101½	101½
2,000..	Balt. Electric 5s....	95½	95	95½
22,000..	Cotton Duck 5s.....	78¼	77⅞	78¼
9,000..	Con. Power 4½s.....	87	87	87
1,000..	Con. Coal ref. 4½s..	93½	93½	93½
1,000..	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s.	100	100	100
1,000..	North Car. & Ga. 5s.	105½	105½	105½
1,000..	Lake Roland 5s....	106½	106½	106½
2,000..	Macon, D. & S. 5s..	58	58	58
1,000..	North Balt. 5s.....	110	110	110
3,000..	Sea. equip. 4½s, 1915.	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000..	Seaboard 4s, stamped	87½	87½	87½
18,000..	United Rys. 4s.....	80¾	80¾	80¾
28,000..	United Rys. inc.....	36½	36½	36½
7,000..	United Rys. notes....	99¼	99¼	99¼
5,000..	United Rys. 5s.....	87	86¾	86¾

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25..	Atchison	107	107	107
28..	Boston Elevated.....	123	123	123
8..	Boston & Albany.....	220½	220½	220½
14..	Boston & Lowell.....	216½	216	216
26..	Boston & Maine.....	96⅞	96¾	96⅞
10..	C. J. R. & S. Y.....	162	162	162
10..	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf..	110	110	110
25..	Fitchburg pf.....	126	125¾	125¾
110..	Mass. Electric.....	22¼	21	22
76..	Mass. Electric pf...	94	93½	93¾
238..	N. Y., N. H. & H....	135	133¾	135
2..	Old Colony	188	188	188
230..	Union Pacific.....	166¼	165¾	166¼
103..	West End	87	86¾	87
100..	West End pf.....	101½	101½	101½

TELEPHONES.

361..	American	135½	135	135½
457..	Northern	27	26¾	26¾
44..	Western pf.....	105½	105½	105½

MISCELLANEOUS.

130..	Am. Agr. Chem.....	50	49	50
97..	Am. Agr. Chem. pf..	100½	100⅜	100½
100..	Am. Pneu. Svc.....	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
175..	Am. Pneu. Svc. 2d pf	16⅝	16	16½
215..	Am. Sugar	117	116	117
15..	Am. Sugar pf.....	115	115	115
94..	Am. Woolen pf.....	87¾	86¼	87¾
6..	Eastern S. S.....	91	91	91
63..	Edison	292	291¼	292
220..	Gen. Electric.....	150½	149	150
113..	Mass. Gas.....	91¾	91¼	91¾
49..	Mass. Gas pf.....	97½	97	97½
62..	N. E. Cot. Yarn.....	108	108	108
22..	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf..	102	102	103
15..	No. Texas Elec.....	98	98	98
18..	Pullman	156¼	156	156
80..	Reece Button Hole...	13	13	13
68..	Swift & Co.....	90	90	90
43..	Torrington	20¾	20¼	20¾
6..	United Fruit.....	187½	187	187½
223..	Union Shoe Mach....	42½	41¾	42½
7..	Union Shoe Mach. pf..	27½	27½	27½
7,730..	U. S. Steel.....	53½	52¾	53½
170..	U. S. Steel pf.....	108	106½	108

MINING.

100..	Agomah	3½	3¾	3½
1,071..	Amalgamated	54¾	53¾	54¾
1,335..	American Zinc	22¾	22¼	22¾
10..	Anaconda	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝
715..	Ariz. Com.	60¼	45¾	60¼
20..	Butte & Balaklala.....	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞
965..	Butte Coalition.....	17	16¾	16¾
505..	Cal. & Ariz.	49¾	48¾	49¾
22..	Cal. & Hecla.....	387	380	387
200..	Chino	20¾	20¼	20¼
60..	Copper Range	52	51½	52
100..	East Butte	10¼	10⅛	10¼
1,740..	Franklin	7¾	7	7¼
848..	Giroux	4¼	4	4¼
20..	Granby Consol.....	29	29	29
110..	Greene-Cananea	7	6¾	7
90..	Hancock	19½	19	19½
30..	Hedley	14½	14½	14½
50..	Helvetia	75c.	75c.	75c.
525..	Indiana	7¼	7	7¼
5..	Inspiration	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
293..	Island Creek	35¾	34⅝	34⅝
105..	Island Creek pf.....	86	84½	86
10..	La Rosario	13½	13½	13½
110..	Kerr Lake	3¼	3¼	3¼
2,029..	Lake	27¼	27	27¼
200..	La Salle	4¼	4	4¼
60..	Live Oak	21	20¾	20¾
100..	Mason Valley	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100..	Mayflower	1¾	1¾	1¾
200..	Miami	19¼	19	19¼
230..	Nevada Consol.....	16¼	16	16¼
150..	New Arcadian	2¾	2¾	2¾
200..	Nipissing	7 11-16	7 11-16	7 11-16
871..	North Butte	26¼	24⅝	25
81..	North Lake	4	4	4
84..	Ojibway	2¼	2¼	2¼
300..	Old Dominion	40	39⅝	40
20..	Osceola	87	87	87
35..	Parrot	9¼	9¼	9¼
1..	Quincy	68¾	68¾	68¾
250..	Ray Cons.....	14	13¾	14
165..	Shannon	7¼	7¼	7¼
105..	Shattuck & Ariz.....	16½	16½	16½
160..	Superior	21¼	21¼	21¼
263..	Sup. & Boston.....	2¾	2¾	2¾
50..	Trinity	8	8	8
120..	U. S. Smelting.....	22	21⅝	21⅝
101..	U. S. Smelting pf....	46	45¾	45¾
355..	Utah Consol.....	15½	15¾	15½
50..	Utah Copper	45½	44¾	45¼
870..	Victoria	5¾	5	5
240..	Wolverine	82	79	80

BONDS.

$1,000..	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s....	101½	101⅝	101⅝
12,000..	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s....	90¾	90¾	90¾
4,000..	Am. Zinc 5s, 1915...	100¼	100¼	100¼
500..	A., G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	86	86	86
5,000..	C.J.R. & S.Y. ds.1940.	88¾	88¾	88¾
2,000..	C. & W. Mich. 5s....	100	100	100
1,000..	C., N. O. & T. P. 4s..	92	92	92
2,000..	Mass. Gas 4½s.....	96¾	96¾	96¾
2,000..	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s..	80¼	80¼	80¼
1,000..	U. S. Steel 5s.....	101½	101½	101½
6,000..	West. T. & T. 5s....	90¾	90¾	90¾

TRUST COMPANY'S NEW NAME

Mutual Alliance to Become the Mutual —Capital Increase.

The proposed change of name by the Mutual Alliance Trust Company to the shorter Mutual Trust Company is chiefly to reap the advantage of brevity, an officer of the trust company said yesterday. Application will be made to the Supreme Court for the required permission to make the change on Nov. 22.

Meanwhile the stockholders have been called to a special meeting for Nov. 15, at which to vote upon a proposed increase in the capital to $1,000,000. Whether the company will make application for admission to the Clearing House has not yet been decided. An officer of the company said yesterday that the capital was being increased because the company expected to enlarge its business. During the last three years the deposits of the company have increased from about $4,000,000 to more than $9,000,000.

U. S. TREASURY REPORT.

General Fund Balance, $136,522,399; Deficit to Date, $20,180,563.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $78,649,404; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $34,086,959. The total balance in general fund was $136,522,599.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $2,342,257, with ordinary disbursements of $1,823,057.

The deficit to date this fiscal year is $20,180,563, as against a deficit of $18,000,600 at this time last year.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

COTTON MOVEMENT GROWS.

Warehouses Filling and Railroads Are Suffering, It Is Said.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 1.—Advices received to-day by the State Department of Agriculture show that the cotton holding movement among the farmers of Texas is growing rapidly in strength. Many warehouses have been filled in the last few days, and the demand for storage room cannot be supplied in some localities.

Railronds report a big falling off in cotton tonnage, due to the holding movement, it is claimed.

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 32@33½c; extras, 32@32½c; firsts, 30@30½c; seconds, 27@28½c; thirds, 24@26c; held, specials, 31@31½c; extras, 29½@30c; firsts, 28@29c; seconds, 26@27½c; thirds, 24@25c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 30@31c; good to prime, 27@29c; common to fair, 25@26c; process, specials, pound, 25c; extras, 24@24½c; firsts, 22½@23c; seconds, 21@22c; factory, current make, firsts, 21½c; seconds, 21c; thirds, 19@20c; packing stock, June make, 21c; current make, No. 2, 20@20½c; No. 3, 17½@19c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 34@35c; extra firsts, 30@32c; firsts, 27@29c; seconds, 22@23c; thirds, 18@21c; held fresh, poor to prime, 16@22c; fresh gathered, dirties, No. 1, 18@19c; No. 2, 16@17c; poor to fair, 13@15c; checks, prime, 16@16½c; poor to good, 14@15c; refrigerator firsts, season's storage charges paid, 20@21c; on dock, 19@20c; seconds, local storage, 18½@19c; seconds, on dock, 17½@18c; thirds, 16@17c; poor, 13@15c; dirties, 13@17c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 47@50c; selected white, fair to good, 38@48c; badly mixed, 30@35c; hennery browns, 34@35c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 26@33c; Western, gathered whites, 29@33c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, September and earlier, specials, pound, 15c; average fancy, 14½c; undergrades, 13@14½c; current make, specials, 14½@14¾c; average, fancy, 14c; undergrades, 12¾@13¾c; daisies, September and earlier, best, 15¼c; current make, best, 15c; State, skims, September and earlier, specials, 12½c; choice, 11@11½c; good to prime, 9½@10½c; common, 8@8c; hard skims, 2@3c.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
700..	Am. Can.....	10⅝	10	10⅝
90..	Am. Can pf.....	87½	86¼	87½
270..	Booth Fisheries.....	50	50	50
100..	Chicago Brew. pf....	6¼	6¼	6¼
95..	Chicago Pneu. Tool..	46	45½	46
62..	Chicago Rys., ser. 1..	96	96	96
200..	Chicago Rys., ser. 2..	32¼	31	32¼
350..	Chicago Subway.....	1	1	1
102..	Chicago Elev. Rys....	27½	27½	27¾
50..	Chicago Elev. Rys. pf	92½	92½	93¼
580..	Com. Edison.....	133	131¼	132
1,737..	Com. Edison rts.....	4¼	4	4¼
20..	Illinois Brick.....	54	54	54
100..	K. C. Ry. & Lt.....	16	16	16
65..	McCrum Howell pf...	82½	82½	82½
95..	People's Gas.....	107	106¾	106¾
70..	*Quaker Oats pf.....	104½	104	104½
350..	*Sears-Roebuck.....	138	136½	138
95..	Sears-Roebuck pf....	117½	117	117
270..	Swift & Co.....	90¾	90	90¾
645..	U. S. Steel.....	53½	53½	53½

BONDS.

$7,000..	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s..	100	100	100
5,000..	Chicago Rys. 4B.....	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
10,000..	Chicago Rys. 4B.....	80	80	80
5,000..	Chicago Rys. 4B.....	80½	80½	80½
27,000..	Com. Edison 5s.....	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
5,000..	Com. Edison 5s.....	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
4,000..	Mut. Fuel Gas 5s....	101	101	101
15,000..	Peo. Refun. Gold 5s..	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛

*Ex dividend.

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300..	American Smelting..	65¼	62¾	65¼
498..	Cambria Steel.....	43¾	42¾	43⅝
800..	Erie	33⅝	32⅝	33⅝
501..	Elec. Co. Am.....	12	12	12
945..	Elec. Stor. Battery..	53⅝	53	53⅝
975..	General Asphalt.....	39	38½	38⅞
567..	General Asphalt pf..	76¼	75½	76
6..	Ins. Co. N. A.....	200	200	200
50..	Int.-Met. pf.....	45¾	41¾	45¾
330..	Lake Sup. Corp.....	22¾	22¾	22¾
289..	Lehigh Nav.....	91⅞	90	91⅞
1,110..	Lehigh Nav. t. c.....	92	88¾	91
415..	Lehigh Valley	84¾	83½	84¾
125..	Lehigh Val. Tr. t. c..	9¼	9¼	9¼
65..	Val. Tr. pf. t. c....	20	20	20
5..	Morris Canal pf.....	170	170	170
40..	N. & W.	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜
70..	P. R. T.	23	22¾	23
1,909..	P. R. T. t. c.....	23¼	22	23¼
750..	Penn. R. R.....	61⅞	61⅜	61⅞
120..	Phila. Co.....	52¾	52¼	52¾
105..	Phila. Co. pf.....	43	42¾	43⅜
120..	Phila. Elec.....	16¼	16¼	16¼
90..	Phila. Trac.....	84¾	84	84¾
4,240..	Reading	71¾	69¾	71¾
810..	Scott Paper.....	30¾	29¾	30¾
660..	Tonopah-Belmont.....	8¾	8

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Big Commercial Structures Planned for the Midtown Section — Investors Increase Seventh Avenue Holdings — Harlem and Bronx Apartment Houses In Good Demand.

An interesting feature of the realty market yesterday, coming, as it did, on the very day of the announcement of the $18,000,000 increase in the budget for 1912 over 1911, was the filing of plans for several important building improvements. Two of these affected the Broadway section from Twenty-first to Twenty-ninth Streets, and both will doubtless have a beneficial influence upon the commercial growth within those limits. One of these was the filing of plans to remodel the old Gilsey House on the northeast corner of Twenty-ninth Street into lofts at a cost of $35,000. It is nearly a year ago that the old Gilsey House ceased to be a hotel. The property is now owned by R. R. Fogel, and the lower floor has been used as stores for some time.

Of more importance as influencing a section of Broadway which has been in a somewhat backward stage was the filing of plans by the architects Maynicke & Franke for the twenty-story office and loft building to be erected by Henry Corn on the southwest corner of Broadway and Twenty-first Street, the plot purchased last June by Mr. Corn from the Leland estate. This was the headquarters for many years of Park & Tilford. The old three-story structure on the site has recently been torn down. The new building is estimated to cost $450,000. It will be an artistic structure with a limestone façade surmounted by a tower, the total height being 354 feet. The plot has a Broadway frontage of 48.2 feet and 128.8 feet on Twenty-first Street.

Plans for the new west side apartment house, which the Paterno Brothers are to erect on the southwest corner of Broadway and 113th Street, were filed by the architect, Gaetano Ajello. It will be a twelve-story house, costing $500,000, with a frontage on Broadway of 100.11 feet and 90 feet on the street. A similar building is to be erected later on the adjoining 115th Street corner.

Increase Seventh Ave. Holdings.

The two six-story buildings, 200 and 202 Seventh Avenue, on a plot 50 by 100, adjoining the southwest corner of Twenty-second Street, have been sold by Salo Cohn to M. Freeman & Sons.

The buyers, who hold title to the Twenty-second Street corner, as well as 196 and 198 Seventh Avenue, are firm believers in the future of the avenue as one of the city's most important business thoroughfares.

They now control from 196 to 204 Seventh Avenue, consisting of five and six story structures, occupying a plot fronting 125 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on Twenty-second Street, which they will hold for investment. Levin & Lefkowitz negotiated the sale.

Quick Resale of Harlem Property.

A quick resale of Harlem property was announced yesterday by Max Marx, who resold to an investor 348 and 350 Lenox Avenue. The property consists of two five-story flats on a plot 50 by 100, between 127th and 128th Streets. The seller acquired the property from Max K. Reich of Berlin, Germany, a couple of weeks ago.

Another important sale of West Harlem property was reported by Leon S. Altmayer, who sold for Emily L. Landon the six-story and basement apartment house known as the Emily, 421 West 121st Street, between Morningside Avenue, West, and Amsterdam Avenue.

Gerrit J. W. Van Slingerlandt bought the property for investment, and gave in part payment his residence, located on the corner of Chapel Avenue and Sweezy Streets, in the town of Brookhaven, adjoining the village of Patchogue, L. I.

Investor Buy Heights Apartments.

An investor has purchased from E. F. Morris and D. E. Hanlon the five-story apartment house at 521 and 523 West 182d Street, on a plot 50 by 79.9. The plot adjoins the northeast corner of Audubon Avenue. M. I. Strunsky & Co. negotiated the deed.

This is the second sale reported on the street in the course of a few days, Slawson & Hobbs having sold for the One Hundred and Eighty-second Street Company the five-story apartment house with stores, on plot 40 by 100, at the northwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 182d Street. The buyer was an investor.

Bronx.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for a client a plot of lots, 50 by 114, on the north side of 230th Street, 105 feet east of Carpenter Avenue.

The Realty Holding Company has sold through Max N. Nathanson 3,488, 3,490, 3,492, 3,494, and 3,496 Bailey Avenue, five three-story houses, each on a lot 20 by 100, to the Benoit Holding Company.

Brooklyn.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story and basement brick and stone private house, 20 by 100, 478 First Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, for Mrs. Annie L. Betts to a buyer for occupancy.

B. O. Pallan has sold for Anna Weber the two-story and basement one-family dwelling, 154 Kosciusko Street, on a lot 20 by 100, to an investor; and for Charles Meyer the northeast corner of Narrows Avenue and Seventieth Street, 75.5 by 100, improved with a one-family cottage.

Snyder & Co. have resold to B. Martin the three-story and basement house 259 Sixth Avenue. The building is 20 by 90, and is one of a row of houses built about six years ago.

Recent Buyers.

L. & A. Pincus are the purchasers of 162 and 164 West Forty-eighth Street.

Oscar H. Sugarman is the buyer of the plot 100 by 100 at the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 114th Street, reported sold by the Woods estate Tuesday.

Acreage Plots Sold at Hempstead.

The Hempstead property, owned by the estate of J. W. Barnum, and known as Meadow Brook Farms, was sold at auction in the Vesey Street Salesroom, by Bryan L. Kennelly, yesterday. The tract, comprised sixty-nine acreage plots of from one to three acres. Prices ranged from $400 to $500 per acre. Forty-nine plots, comprising about ninety-five acres, were sold, amounting to $42,780, being an average of $450 per acre.

T. F. Rice purchased about fourteen acres in all at $475 an acre for two plots on Merrick Avenue, and $390 per acre for a Merrick Avenue corner. Joseph M. Meyers bought two plots of two and a half acres each, one at $460 per acre and the other at $500 per acre. Edward Moss paid $350 per acre for a plot of three and a half acres. F. W. Eckelberger bought one acre for $450, and E. J. Comiskey two and a half acres at $475 per acre. Among other buyers were Howard Arthur, Joseph Wingtack, H. Kemmet, S. C. Rogers, F. W. Langan, S. H. Ripen, George W. Schwelle, Charles Meyers, C. J. De Cantillon, George Strembel, and H. J. Cunningham.

Vollkommer Estate Sale To-day.

Joseph P. Day will offer to-day in the Vesey Street Salesroom, at noon, the properties belonging to the estate of Joseph Vollkommer, deceased, located for the most part in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn.

The properties to be offered are: A triangular block on Broadway, Johnson, and Union Avenues, occupied by a three-story loft building; 16 Johnson Avenue, a two-story building on lot 25 by 50; 825A Willoughby Avenue, near Broadway, a two-story frame dwelling, on lot 18.3½ by 100; 14, 16, 18, 20, and 22 Union Avenue, a large parcel to be offered singly and then as a whole, occupied by one, three and four-story buildings; 15, 17, and 19 Union Avenue, occupied by one one-story, one two-story, and one three-story and cellar buildings each on lot 25 by 100, to be sold separately; 464 and 466 Carlton Avenue, one two-story and one four-story building occupying plot 38 by 100; 434, 436, and 438 South Fifth Street, to be sold separately, two five-story flats and vacant lot adjoining, occupying plot 61 by 100 and 22.6 by 100, respectively; 225 Eighth Street, a two-story brick dwelling on lot 18 by 100; 23 Johnson Avenue, a three-story brick building on lot 25 by 100; 179 Willoughby Street, a three-story brick building on lot 19.10 by 62.4, and a vacant lot located on the southeast side of Vermont Avenue, Borough of Queens, size 22.6 by 193.

Leases.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased for Charles Brogan, Inc., four entire floors in the new building recently completed at the northeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twentieth Street. The lessee is the McClure Publications, Inc., a new company recently formed to take over the business of the McClure Magazine, Ladies' World, and several other publications.

The Ruland & Whiting Company has leased store and basement in Temple Court, to The Child Publishing Company, a store and basement at 62 Fulton Street, to the Midwood Chemical Company.

Leonard J. Muhlfelder has leased for the East Thirtieth Street Construction Company, the store and basement at 129-33 West Twenty-ninth Street, to Becker Brothers & Co., for a long term of years, at an aggregate rental of $40,000.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Empire Holding Company for a long term of years, the fourth and fifth lofts, containing 20,000 square feet of space in the new building now in course of construction at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-second Street. The lessees are George H. Montrose & Co.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company, as agents for the Urban Construction Company, have leased the balance of the store at 141-143 West Twenty-fourth Street, through Frederick Fox & Co., to M. S. Clark, furrier. This completes the leasing of the premises.

The Twenty-fifth Construction Company has leased the second loft in the twelve-story building at 24 and 26 West Twenty-fifth Street, to H. Schnall, completing the renting of the entire building.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

106d St. 159 and 141, n s, 294 ft e of Park Av, 82x100.11, two three-story dwellings; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Robin Fish..$13,500

90th St, 162, s s, 50 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.8, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Katie Hoehn.....$30,000

137th St, 263, n s, 80 ft e of 8th Av, 45x99.11x irregular, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, A. H. Atterbury.....$58,000

188th St, n s, 53.10 ft e of Webb Av, 374.8x160.2x159.4x20x30x66.8x99.1, vacant; foreclosure sale .....Withdrawn

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

111th St, s s, 245 ft w of 5th Av, for a six-story tenement and store, 100x58.10; S. Roseff, Mount Vernon, N. Y., owner; Gronenbert & Leuchtag, architects; cost, $80,000.

Broadway, s w corner of 116th St, for a twelve-story apartment house, 100.11x90; Paterno Brothers, 600 West 183d St, owners; G. Ajello, architect; cost, $500,000.

Broadway, s w corner of 21st St, for a twenty-story office building and lofts, 48.2x128.8x irregular; Broadway and 21st St. Company, 341 5th Av, owner; Maynicke & Franke, architects; cost, $450,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, n e corner of 29th St, to an eight-story hotel; R. R. Fogel, 177 Broadway, owner; J. S. Glaser, architect; cost, $35,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Seventy-nine plots, known as Meadow Brook Farms, on Jerusalem and Barnum or Merrick Avs., Hempstead, L. I.; sold at from $200 to $590 per acre.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 183th St, 94.10x100; Aaron M. Jarpole and others to Napoleon Construction Co., 206 Broadway, all liens. Oct. 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 135.2 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 42.6x263 to old Croton Aqueduct av 42.6x230.9; George J. Bailey and Thomas B. Watson to Bailey & Watson, a corporation, 2,614 Aqueduct Av. (mtg $20,500.) C. A. G., Oct. 20; attorneys, Palmer & Serles, 489 5th Av.

AUDUBON AV, nw s, 18x80; Kelica Tejetti to Katherina Tejetti, 288 Audubon Av, (mtg $4,000.) Oct. 28; attorneys, Todd & St. John, 253 Broadway.....$1

BEAR SWAMP ROAD, s e corner of Hunt 1A7, Est. 6K, partition map of Lott G. Hunt estate; Van Nest, Frederick G. Duer to Millbrook Co., 45th St and Lexington Av, all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BEEKMAN AV, s w corner of 141st St, 25.3x 23x99.8x25; Richard Piedmne to Carl Schaible, 781 Forest Av, (mtg $19,000.) Oct. 30; attorney, Edward J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St.....$100

BROOK AV, s w corner of 144th St, 25x85; Edward Greenebaum to Hy. W. Bestiger Silk Finishing Co., 123 Prince St. (mtg $11,000, and all liens.) Nov. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

BROOME ST, 126, n s, 20x87.6; Felix Kunstler to Louis Rooyoula, R-F Attorney St, Nov. 1; attorneys, Davis & K., 51 Chambers St.....$100

COLLEGE AV, L.029, 22x125.6 Western Realty Co. to Nassau Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St., (mtg $9,000.) Oct. 31; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$1

COLLEGE AV, L.045, 22x26.6; Maria Mayer to Bertha Hirschfeld, 17 East 107th St. Oct. 31. (mtg $9,900;) attorney, Sigmund Solomon, 299 Broadway.....$100

EAGLE AV, n w corner of 132th st, 50x100; James Harris to Louis Rubenser, 964 East 156th St, and Martin Sacher, 310 East 157th St. (mtg $5,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$10

EAGLE AV, e s, 150 ft s of 161st St, 175x125; Hebrew Infant Asylum to Vassiliki Lales, 274 West 138th St. Nov. 1; attorneys, Rosenau & S., 31 Nassau St.....$50,000

SAME PROPERTY; Vassiliki Lales to Aslan Meyer the northeast corner of Narrows Avenue and Seventieth Street, 75.5 by 100, improved with a one-family cottage.

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Leases.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased for Charles Brogan, Inc., four entire floors in the new building recently completed at the northeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twentieth Street. The lessee is the McClure Publications, Inc., a new company recently formed to take over the business of the McClure Magazine, Ladies' World, and several other publications.

The Ruland & Whiting Company has leased store and basement in Temple Court, to The Child Publishing Company, a store and basement at 62 Fulton Street, to the Midwood Chemical Company.

Leonard J. Muhlfelder has leased for the East Thirtieth Street Construction Company, the store and basement at 129-33 West Twenty-ninth Street, to Becker Brothers & Co., for a long term of years, at an aggregate rental of $40,000.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Empire Holding Company for a long term of years, the fourth and fifth lofts, containing 20,000 square feet of space in the new building now in course of construction at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-second Street. The lessees are George H. Montrose & Co.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company, as agents for the Urban Construction Company, have leased the balance of the store at 141-143 West Twenty-fourth Street, through Frederick Fox & Co., to M. S. Clark, furrier. This completes the leasing of the premises.

The Twenty-fifth Construction Company has leased the second loft in the twelve-story building at 24 and 26 West Twenty-fifth Street, to H. Schnall, completing the renting of the entire building.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

106d St. 159 and 141, n s, 294 ft e of Park Av, 82x100.11, two three-story dwellings; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Robin Fish..$13,500

90th St, 162, s s, 50 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.8, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Katie Hoehn.....$30,000

137th St, 263, n s, 80 ft e of 8th Av, 45x99.11x irregular, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, A. H. Atterbury.....$58,000

188th St, n s, 53.10 ft e of Webb Av, 374.8x160.2x159.4x20x30x66.8x99.1, vacant; foreclosure sale .....Withdrawn

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

111th St, s s, 245 ft w of 5th Av, for a six-story tenement and store, 100x58.10; S. Roseff, Mount Vernon, N. Y., owner; Gronenbert & Leuchtag, architects; cost, $80,000.

Broadway, s w corner of 116th St, for a twelve-story apartment house, 100.11x90; Paterno Brothers, 600 West 183d St, owners; G. Ajello, architect; cost, $500,000.

Broadway, s w corner of 21st St, for a twenty-story office building and lofts, 48.2x128.8x irregular; Broadway and 21st St. Company, 341 5th Av, owner; Maynicke & Franke, architects; cost, $450,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, n e corner of 29th St, to an eight-story hotel; R. R. Fogel, 177 Broadway, owner; J. S. Glaser, architect; cost, $35,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Seventy-nine plots, known as Meadow Brook Farms, on Jerusalem and Barnum or Merrick Avs., Hempstead, L. I.; sold at from $200 to $590 per acre.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 183th St, 94.10x100; Aaron M. Jarpole and others to Napoleon Construction Co., 206 Broadway, all liens. Oct. 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 135.2 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 42.6x263 to old Croton Aqueduct av 42.6x230.9; George J. Bailey and Thomas B. Watson to Bailey & Watson, a corporation, 2,614 Aqueduct Av. (mtg $20,500.) C. A. G., Oct. 20; attorneys, Palmer & Serles, 489 5th Av.

AUDUBON AV, nw s, 18x80; Kelica Tejetti to Katherina Tejetti, 288 Audubon Av, (mtg $4,000.) Oct. 28; attorneys, Todd & St. John, 253 Broadway.....$1

BEAR SWAMP ROAD, s e corner of Hunt 1A7, Est. 6K, partition map of Lott G. Hunt estate; Van Nest, Frederick G. Duer to Millbrook Co., 45th St and Lexington Av, all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BEEKMAN AV, s w corner of 141st St, 25.3x 23x99.8x25; Richard Piedmne to Carl Schaible, 781 Forest Av, (mtg $19,000.) Oct. 30; attorney, Edward J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St.....$100

BROOK AV, s w corner of 144th St, 25x85; Edward Greenebaum to Hy. W. Bestiger Silk Finishing Co., 123 Prince St. (mtg $11,000, and all liens.) Nov. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

BROOME ST, 126, n s, 20x87.6; Felix Kunstler to Louis Rooyoula, R-F Attorney St, Nov. 1; attorneys, Davis & K., 51 Chambers St.....$100

COLLEGE AV, L.029, 22x125.6 Western Realty Co. to Nassau Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St., (mtg $9,000.) Oct. 31; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$1

COLLEGE AV, L.045, 22x26.6; Maria Mayer to Bertha Hirschfeld, 17 East 107th St. Oct. 31. (mtg $9,900;) attorney, Sigmund Solomon, 299 Broadway.....$100

EAGLE AV, n w corner of 132th st, 50x100; James Harris to Louis Rubenser, 964 East 156th St, and Martin Sacher, 310 East 157th St. (mtg $5,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$10

EAGLE AV, e s, 150 ft s of 161st St, 175x125; Hebrew Infant Asylum to Vassiliki Lales, 274 West 138th St. Nov. 1; attorneys, Rosenau & S., 31 Nassau St.....$50,000

SAME PROPERTY; Vassiliki Lales to Aslan D. Dinos and others, 98 St. Marks Av, Brooklyn. Nov. 1; attorney, P. J. Dums, 15 Broad St.....$100

ELSMERE PLACE, L.051, n e s, 35x100; George Sachs to Betty Sachs, 793 Elsmere Place, (mtg $5,250.) Nov. 1; attorneys, Marcuson Brothers, 320 Broadway.....$100

ELTON AV, w s, part of Lot 270, map of Melrose, 26x100; Christian Guzmann to Jacob Kleppel and Augusta, his wife, 761 Elton Av, tenants by entirety, (mtg $3,500.) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

HUGHES AV, s e corner of 180th st, 122.11x 147.5; Minnie Scholz to Central Building Improvement and Investment Co., 149 Church St. Oct. 28 (mtg $17,000.) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

HULL AV, 2,976, w s, 25x110; George A. Woods to Isaac Rotman, 378 Belmont Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $3,500.) Oct. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

JACOBUS PLACE, s e s, 246 ft n e of 225th St, 18.8x80x83.2x100; Sumner Deane to William A. Mark, 941 Morgan Av, Brooklyn, Oct. 31; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.$100

JEROME AV, e s, 250.11 ft s of Freeman Av, 25x110; Frank Bauman to Eva Hackel, 1,362 Stebbins Av (mtg $14,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, E. A. Haumann, 1,302 Stebbins Av.....$100

LENOX AV, 348 and 350, e s, 50x100; Max K. R. Reich to Lillie Tarler, 229 West 118th St. (mtg $54,000.) Oct. 19; attorney, Title Guaranty Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LISPENARD ST, 59, s s, 23x99; Mary V. Hoffman to Mary U. F. Swan, at Garden City, L. I., and others, 2-3 part, all title, Oct. 31; attorney, Irving Paris, Union Cr&h 6th Av and 31st St.....$100

LOT 159, map of 180 lots, property of Max Morgenthau; George W. Files and others to Michael J. Sullivan, 348 East 141st St, B. and S. all liens, Oct. 28; address party of second part, 32 A. and 148th St.....$1

LOT 1035, Block 2, part of Morris estate; Walter Anopet to Hy. F. Herbert, 328 6th St. (mtg $6,000.) Oct. 21; attorney, J. F. Free, 3,029 3d Av.....$100

LOTS 573 and 574, map of Gleason property, Bronx; Salo Cohn to Margaret Lawler, 218 West 100th St, Oct. 31; attorney, H. O'Keefe, 121 West 60th St.....$1

MORRIS AV, ss, 225 ft n of 179th St, 97.6x 100; Knox Construction Co. to Samuel B. Henderson, at Montgomery, Penn. Oct. 27; attorneys, Marks & M., 68 Park Row.....$1

OAK TREE PLACE, s s, 195 ft w of Hughes Av, strip 8.0x95; Alois L. Ernst to Charles A. Egan, 609 Oak Tree Place, Oct. 16.....$100

PARK AV, s e corner of 54th St, 100.5x72; 54th St, 100 East, 18x76.5; W. Emlen Roosevelt to Park Av. and 54th Street Co., 49 Wall St. Oct. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

PARK AV, s e corner of 54th St, 27.2x100; Hy. C. Hart to Joseph McNamara, 120 East 85th St. Oct. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

PARK ROW, 32, s e s, 24x108.9 to Theatre Alley; George W. Murray, as trustee, to Claire R. Phillips, at Atlantic City, N. J., 1-9 part, Aug. 3; attorneys, Howland, M. & P., 55 Pine St.....$1

PEARL ST, 106, s w s, at s w s of Old Slip, 19x45.3; Leila B. de Zarang to Brooklyn Terminal Co., 60 Beaver St, New York, July 31; attorney, J. L. Schaefer, 1 Hanover Square.

RIVINGTON ST, 183, s s, 25x100; Edward Denbosky to Essie Denbosky, 925 111th St, Oct. 31; attorney, Saul Amsterdam, 61 Park Row.....$100

ST. ANN'S AV, 600, w s, 17x111.5; Johanna Brehder to Erhard Mayer, 740 East 140th St, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

STEBBINS AV, e s, 250.11 ft s of Freeman Av, 25x110; Frank Bauman to Eva Hackel, 1,362 Stebbins Av (mtg $14,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, E. A. Haumann, 1,302 Stebbins Av.....$100

TINTON AV, 717, w s, 23x96.5x23.1x110.5; Jacob Faude to James Harris, 1,223 Vyse Av, (mtg $11,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

WASHINGTON ST, s w corner of Bank St, 75x—; Western Electric Co. to Frank L. Fromont, 52 East 74th St. Oct. 31; attorneys, Strong & C., 61 Wall St.....$100

WEBSTER AV, e s, 100 ft s of 183d St, 48x90; Isaac Rotman to George A. Wood, 3,073 Hull Av. (mtg $5,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1

WILLETT ST, 80, w s, 30.5x100.3; Leah Cohn to Frank Migdalsky, 128 6th Av, Oct. 31; all liens; address, 169 3d Av.....$1

3D AV, e s, 139.10 ft n of 174th St, 150x100; Max M. Schwarcz and others to Zarland Realty Co., 812 Westchester Av., (mtg $25,000.) Oct. 22; attorney, Charles H. Friedrich, 32 Nassau St.....$100

47TH ST, w s, 225 ft e of Avenue C, 50x100; Unionport, except part for Quimby Av, or 4th St; John and Mary Schnitzler to Fred Judge, 1,433 Zerega Av, Oct. 24; address party of second part, 2,215 Westchester Av.....$100

5TH AV, 2,015, e s, 18x80; Alfred Cohn to Isidor Lewkowitz, 40 East 67th St, (mtg $15,000.) Oct. 31.....Same $1

57TH AV, 2,017, e s, 18x80; same to same, (mtg $14,000.) Oct 31.....$100

7TH AV, 200 and 202, w s, 46.2x100; S. Cohn to Meyer, Joseph, and Charles Freeman, 205 East 50th St, and Benjamin Freeman, 23 East 117th St. (mtg $85,000.) Nov. 1; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St.....$100

8TH AV, w s, 67.5 ft n of 52d St, 22x80; Emilie B. Fausner and another, executors, to Louis Goldberg, 224 West 51st St. Oct. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$58,500

81ST ST, 308 East, 25x75; Bertha Hirschfeld to Maria Mayer, 1,043 College Av. Oct. 31. (mtg $16,650;) attorney, Sigmund Solomon, 299 Broadway.....$100

82D ST, 153 West, s s, 25x100.5; William R. Teler and others to William E. Good, Westwood, N. J., all liens, July 1, 1910; attorney, C. W. Bennett, 2 Rector St.....$1

86TH ST, 108 East, s s, 25 ft e of 3d Av, 25.6x 100; John A. Weekes, executor of Catherine A. De Peyster, to Sloane & Moller, a corporation, 316 East 85th St, Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

90TH ST, e s, 236 ft e of Avenue A, 87x100.6, (foreclosure Oct. 30, 1911;) Lewis A. Abrams, referee, to State Investing Co., 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, (mtg $24,000.) Oct. 31; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.$8,000

106TH ST, n w corner Park Av, 25x75.11; Chanmel Realty & Construction Co. to Milton S. Hoffman, 49 West 95th St. Oct. 16, (mtg $27,850;) address party second part, 198 Broadway.....$100

112TH ST, 36, West, 25x—; Central Building Improvement Investment Co. to Minnie Scholz, at Southampton, L. I., (mtg $22,500.) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

113TH ST, 168 East, s s, 16.8x100.11; Frank G. Kuning and others to Mary Cornblum, 166 East 113th St. Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

115TH ST, 123 East, s s, 17.10x100.11; Max Altman to Annie Bernstein, 219 Audubon Av, (mtg $8,000.) Nov. 1; attorney, Philip Bernstein, 220 Broadway.....$100

121ST ST, 77 East, 20x100.11; Hy. B. Stein to Edna A. Timeson, 369 West 23d St. Oct. 1; attorney, John C. Gulick, 132 Nassau St.....$100

142D ST, 309 East, n s, 25x99.8; Frederick Sackett to Henry S. Cook, 404 East 141st St or 38 Park Row, (mtg $18,000.) Oct 25.....$100

148TH ST, 241 East, n s, 25x106.6; Minnie Hoch to Michele Lauda, 240 East 149th St. (mtg $10,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

154TH ST, 300 East, s s, 25x100; Louis Lese to August Paul, Jr., 327 West 150th St, and another, (mtg $11,000.) Oct. 31; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

160TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Elton Av, 50x99; Hubener-Escher Co., 835 East 155th St, Oct. 31, (mtg $42,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

177TH ST, 400 East, 20x100; Ella Keller to Patrick Grehan, 321 East 43d St. Oct. 31. (mtg $5,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

185TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 25x75.11; Louise Eckhardt to Hy Doscher, 504 West 185th St. Nov. 1; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....Con. puitted

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest at 6 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BLANKE, Everett N., to Frank M. Tichenor and others, executors, Mount Vernon, N. Y., 147th st e s, 100 ft n of Amsterdam Av, 16.6x99.11, Nov. 1; address, 23 Park Row.....$6,000

BRODY, Alter M., to Ida M. Ott, Hoboken, N. J.; Madison Av, 1,822, w s, 20x70, Nov. 1, 5 years; attorneys, Rabe & K., 256 Broadway.....$12,000

BUONAMASSA, Maria, to Alida J. Amabile and another, 2,510 Hughes Av; Belmont Av, e s, 120 ft n of 187th St, 50x100, Oct. 10, prior mtg $4,150, due as per bond; attorney, S. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St.....$500

COMINGTON CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, 630 9th Av, e s, 24.8x90, Nov. 1, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$55,000

CONNERY, Thomas F., Jr., to Bernheimer & Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Co., Amsterdam Av and 123th St; 105½ Cherry St, s s, 16.8x—107 Cherry St, 16.8x80, Nov. 1, demand, 6 p. c.; address, 128th St and Amsterdam Av.....$11,500

FAUDE, Jacob, to Hubsner-Escher Co., 748 Melrose Av; 100th St, s s, 100 ft e of Elton Av, 50x80, Oct. 31, prior mtg $34,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

FREEMAN, Charles, and others to Salo Cohn, 62 East 81st St; 202 7th Av, w s, 24.7x100, Nov. 1, prior mtg $42,500, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rosenthal & H., 2 Rector St.....$1

SAME to same; 200 7th Av, w s, 24.7x100, prior mtg $42,500, Nov. 1, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorney same.....$12,000

FOX, J. Willett, to Henry M. Baird, Jr., trustee, Yonkers, N. Y.; Bradhurst Av, w s corner of 147th St; 49.11x100, Oct. 19; due Jan. 27, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hy M. Baird, Jr., 45 South Broadway, Yonkers.....$12,000

FROMENT, Frank L., to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 70 Wall St; Bank St., 148 to 158, 26x—, Oct. 31, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & C., 49 Wall St.....$180,000

GERARDO, Donato, to Guiseppe Tomasulo, 99 West Houston St; 117th St, 415 East, n s, 25x100.10, Oct. 31, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Prosper M. Ferrari, 302 Broadway.$200

GOLDBERG, Louis M., to Ferdinand Kessler and others, executors, 548 West 136th St; 8th Av, w s, 67.5 ft n of 52d St, 22x80, Nov. 1, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$30,000

GREEN, James C., to Julia A. Ford, 2,329 Aqueduct Av; West Farms Road, w s, 105.2 ft s of Rodman Place, 89.5x152.8, Nov. 1, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

HERBERT, Walter, to Charles A. Beaty, 402 East 136th St; 160th St, 405 and 407 East, 50 ex 99, Nov. 1, 3 years, without interest; attorney, John Lotits, 303 Broadway.....$1,000

HURLEY, Edward, to William L. Cornell, Hoboken, N. J.; Evelyn Place, s s, corner of Davidson Av, 48x100, Oct. 30, 5 years; attorneys, James, E. & R., 170 Broadway.

KURNER, Christian, to Betty Blum, Cedarhurst, L. I.; Madison Av, 1,536, w s, 25x95, Nov. 1, 3 years; attorneys, Simmons & F., 32 Broad St.....$20,000

KLIPPEL, Jacob, to Christian Guzman, 761 Elton Av; Elton Av, w s, part of Lot 270, map of Melrose, 26.3x100, prior mtg $3,500, Nov. 1, 3 years; attorney, Maurice Block, 66 William St.....$2,500

LALES, vassiliki, to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; Eagle Av, w s, 150 ft n of 161st St, 175x125, Nov. 1, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$25,000

LAMB to Hyman Epstein, 1,438 Boston Road; same property, prior mtg $22,000, Nov. 1, due as per bond; attorney, L. M. Levy, 220 Broadway.....$5,500

LAUDA, Michele, to Minnie Hock, 786 East 180th st; 14th St, 211 East, 25x100.6, Oct. 31, prior mtg $10,000, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee

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CHICKEN FARM
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A country home in the Wheatley Hills, at Westbury; 58 minutes out; two blocks from station; made to sell at $7,000; having all city improvements; grand open fireplace; spacious plazzas; 8 rooms and bath; restricted residential section; sacrifice $5,000; will rent with purchase privilege. Westbury Manor Co., Maple Av.

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For Sale or Rent.—Garden City Estates, adjoining golf links, new nine-room, Dutch Colonial home; artistic; all conveniences; near station. Owner, F 155 Times.

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10 FLOORS, 12,500 SQ. FEET to the floor, in the REBECCA BUILDING B'WAY, 48TH ST., 7TH AV.
Permanent light on 3 sides. Thoroughly fireproof, fast elevators, mail chute and every improvement and convenience.
Renting agent on premises.

FREE RENT TO FEBRUARY 1st.
LIGHT LOFT, FIREPROOF.
Size 40x100. Two Elevators.
Office partitions included if desired.
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OFFICES TO SUB LET
Two rooms, with 360 sq. feet space, in modern office building, Broadway, near Cortlandt; to sublet from January 1st, at sacrifice. G 169 Times.

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43 LEONARD ST.
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$15 MONTH UP, 109 Broad St
Exceptionally LIGHT AND CHEERFUL OFFICES MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING.

Desirable, well-lighted office, in centrally located downtown building, to sublet until November 1st, 1912. Well suited for a lawyer. Size, 340 square feet. Address Room 836, 2 Rector St., City.

Literary woman with sunny 5th Av. office, (20th St.) desires reliable person to share office; mailing privileges. Z 6 Times.

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Physician or dentist having extra room can hear of dentist of unqualified standing who would share expense of office; neighborhood West 50th St. F 156 Times.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
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High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

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42 W. 126 St.....6 and 7 Rooms
414 W. 118 St.....6 Rooms
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Up-to-date elevator houses. All improvements. Liberal concessions to rent few apartments left.
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Corner house, all improvements, electric light, hardwood trim, shower bath, &c.; all rooms facing street.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY NOV. 15.
2 blocks from Subway; Rents $26-$29.
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6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
2 Rooms, Bath, for Doctor or Dentist.
Elevator; all modern improvements.
Apply on premises.

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353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

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Apartments of 6 rooms and bath; steam heat, hot-water supply. Excellent neighborhood. 142 West 104th Street, near Amsterdam Av. Convenient to Subway Station at 103d Street and "L" station at 104th Street.

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Seven rooms, bath, private hall; hardwood trim; steam heat, hot water; very select neighborhood. Apply Superintendent on premises, or SAMUEL M. MARTIN, Agent, 150 Columbus Av.

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Near Subway Station.
6 rooms, bath; all improvements; $40, $45.

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with beautiful private beaches, at not too great cost, on the charming little Peninsula,
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L. I. R. R. Station, Port Washington, 25 minutes to New York.
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A SEASHORE HOME
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Restrictions demand house of the value of $3000. SUMMER HOMES, INCLUDING PLOT, WOULD COST AS LITTLE AS $1,350. Gas, water and sewer. Commuting distance. No agents. Owner, 618 Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York City. Telephone 1,697 Murray Hill.

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5 residential lots at $750 each. Second block from ocean.
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UNUSUAL 1,000 FOOT SHORE FRONT.
150 BLUFF, GRAND VIEWS AND AIR. Fine house and outbuildings; also bungalow on property; about 30 acres. Northport, Long Island. S., P. O. Box 1266, New York.

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Buildings A1 condition, cost $30,000. 180 acres worth $100 per acre, $18,000. This $48,000 estate, in perfect condition, all within the limits of one of the prettiest towns in N. Y. State. I am authorized to close out for $30,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

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Suites of rooms, handsomely decorated, opposite St. Regis, suitable for physician, interior decorator, or high-class show rooms; elevator. Miss Jean, 11 East 55th St.

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307-313 West 79th St.,
Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive.
10 Story Fireproof
Most unique in appointment.
Suites of 6, 8 and 9 rooms, Rents $1,100-$2,100.
Apply on premises, or
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RIVERSIDE DRIVE and 110th ST.
One 6-room Apartment, all light rooms, $1,800
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Ample closets and servants' rooms.
Telephone, 6490—Morningside.
JAS. H. DALTON, MGR.

The Wendolyn
S. E. Cor. 100th St. and Riverside Drive
A new twelve-story building.
The only house of its kind on the west side. Only two of the 10 and one of the 11 room apartments left.
J. AXELROD, Owner, on the Premises
or SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 West 72d Street.

Big Concessions.
94TH ST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High Class Elevator Apartments with All Improvements.
315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $40-$33.40. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50.
321 6 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE PAVED $40 TO $30.
314 7 LARGE LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LAVATORY, $1,000.

SONOMA
BROADWAY AND 86TH ST.
Only One 5-Room Apartment Left
Decorated to suit. The manager aims to please even the most critical. Your comfort—our desire—makes this house one of the most desirable to live in in New York.
Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Supt. on premises. Tel. Col. 4975.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
Three rooms, bath and kitchenette, consisting of two bedrooms and living room; new, high-class, elevator apartments; near "L" and Subway. 225 West 110th St., facing Central Park.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
West Side.

166 W. 72d St.
Located on the Most Socially Prominent Street.
HOUSEKEEPING HOTEL APARTMENTS
2 and 3 Rooms, with Bath and Kitchen

These apartments are undeniably beautiful. Each one, with its appointments and fixtures of finest quality, is a dwelling de luxe, without the burdens, expenses and servant problems of the larger apartments about town.

THE KITCHENS ARE FULLY EQUIPPED AND HAVE ARTIFICIAL REFRIGERATION.

The building, just completed, presents a handsome architectural exterior, and is located on a socially prominent street, close to Broadway. It is in the very centre of all transportation.
Act promptly. Come and inspect these Apartments.
Apply to SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, representing
BROWN BROS., INC., OWNERS AND BUILDERS,
33 EAST 20TH ST., Near Broadway, or
162 W. 72d St. SLAWSON & HOBBS. Phone 7240 Col.

East Side. | East Side.

THE SCHERMERHORN
Madison Ave. (whole block) 82d to 83d Sts.
Close to the 5th Ave. residential section, the building adjoins private dwellings, so that the view of city and Park is unobstructed.
Suites Contain 8 and 9 Rooms
With 3 baths, large rooms and closets. Most complete water filtering system in the city.
Rents from $2,800 to $4,250
FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS, Agents
Broadway and 79th St. Phone 9700 Schuyler

THE HILLHURST
160 EAST 91ST STREET
LOVELY SUITES FOR REFINED TENANTS OF MODERATE MEANS. TASTEFUL DECORATIONS. POLITE ATTENDANTS.
UNFURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
TO LET, IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
2 of 2 Rooms and bath.....$30.00
2 of 4 Rooms and bath.....$30.00 & $32.00
MAGNIFICENT ROOF GARDEN.
FIREPROOF BUILDING.
TWO OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATORS.
Free private 'phone in each apartment. Night and day service.
MEALS SERVED IN HANDSOME DINING ROOM IF PREFERRED.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service. FOR RENTS, ETC., See Superintendent on Premises.

SWANNANOA,
105-107 East 15th St.,
Overlooking Union Square.
At 14th St. Subway express station.
High-Class Apartments,
5 Rooms and Bath, $50 to $80.
3 Rooms and Bath, $50 to $60
Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service. C. F. BEDELL CO., B'way and 47th St.

THE KNICKERBOCKER,
247 5th Av.
ONE HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT.

43 East 27th St.
Near Madison Ave.
QUITE DISCOURAGING! So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date combination 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maids' rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$800. Excellent
2 Studio Suites North Light.
VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

Studio Apartments
OVERLOOKING
GRAMERCY PARK.
2 Rooms, Bath; also Single and Bath. Malvern Hall, 148 East 21st.

132 EAST 57TH ST.
2 rooms and bath, $660; bet. Park & Lex. Avs.; all improvements; service. Apply to Japanese butler on premises.

AT 13 EAST 36TH ST. NEAR 5TH AV.
BACHELOR APT'S 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
Electric light and service included. Telephones.

GRAMERCY COURT
152 East 22d St., near Lexington Av.—High-class elevator apartments, 4 and 5 rooms, baths and showers; rents moderate.

120 EAST 31st ST.
High-class, eight-room, fireproof, elevator apartment; all light rooms; rent $1,000. Hibsen Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

THE CLEVELAND,
120-130 EAST 34TH ST.
Apartments of 9 rooms; ample closets, &c.

715 MADISON AV., (NEAR 63D ST.)
Non-housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; elevator, electric light, steam heat; good service; rent, $60; references required.

257 Lexington Av., corner 34th St.
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
2 ROOMS, BATH. SERVICE. $12 to $16.

West Side.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight times, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam direct; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,600 to $1,800.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d St., Corner.
Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,050 to $1,300.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

LIFE BUILDING APARTMENTS 21 West 31st St.
Very large parlor, 2 bedrooms and bath for rent, unfurnished, $1,500. Also parlor, bedroom, and bath to sublet, furnished or unfurnished. Meals served; steam heat and open fireplaces. WILLIAM HARVEY, Supt.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
West Side.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
Seven rooms, 1 and 2 baths, $1,100 to $1,700
Two and three rooms and bath, $420 to $600
All improvements; resident Superintendent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,421 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St.; beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

BROOKLYN.

GEORGIAN COURT
Gates and Franklin Avs.,
Brooklyn.
One of the most homelike apartment buildings in Brooklyn. Elevator service. All outside rooms. All conveniences. 8 large rooms and 2 baths.
$600 to $1,100 a year.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
176 REMSEN ST., Brooklyn.
Telephone 6480 Main.

FINEST NEW APARTMENTS
"IN BEAUTIFUL FLATBUSH,"
1,983 BEDFORD AVE.
Near Woodruff Ave. "L" Station.
22 minutes to Manhattan; two blocks to Prospect Park.
6 & 7 Rooms.....$46 to $48.
Unusually large, bright, handsomely decorated rooms. Spacious closets and every modern improvement.
Other Apartments nearby, $30 to $35.
Superintendent on premises, or
WESTWOOD REALTY CO.,
Cor. Flatbush & Woodruff Aves.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

ONE FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT, Furnished or Unfurnished. A la carte restaurant in building.
SCHUYLER ARMS
247 West 99th St. Phone 3944 River.

SLAWSON & HOBBS
will furnish you with list of HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS. Call at office, 162 West 72d St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

If you desire to sublet your FURNISHED APARTMENT, send full particulars to SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,586—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DELANEY & ROBERTS COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Delaney & Roberts Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Delaney & Roberts Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. PETER B. OLNEY, Nov. 1, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,578—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BRICE J. MOSES, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Brice J. Moses of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1911, the said Brice J. Moses was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
November 1, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,577.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM GRIFFITH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of William Griffith of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said William Griffith was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN, November 1st, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

Advertise Lost articles in the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times. Finders seeking owners of lost belongings turn to the Lost column of The Times first.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York. In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FISHEL, ADLER & SCHWARTZ, Bankrupts. Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, will offer for sale by order of the Court on the second day of November, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesrooms Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the following property of this estate:

All the right, title and interest of Irving M. Dittenhoefer, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of Fishel, Adler & Schwartz, of, in and to a certain lease covering premises known as No. 313 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, made by Francis A. Murdock, Lewis C. Murdock, Alice S. Murdock, Ida M. Leupp and Louise E. Murdock, to Aaron A. Fishel and Abraham L. Adler, composing the firm of Fishel, Adler & Schwartz, which lease bears date the 14th day of November, 1902, and was recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, on November 20th, 1902, in Block Series of Conveyances, Section 8, Liber 83, at page 442, which lease runs for a period of 21 years and 4 months, from January 1, 1905, at the annual rental of $12,500, payable monthly in advance.

Together with all the right, title and interest of said Trustee, of, in and to a certain lease of said premises dated January 11th, 1911, made by Aaron A. Fishel as sole surviving member of the said firm of Fishel, Adler & Schwartz, to Mason & Hamlin Co. for the term of two (2) years, from January 15, 1911, at the yearly rental of $12,500, and together with all the right, title and interest of said Trustee of, in and to a certain agreement thereof from January 15th, 1913, to April 30th, 1924, and providing for the payment by the said Mason & Hamlin Co. to ment dated October 22, 1909, made between the said firm of Fishel, Adler & Schwartz and the said Mason & Hamlin Co. providing for the successive renewals of two (2) years each of the said lease to the Mason & Hamlin Co. to January 15th, 1925, and for the further the said firm of Fishel, Adler & Schwartz of the sum of $2,082.00 in each and every year, in addition to the rent reserved in said lease to the Mason & Hamlin Co., payable quarterly in advance up to and including the 15th day of January, 1924.

At the same time and place there will also be offered for sale all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point in the southerly line of 76th St., distant eighty-nine (89) feet eastwardly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly line of Madison Avenue with said southerly line of 76th Street; running thence SOUTHWARDLY and parallel with Madison Avenue, and part of the distance through a party wall, eighty-five (85) feet and eight (8) inches; running thence EASTWARDLY and parallel with 76th Street, nineteen (19) feet; running thence NORTHWARDLY, again parallel with Madison Avenue, eighty-five (85) feet and eight (8) inches to said southerly line of 76th Street; running thence WESTWARDLY, along said southerly line of 76th Street, nineteen (19) feet, to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known as No. 34 East 76th Street.

Being the same premises conveyed by Aaron A. Fishel and Caroline Fishel to Irving M. Dittenhoefer, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of Fishel, Adler & Schwartz by deed bearing date the 29th day of January, 1911, recorded in the office of the Register of the City of New York, on the 6th day of February, 1911, in Block Series of Conveyances 5, Liber 162, at page 388. The said property will be sold subject to a first mortgage of $30,000 and interest thereon at the rate of 6½ per cent. per annum, due November 28th, 1915, a second mortgage for $11,000.94 now past due with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, taxes for 1911 amounting to $563.41 and interest and to monthly tenancy if any.

Full particulars with reference to the aforesaid properties, including copies of the leases and agreement above referred to, can be obtained at any time prior to the sale at the office of JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, No. 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York City, and of DAVID GERBER, No. 96 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
IRVING M. DITTENHOEFER, Trustee.
JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS and DAVID GERBER, Attorneys for Trustee.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of COLUMBIAN-STERLING PUBLISHING COMPANY, alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors and stockholders of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company:

Upon the annexed petition of A. Gordon Murray, the Receiver herein, verified the 30th day of October, 1911, and upon all the papers and proceedings had herein, let the above named alleged bankrupt and the creditors herein and all other persons in interest show cause before Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, Special Master appointed herein, at his office, No. 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 6th day of November, 1911, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the Receiver herein should not be authorized to sell at public or private sale all of the assets of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company, excluding outstanding accounts and choses in action, or why he should not have authority to sell any part of the said assets upon such terms and under such conditions as may be named by this Honorable Court, and for such other and further order as in the discretion of the court may seem just and proper. And it is

Ordered that James Thorne, Harper, Roland Mix, and Augustus H. Skilton be and they hereby are appointed appraisers to appraise the assets belonging to the estate of the said alleged bankrupt and report their appraisal to the court, said appraisal to be made as soon as may be, and the appraisers to be duly sworn.

Let service of a copy of this order to show cause be made upon the creditors of the alleged bankrupt by mailing to them, or to such of them whose names can be ascertained, a copy thereof on or before the first day of November, 1911; and

Let a copy of this order to show cause be published in THE NEW YORK TIMES, a newspaper published in the Southern District of New York, addressed to the creditors and stockholders of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company, for five consecutive days, beginning November 1st.

Let service of a copy of this order to show cause be made upon the alleged bankrupt on or before the first day of November, 1911.

GEORGE C. HOLT, U. S. District Judge.
HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Solicitors for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York City.

To the creditors of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company, please take notice that pursuant to Rule XXXVII. of this court, a meeting of the creditors will be held at the above mentioned time and place, to hear the report of the Receiver, to appoint a committee, or take such action in the case as the creditors shall see fit.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 115 Broadway, New York City.

NO. 15,190.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC SCHNEIDERMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Isaac Schneiderman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Isaac Schneiderman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH, November 2, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ELLIS BATES, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Ellis Bates, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 27, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 4, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 30, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WILLIAM S. ANDREWS, Bankrupt. —No. 14,345.

Notice is hereby given that William S. Andrews, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 26th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 4th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 1st, 1911.

NO. 15,642.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISADORE HAUSER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Isadore Hauser of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Isadore Hauser was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 13th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN, November 1st, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

AUTUMN RESORTS.

1 time per line, 3c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.50. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD
NEW JERSEY

Especial attention is drawn to the attraction of the place for people desiring to locate in the country for the Fall, Winter, and Spring months.

Among these features are the healthful climatic conditions which permit outdoor recreation throughout the winter season, social advantages, including private schools for boys and girls, churches of the various denominations, a country club with elaborate facilities for golf, tennis, etc., and a winter colony of refinement, to be desired by families establishing their winter residence.

The place appeals likewise to men of business, seeking freedom from the discomforts of the cities within easy daily travel of their offices.

The Laurel House
NOW OPEN
A. J. Murphy, Manager

The Laurel in the Pines
Will Open Nov. 18
Frank F. Shute, Manager

Booklet, descriptive of hotels and Lakewood generally, mailed upon request.

Reached via Central Railroad of New Jersey

Vestibuled chair car trains from the foot of Liberty Street, 10:00 A. M., 1:30, 3:40 and 5:00 P. M. Ten minutes earlier from 23d Street Ferry.

BARTLETT INN
The Only European Plan Hotel in Lakewood, N. J.
Write for illustrated booklet and rates

OAK COURT HOTEL
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
A family hotel notable for a quiet air of domesticity and a homelike atmosphere.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
A Health Resort in the REAL COUNTRY, 45 minutes to 42d St., 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes to station; free carriage for commuters; tennis; garage; our own dairy and vegetables; low rates; open all year. Booklet.

AUCTION SALES.

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF New York, as Trustee, pursuant to a certain indenture dated March 20, 1903, made by and between HARRIMAN SECURITIES COMPANY, party of the first part; THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee, party of the second part, and BIRD M. ROBINSON, party of the third part, hereby gives notice that as Trustee, it will sell to the highest and best bidder, all and singular, the following described property, namely:

$275,000 First Mortgage 5% 30-year gold bonds of the Tennessee Railway Company of the par value of $1,000 each;

2,500 shares of the capital stock of the Tennessee Railway Company of the par value of $100 each;

375 shares of the capital stock of Paint Rock Coal Company, a corporation of the State of New Jersey, of the par value of $100 each, and all the right, title, and interest, claim and demand therein of the Harriman Securities Company, its successors and assigns, and all benefit or equity of redemption therein or thereto, such sale to be at public auction at the Exchange Salerooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the City of New York, on Wednesday, November 8, 1911, at 12:30 P. M., by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son, Auctioneers.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
of Genuine Oriental Rugs and Carpets
AT AUCTION
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, Nov. 3 and 4, 1911, AT 11 O'CLOCK, EACH DAY,
AT OUR SALESROOMS,
394 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES,
HERMAN A. HOFFE, ESQ., TRUSTEE,
700 GENUINE ORIENTAL RUGS,
Formerly of Lawton & Co., 360 Broadway, City, Comprising Kermanshah, Tabriz, Bokhara, Mousoul, Sarook, Iran, Circassian, Daghestan, Silk Carpets, etc., in all sizes from 2x3 to 16x24, including Hall Runners.

This is the finest Rug collection we have ever offered, and will be sold at peremptory sale to the highest bidder. On exhibition, with descriptive catalogue.

THURSDAY, NOV. 2, 1911.
A. SCHAAP & SONS
Auction Department. Tel., 2953-2954 Franklin.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00.
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
16 Barclay St., 345 Broadway,
7 Doors from B'way. Cor. of Leonard St.
Tel. 6353 Cortlandt. Tel. 3403 Franklin.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, Southern District of New York.—GEORGE A. BEATON, Complainant, against SEABOARD PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY and ATLANTIC CEMENT & CLINKER COMPANY, Defendants.—FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, Cross-complainant, against SEABOARD PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY and others, Cross-defendants.

To the creditors and all other persons or parties interested in Seaboard Portland Cement Company:

Take notice, that by an order made in the above entitled cause and filed in said court on October 30th, 1911, all creditors or other parties or persons interested in the property or estate of the Seaboard Portland Cement Company having claims against said Seaboard Portland Cement Company are required to file their said claims with Bradford Butler, Esq., Special Master, in said cause, at his office, 141 Broadway, New York City, on or before November 20th, 1911; and

Take notice, that all creditors or other persons in interest in default of filing their claims as above provided for, will be forever barred from participation in the assets of the defendant Seaboard Portland Cement Company to be distributed.

Dated New York, October 30th, 1911.
WILLIAM F. ALLEN, Receiver of Seaboard Portland Cement Company.
MORRIS & PLANTZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—Case No. 15,624.—In the matter of ISIDOR RENNER and JACOB RENNER, individually and as members of the firm of RENNER BROTHERS, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Nov. 2, 1911, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 1,361 Purdy St., corner of Starling Av., Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of a quantity of iron, chas. machinery, office furniture, &c.

CHARLES H. BROAS, Receiver.
WEIL & PURVIN, Attorneys for Receiver, 909 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BRICKIN & ACKERMAN, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Nov. 2, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 119 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of fur trimmings, skins, desks, office furniture, &c.

CHARLES L. COHN, Receiver.
MOSES COHEN, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FINE & WAX, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Nov. 9, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 118-115 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cotton piece goods, toweling, dry goods, notions, fixtures, &c. HENRY A. STICKNEY, Receiver.
MORRISON & SCHIFF, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

AUTUMN RESORTS.

1 time per line, 3c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.50. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

The 20th Year of
Hamilton Institute for Boys
will open in its NEW HOME at
599 WEST END AVE., S. W. Cor. of 92d St., on OCT. 17TH. College and Commercial Preparation. Catalog on request. Office hours, 9-12.
N. ARCHIBALD SHAW, JR., Principal.

HAMILTON INSTITUTE FOR GIRLS
3 West 81st St., Central Park West.
Special students, Post-graduate work. A faculty of nine. Limited to seventy-five pupils.

HOGE
Tutoring School
248 West Seventy-sixth Street.
ALBERT A. HOGE, Principal. Office Hours, 9 to 4. The school of the highest endorsement. Unusually successful in putting boys in college. Individual instruction by tutors who are specialists in French, Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Chemical and Physical Laboratories. Catalogues on request.

The School of Mothercraft
666 WEST END AVENUE, NEAR 107TH ST.
KINDERGARTEN: Morning and afternoon groups; sessions chiefly out-of-doors. Weekly afternoon sessions for children 5 to 10 years. Classes in home care and training of children for young women, mothers and mothers' assistants. MARY L. READ, Director.

PRIVATE CLASSES FOR BOYS
F. H. KIRMAYER, S. B.
24 East 60th St. (Bet. Mad. Park Ave.)
Newly equipped building.
From 7 years through college preparation. Boys exercise daily under

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Fur Muffs in Part of Wool Pay High Duty—Other Decisions.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has overruled a protest filed by the Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, regarding the classification under the present tariff of ear muffs. The Appraiser of the Port returned the muffs as being composed of chief value of wool, and on the strength of this the Collector assessed duty under the wool schedule at the rate of 40 per cent. ad valorem and 44 cents a pound. The merchandise was claimed by the importers to be dutiable at 50 per cent. as cotton wearing apparel.

A Government analysis was made of the goods with the result that the merchandise is found to consist of cotton, wool, and metal, cotton chief value. Judge Chamberlain, in his decision for the board, says that the fact that the muffs contain wool, although in chief value of cotton, operates to take them out of the cotton wearing apparel paragraph, the goods being more specifically provided for as wearing apparel in part of wool, than as wearing apparel in chief value of cotton, not otherwise provided for. The Collector is affirmed.

A protest by R. F. Downing & Co., dealing with the rate of duty on merchandise invoiced as "yellow oil paper," was decided favorably to the importers. The testimony shows that the merchandise is an oiled paper with a cotton back, and is water proof. It was assessed by the Collector of Customs at Boston as a manufacture of grease proof paper at the rate of 5 cents a pound and 30 per cent. ad valorem under the act of 1909. The contention that merchandise is wrapping paper not specially provided for, and as such dutiable as 35 per cent. on the value, is sustained. The Collector is ordered to reliquidate the entries on the basis of the lower duty.

It was decided that lamps used in toy lanterns imported by B. Illfelder & Co., are not to be classified for tariff purposes as "manufactures of metal," but are in fact "toys" within the meaning of the Payne tariff. The board accordingly reduces the duty from 45 to 35 per cent. The Collector is directed to be governed in harmony with the board's finding.

Unsupported claims were overruled as follows: Gimbel Bros., O. G. Hempstead & Son, F. B. Vandegrift & Co., Aitken, Son & Co., George S. Bush & Co., Bertram & Royer, and H. W. Levy.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

SAMUEL H. TRIGGER of 717 Jackson Avenue has filed a petition with liabilities of $4,498 and assets $50.

TOBIAS GOLDSTEIN, salesman of 217 East 114th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $1,159 and no assets.

MORRIS GINSBERG.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Morris Ginsberg, cloak manufacturer, 68 Division Street, show liabilities of $6,583 and assets of unknown value.

MARIA V. SELLARO, residing at 227 East Eighteenth Street, has filed a petition to get rid of a judgment for $807, obtained against her in Erie County, N. Y., by Pincus Cohen of Buffalo on a mortgage bond. She has no assets.

JACOB HIRSCH.—A petition has been filed against Jacob Hirsch, wholesale dealer in ladies' hats, at 8 Bond Street, by these creditors: Wilschik Brothers, Incorporated, $27; Alfred Eisenberg, $143, and I. Bruckenfeld, $568. The liabilities are said to be $5,000 and assets $500.

ISAAC P. KAEL.—A petition has been filed against Isaac P. Kael, jobber in dress goods at 120 East Broadway, by these creditors: A. Jacobs & Son, $162; Kalter & Barth, $175, and Barth & Guttman, $208. The assets are estimated at $1,000.

ISRAEL KRUGER.—A petition has been filed against Israel Kruger, shoe dealer at 2,078 Third Avenue, by these creditors: Rice & Hutchins' New York Company, $377; J. E. Bates & Co., $389, and Glickman Brothers, $117. Judge Holt appointed George F. Bentley receiver.

JACOB WOOLF.—A petition has been filed against Jacob Woolf, jobber in cotton goods, at 308 Mercer Street, by these creditors: Fred Butterfield & Co., $868; A. G. Hyde & Sons, $321, and Neuss, Henlein & Co., $357. Judge Holt appointed Edward D. Page receiver under a bond of $25,000. The nominal assets were stated to be $48,000, and the liabilities over $30,000.

MAYERS BIDDERMAN.—A petition has been filed against Mayers Bidderman, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 2,502 Seventh Avenue, by these creditors: Freedman-Atkins Company, $259; Ralph I. Weller, $900, and Lenox Shirt Company, $391. Judge Holt appointed Preston Cumming, Jr., receiver; bond, $1,000. The liabilities are said to be $5,000 and assets $2,000.

LIBERTY GARTER WORKS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of M. Mayper & Son, as the Liberty Garter Works, 413 Broadway, show liabilities of $68,889, of which $2,171 are secured, and nominal assets of $26,206. Mayer Mayper has individual liabilities of $13,687, secured, and assets consisting of a house at 1,051 Morris Avenue, $12,000, and 340 shares of stock of the Hebrew Cemetery Company, pledged for a debt of $5,157. Among the creditors are the Public Bank, $5,000; Samuel Bergman & Co., $7,500, and David Weinstock, $2,750.

Judgments.

These judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, Henry C.—A. Reid, $170.
Archer, Lucien M.—M. A. Price, $294.
Barton, Eugene S., Jr.—Thatcher Furnace Co., $292.
Bresman, Martin—E. Scannel, costs, $118.
Bergman, Samuel, and David Turkel—H. Coen, $10,118.
Borg, Max B.—Sternberger, Sinn & Co., $828.
Berger, Henry—D. Saladino, $455.
Beckert, William J.—Audubon National Bank, $369.
Bartolicius, Emil—Lukens Iron and Steel Co., $307.
Colwell, Thomas C.—M. B. Colwell, costs, $138.
Cahill, George S.—C. L. Gimbernat, $1,195.
Cohen, Annie and David, (not summoned)—H. Weiss et al., $268.
Doyle, Elizabeth and Robert J.—M. Meyer, $289.
Deasy, Charles T.—Hotel Netherland Co., $689.
Frankel, Irving W., and Alphonse Weil—L. Auerbach, $104.
Forrester, Marie—K. L. H. Goodkind, $488.
Friedel, Julius, adm.—H. S. Coffin, costs, $118.
Grimes, Robert H.—M. A. Price, $294.
Gill, Louis—M. Katz, $280.
Goldfarb, Felix—M. Blumberg, $186.
Hazwirit, William, and Abraham Reece—J. & C. Fischer, $284.
Hawkins, Martha V., and Sarah A. Dixon—First National Bank of Hastings-on-the-Hudson, $126.
Held, Joseph, and Louis Nathan—R. Auerbach et al., $112.
Flough, Frederick K.—G. Hanchel, $146.
John, George C.—Hewitt Realty Co., $664.
Kain, Joseph—A. Fay, $208.
Kissel, Morris—J. Kraus, $532.
Klaickenfeld, Sam—H. Davidson, $239.
Keller, Samuel—Benedict Mfg. Co., $266.
Levitan, Benjamin W.—W. E. Falkinberg, $196.
Lippman, Israel—Meyer-Dehker-Shram Co., $460.
Lawrie, Marion G.—Rosenbaum & Co., $253.
Morse, Joseph R.—C. Warfield, $357.66.
Morris, Charles C. and Waldo S. Godwin—G. L. Doran, $417.
Markoff, Nathan—A. H. Jolme et al., costs, $119.
Nichols, Katherine—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., $107.
Oring, Jennie and Sam, (not summoned)—A. Holtzer, $122.
Orins, Solomon—S. Breakstone, costs, $200.
Palmer, William M.—J. M. Keaths, $183.
Quimby, John R.—City of N. Y., $200.
Quinn, George E.—Same, $505.
Rahmann, Charles H.—M. Rahmann, $378.
Sefton, Esther—S. Stole, $208.
Schwartz, Samuel—Same, $221.
Schlansky, Samuel, and Harry Cohen—People, &c., $500.
Sherwood, Robert E.—L. E. Page & Co., $222.
Sitome, Abraham and Florence (not summoned)—Lace Selling Co., $181.
Thomson, Ella B., adm.—F. R. Carpenter, $223.
Teperson, Samuel D.—A. Spilker, $287.
Upjohn, Frederick L.—City of N. Y., $310.
Virgiano, Pasquale, and Domenico Arrevanto —S. Rechester et al., $201.
Vali, Isabel H.—City of N. Y., $218.
Veriage, Josephine—Same, $408.
Wedlock, John J.—F. McSwagan et al., $133.
Woodhouse, Joseph—H. R. Howser, $647.
Walsh, John, adm.—A. H. Jelme et al., costs, $388.
Westheimer, Samuel—City of N. Y., $118.
Wolkowitz, Morris—B. Strauss, $3,211.
Yokel, Adolph—City of N. Y., $220.
Yates, Annie—Same, $226.
Youngs, George R.—Same, $220.
Yondelman, Herman—Same, $220.
Young, Joseph—Same, $220.
Zeung, William A.—Same, $220.
Roland Van Veldburg & Son—American Nurser'y Co., $344.
United States Home Building Co. of N. Y.—J. S. Naylor, $837.
Powers Co.—H. Hilchenbach, $332.
Autographic Register Co.—E. W. Sells et al., $5,087.
City of N. Y.—M. Rathbun et al., $6,988.
S. Blumenkrolin Co.—M. Stern, $428.
Zeh, Morris—City of N. Y., $200.
Young Realty and Construction Co., Ane Realty Co.—Hyman D. Baker and William S. Baker —Harlem River Lumber and Woodworking Co., $9,886.
Crown Valve and Supply Co.—M. F. Bergins Mfg. Co., $290.
D'Ambra Construction Co. and Frederick G. Hanvan—J. A. Murray, $316.
James S. Wemyss Co. and James S. Wemyss—Curtis-Blaisdell Co., $339.
William Bradley & Son, Henry Huber Co., and Chas. T. Taglibue Mfg. Co.—F. Sullivan, costs, $124.
Postal Service Extension Co. and Frank B. Anderson—Westinghouse Electric and Mfg. Co., $1,248.
Reimers Realty Co., Joseph Wittner, and Gottlieb Karnas—Kaiser Heating Co., $215.
Same—Same, $220.
Atlas Woodworking Co.—M. Y. Carved Mould ing Co., $188.
Standard Bindery—James Cavanaugh Corp., $307.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Jassamine Realty Co.—W. Gibb et al., Sept. 1, 1911, $161.
Goodwin, Stephen W.—Yonkers City Ins Co., June 3, 1910, $4,978.
New York Contracting Co.—T. F. Doyle, Oct. 26, 1911, $125.
Silverman, Davis and Eva—People, &c., Oct. 26, 1911, $500.
Madison-Richmond Dairy Co.—G. F. Nelson, Oct. 25, 1911, $280.
Norcross, Grandin—S. Ransford, Nov. 19, 1909, $888.
Nickisch, John H.—J. H. Symmers, March 22, 1911, $240.
Frawley, Patrick J., and Arthur Patterson—People, &c., Aug. 12, 1911, $500.
Higgins & Stanton Construction Co., Clinton S. Harris, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., and Elmar Chrysler—J. Cohen, Sept. 27, 1911, $130.
Hurley, Edward J.—S. Slade, Oct. 1, 1904, $206.
Norcross, Grandin—S. Ransford, Nov. 19, 1909, $888.
Nickisch, John H.—J. H. Symmers, March 22, 1911, $240.
Frawley, Patrick J., and Arthur Patterson—People, &c., Aug. 12, 1911, $500.
Higgins & Stanton Construction Co., Clinton S. Harris, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., and Elmar Chrysler—J. Cohen, Sept. 27, 1911, $130.
Hurley, Edward J.—S. Slade, Oct. 1, 1904, $206.
Wilson, Monmouth B.—John Budd Co., Feb. 6, 1911, $315.
Ziot, Hyman and Harry—L. Klein, May 17, 1911, $200.
Morton, Harry R.—Connecticut Cab Co., Sept. 23, 1911, (vacated.) $151.
Manhattan Railway Co.—City of New York, July 6, 1910, $104.
Same—Same, July 8, 1910, $243.
Same—Same, July 6, 1910, $246.
Same—Same, July 5, 1910, $210.
Church of St. Anthony of Padua—M. Gaynet, June 30, 1911, $1,086.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

458—Warner Valley Stock Company, plaintiff in error, vs. J. L. Morrow and W. H. Cooper.—Dismissed without costs to either party.

35—Pies Ausina Pi, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Dismissed.

37—John E. Hampton et al., as Railroad Commissioner, State of Arkansas, appellants, vs. St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company.—Continued.

26—Kalem Company, appellant, vs. Harper Brothers et al.—Concluded for the appellant.

27—Peter Anderson, plaintiff in error, vs. The United Realty Company et al.—Commenced.

30—The United States, petitioner, vs. Bernard Citroen.—Commenced.

Day call for Tuesday, Nov. 7: Nos. 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, (and 502,) 38, 39, 40, 41, and 42.

192—N. Y. S. & W. Coal Co v. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. 208—Int Cont Co v. Tug G. H. Allen, Jr.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

People ex rel. Max Steinert, appellant, vs. J. Gabriel Britt et al., respondents.—Order affirmed. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

In the matter of George A. Schaefer, respondent, vs. Franklin Brooks, appellant.—Order affirmed. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

In the matter of Hyman Pouker, appellant, vs. Louis A. Cuvillier, respondent. Order affirmed. No opinion. (Clarke, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

In the matter of William Crowley, appellant, vs. Charles Jacobs, respondent.—Order affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of Hugh J. Cummuskey, respondent, vs. Valentine A. Seffuts, appellant.—Order affirmed. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

In the matter of James J. McAvoy, appellant, vs. Michael J. McGrath, respondent.—Order affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of Hyman Pouker, respondent, vs. Harry J. Devoe, appellant.—Order sustaining objections reversed and objections overruled. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

In the matter of Hiram Kirk, respondent, vs. John J. Gallagher, appellant.—Order sustaining objections to certificate reversed, and the objections to the certificate overruled. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 150—Watson v. Farce. 151—Ohman v. Morning Journal Association. 152—Salomon v. Salomon. 153—Albert v. Adams. 154—Sendtner v. Austro-Am. B S Co. 155—Maroney v. New York Transf Co. 156—Appel v. People's Surety Co. 157—Lasak v. McCarty. 158—Allen v. United Eng and Cont Co. 98—Bergstrom v. Commercial Adv Co. 100—Haase v. Ullman. 159—Streitfeld v. Levi. 160—Murtha v. Baker. 161—Benson v. City of N. Y. 163—Lander v. Jennings. 162—Garvey v. Prendergast.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Hercules Realty Co. v. Northern Bank. 2 to 7—Johnson v. Janis. 8—Neuberth v. Neuberth. 9—O'Daer v. Miller. 10—Schoen v. Horton Ice Cream Co. 11—Rhinelander R. E. Co. v. Harbeter. 12—Rogenhal v. Weisman. 13—In re St. Hannon Co. 14—In re Metting & Hansen. 15—Brown v. J. A. Hodge & Co. 16—City of N. Y. v. Booth. 17—Dunn v. Holm. 18—Bagger v. Tuchman. 19—Armstrong v. Whipple Sec. Co. 20—Kilpatrick v. Risley. 21—Strassburger v. Rosenblatt. 22—Kramer v. Erb. 23—Standard Oil Engine Co. v. Keating. 24—Dworkin v. Dworkin. 25—Veneruso v. Spear & Co. 26—Vastarella v. Vastarella. 27—Sherry v. Minzenheimer. 28—Harding v. Conlon. 29—In re McCabe. 30—Webb—Gann. 31—Letsch v. Cohn. 32—Alten v. Jorn. 33—Spring v. Chase Nat Bank. 34—In re Jasper & Goebel. 35—Nassauer Estates v. Jackson. 36—Bumps Perfected Paper Fastener Co v. Ide. 37—Whitesides v. Levy. 38—In re Steinhoff. 39—Broker N Y Finance Co. 40—Steinhardt v. Steinhardt. 41—Mulligan v. Mulligan. 42—Wilson & Friend Co v. Morton. 43—Borrelli v. Picone Realty Co. 44—Leggett v. Smith. 45—In re Wolf. 46—Rohde v. City of N. Y. 47—In re Miller. 48—In re Wiggins. 49—Barth v. Crause. 50—In re Strulovich. 50½—McKernan v. Bronx Home News Pub Co. 51—Abrams v. R. P. Murphy Hotel Co. 52—City of N. Y. v. Edson. 53—Manevets v. Northern Bank. 54—Bahner v. N. Y. Society for Prev. of Cruelty to Children. 55—Van Dyke v. Van Dyke. 56—In re Etgen. 57—Green v. Higgins. 58—In re Walsh. 59—McAdam v. Schneller. 60—Guiatta v. Sons of Italy. 61—Wilson v. Lawrence. 62—Patterson v. Dutton. 63—Straight v. Avery. 64—Jacobs v. Jacobs. 65—Pemberton v. McAdoo. 66—Sutton v. Sutton. 67—Stanford v. Castle Square Opera Co. 68—Sonnenstruhl v. Sonnenstruhl. 69—Conlon v. Kelly. 70—Hartzman v. Gerr. 71—Miller v. Sperry & Hutchinson Co. 72—Wix v. Hard. 73—Bolnick v. Bolnick. 74—Rider v. Rider. 75—Brill v. Brill. 76—People v. Kings County Trust Co. 77—In re Willis. 78—Wade v. Sheely. 79—Rosenthal v. White Rats Actors' Union. 80—Hustace v. Hustace.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Davis, J. 1—William J. Cumming.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate: Arthur J. Hogan, Alfred J. Manierre, John F. Lith, Dorothea Arnold, Frank Ransom, Theodore Kalisks, Ellen Hayes, Hannah Oppenheimer.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested wills: 2535, 2539, 2531—Charlotte A Van Den Heuver: 2536—Edmund L. Cocks.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Grant v. Egan & Lacke—Jeremiah T Mahoney, Lobenstein v. Llewellyn Realty Co—John J McBride.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Warman v. Altro Realty Co—Louis F Doyle. In re Liberty Life Ins Co—Adam Wiener. Werner v. Werner—Isham Henderson.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. Lambert v. Olle —Newell Martin.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Am Savings Bank v. Bertha Kreisberg, D Leake, East River Savings Bank v. Benjamin Berger—John J Mackin.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Putnam, J.: Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Kapper, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Crane, J.; Part VII., Stapleton, J. 2542—Casey v. Daniels & B H R R. 2403—Halibi v. Nassau R R. 952—Boitano v. B H R R. 2478, 2480—Santora v. National Enamaling Co. 2488—Weiss v. Nassau R R. 2675—Shields v. Stevens. 2665—McGuire v. Greenhut & Co. 672—D'Alessandro v. B H R R. 2500—Donavan v. City of New York. 2509—Witkowsky v. Nassau R R. 2518—Allen v. McAllister. 2519—Eagan v. Brooklyn Daily Eagle. 2521—Stallone v. B H R R. 2525—Mudansky v. Nassau R R. 2526—Gittleman v. Mehling. 2529—Aronson v. Fescia, et al. 2530—Murty v. B H R R. 2531—Kelly v. Millett. 2536—Zeitman v. Zeitman. 2540—Pratt v. R. 2540—De Motti v. Connelly. 2545—Gardner v. Nathan & Sons. 2554—Marcus v. Smart. 2555—Buttling v. Meury. 4066—Robert Graves Co v. Empire League et al. 2560—Miller v. Winfield. 2580—Whipple v. Adelphia Silver Co. 2568—Zoeckler v. B R R. 2570—Savage v. B H R R. 2578—Whitesmak v. B H R R. 2577—McIntyre v. Nassau R R. 2578—Rooney v. Oddie & Stafford. 2586—Tuscher v. Buell. 2589—Aldrude v. Koltz Fireproofing Co. 2591—Kern v. Weis & Earwood. 2593, 2606—McCarthy v. Nassau R R. 1894—Gabler v. Hyn & Sons. 2604—Blumenthal v. B H R R. 2606—Flannery v. City of New York.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be reached on the day. No cause will be set down for a day unless the call: 2606—Dantting v. Grimm. 2614—Anderson v. Horne. 2615—Williams v. City of N. Y. and B H R R. 2618—Mann v. Transit Dev Co. 2617—Maguri v. Stalking. 2619—Simons v. R O Co. 2620—Smith v. Eaton. 2630—Maloof v. North German Lloyd S S Co. 2631—Jarvis v. Trantfield. 2624—Feldman v. R. G Co & 5th R R. 2626—Zimmer v. City of N. Y. 2631—Noonan v. Robins Co. 2632—Neary v. McKee. 2633—Wagner v. Nassau R R. 2634—Waterbury v. B H R R. 2635—Belawsi, Jr., v. Fijer. 2640—Ashby v. Pain Mfg Co. 2641—Potdevin Machine Co v. Hobbs Mfg Co. 2642—Werner v. Subelsky. 2643—Smith v. B H R R. 2644—Chidmore v. same. 2645—Grotefend v. Orr & Co. 2646, 2647—Fay v. Nassau R R. 2648—Brenner v. Stoller et al. 2649—Johnston v. Flint et al. 2650—Saltzman v. D & D Realty Co. 2651—Harding v. Mayer et al. 2652—Kalisch v. McGreevy et al. 2654—Sawyer v. Iron City Coal Co. 2655—Gehman v. Michaelis. 2656—Borough Bank v. Crown Realty Co. 2657—Dowd v. Selig. 2658, 2659—Powers v. Kastos. 2660, 2662—Cavolata v. B H R R. 2661—Brenn v. Brooklyn H R R. 2663—Lonergan v. Hoering & Rapp. 2664—Weber v. Epple Brewery. 2665—McDevitt v. B H R R. 2667—Johnson v. Robins Co. 2671—Guercia v. Bussetta. 2672—Pastre v. Nassau R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 2672.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Humphrey, J.—Trial of equity causes. Johnson and another v. Beebe and another.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. Patrick McNaice. People v. Oscar Lazar. People v. Mariano Pastero. People v. Henry Goldberg.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Pension—Patrolman: Patrick J. Stack, 18th precinct, on his own application; at $700 per annum. Appointed July 20, 1870.

Transfers—Lieutenants: Charles Grabe, Detective Bureau to 150th precinct; John Glynn, 47th precinct to Detective Bureau. Patrolmen: Detective Bureau to 14th precinct and designation as detective sergeants revoked: J. Dunn, J. J. Cavanagh, J. Horan.

Precincts indicated to Detective Bureau and designated as acting detective sergeants: J. Beyer, 13th; F. S. Leary, 172d; W. J. Veale, 19th.

Bridge A to precincts indicated: A. Stone, 19th; J. J. Gerighty, 21st; M. H. Fick, 26th; J. McGowan, 174th; M. Nolan, Bridge C; J. Meehan, Bridge A; R. Collins, 21st; P. Flyn, 23d; W. Litchenstein, 174th; J. F. Goss, 174th; T. F. Graham, Bridge C; J. Dunn, Bridge C.

Bridge C to precincts indicated: W. J. Fitzgerald, 22d; Henry McGough, 22d; J. Angel, 25th; J. J. Reilly, 27th.

Doorman: P. D. Shea, from Bridge A to 45th precinct.

Assignments—Sergeants: George F. Ferguson, 27th precinct, and Edward F. Fraser, 27th precinct, to mounted duty.

Assignments Discontinued—Patrolmen: from bicycle duty to patrol in Bridge A: J. A. Miner, J. F. Mortimer, J. J. Martin, P. F. O'Hara.

Permitted to Leave City—Captain: John Flood, 160th precinct, 30 days, sick leave.

Fire Department.

Appointed fourth grade firemen and assigned as follows:

To Engine Companies.—J. M. McCue, 1; J. J. Burke, 5; J. Mullen, 7; T. McMahon, 9; W. A. Gillen, 54; O. Schweitzer, 9; J. Richardson, 6; F. Feiry, 9; T. J. Finn, 10; W. J. Donovan, 11; M. A. Ballentine, 12; J. J. Leonard, 16; C. M. Nixon, 17; M. J. Sullivan, 20; H. L. Berthen, 21; R. J. Meehan, 23; O. Wolfe, 24; J. G. Craig, 26; J. Fitzpatrick, 27; J. G. Calhoun, 28; W. Klein, 29; D. J. Radici, 31; P. J. Loftus, 35; J. McKernan, 84; W. V. O'Hara, 55; A. F. Leonard, 53; J. T. Dunleavy, 56; D. G. Pfuhler, 63; W. Pranliner, 75; W. F. Arnold, 74; W. F. Kelly, 76; W. H. Kelly, 103; L. J. Easop, 109; J. V. Summers, 113; E. L. J. Lortus, 121; N. Zimpino, 121; A. L. Williams, 124; J. W. Newman, 129; A. Eck, 135; C. F. A. Kaetlar, 135; C. H. Waters, Jr., 140; G. Samuels, 141; C. J. Tranasen, 151; A. T. Drury, 157; J. A. Heslin, 157; D. H. Varied, 169; C. Winkelman, 169; W. A. Fascio, 202; J. A. Schweikert, 205; G. Ward, 208.

To Hook and Ladder Companies.—T. F. Farrell, 1; F. J. Murphy, 1; P. O'Connor, 1; M. Jensen, 2; J. P. Flanigan, 4; J. A. Keller, 5; H. E. Flynn, 7; J. P. Collins, 9; J. Schulze, 10; J. A. Johnson, 12; A. R. Hvesa, 15; W. H. B. McMahon, 16; M. F. Casey, 18; B. W. Russell, 20; F. Stapat, 21; J. A. Fitzgerald, 22; O. J. Stern, 24; F. J. Scully, 25; J. A. Unraith, 32; F. V. Dowling, 55; O. L. Schell, 66; J. Capillo, 61; J. Ehrmann, Jr., 78; P. Ploeser, 105.

Appointment.—Anton A. Ritz an instrument maker, on probation of three months.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Capt. S. H. Mould, Quartermaster, assigned to Artillery District of Narragansett Bay, Fort Adams, R. I., also assume charge of construction work at Fort Adams, Fort Greble, Fort Getty, Fort Wetherill, and Fort Phillip Kearny, R. I., relieving First Lieut. P. A. Buell, Coast Artillery Corps.

Capt. D. E. Nolan, Thirtieth Infantry, from duty as Inspector of the Philippine Constabulary and joins proper station.

Capt. H. Polk, Commissary, to Ellinwood, Kan., for inspecting subsistence supplies, thence to Hutchinson, Kan., for acquainting himself with mining and preparation of salt for the market.

Transfers: First Lieut. B. T. Schee from Third to Twenty-eighth Infantry, First Lieut. A. B. Kaempfer from Twenty-eighth to Thirteenth Infantry, First Lieut. B. James from Thirteenth to Third Infantry, First Lieut. C. Enos from Sixth to First Cavalry, First Lieut. A. H. Wilson from First to Sixth Cavalry.

First Lieut. C. Enos, Sixth Cavalry, now at Fort Wingate, New Mexico, proceed to Fort Des Moines, Iowa, for temporary duty.

Col. H. L. Scott, Third Cavalry, from office of the Chief of Staff to official business under instructions of Secretary of the Interior.

Major M. A. W. Schockley, Medical Corps, detailed as member of examining board at Fort Porter, N. Y., vice Major H. A. Webber, Medical Corps.

The Navy.

Commander L. H. Chandler to command the Salem.

Commander G. R. Evans to home and wait orders.

Lieut. H. Ellis to navy recruiting station, Kansas City, Mo., on Dec. 6.

Lieut. C. S. Vanderbeck to command the Iris.

Lieut. F. D. Burns, orders of Oct. 5 revoked.

Ensign W. S. Farber, orders of Oct. 24 revoked.

Ensign J. H. Brooks to the Kansas.

Ensign L. E. Lindsay to the Prairie.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Vicksburg at San Diego; Panther and Dolphin at North River; Waban at Guantanamo.

Sailed—California, South Dakota, Maryland, West Virginia, Colorado, Oregon, Cincinnati, Raleigh, Whipple, Hopkins, Hull, Truxtun, Paul Jones, Preble, Stewart, Lawrence, Farragut, Rowan, Buffalo, Glacier, Prometheus, Grampus, Pike, and Fortuna from San Diego for San Pedro.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The coldest weather of the season is now generally over the plains States and the upper Mississippi Valley, and as it is attended by an area of abnormally high barometric pressure which is moving southeastward, it is altogether probable that during the next several days unseasonably cold weather will prevail throughout the East and South with the probability that this cold change will be attended by general frosts.

Temperatures of Wednesday morning were near zero in Montana and North Dakota, and Wednesday night the line of freezing temperature extended from the Lake region to Oklahoma and the Texas Panhandle. In the last twenty-four hours there were rains in the Atlantic States and snows in the region of the Great Lakes.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate north and northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate west and northwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate north.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate to brisk west to northwest winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Thursday, except snow in northwest; colder. Friday fair; moderate west to northwest winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair; colder Thursday. Friday fair; continued cold; moderate northwest winds.

New England—Fair and continued cold Thursday and Friday; moderate north winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	46	58	4 P. M.	50	54
6 A. M.	45	56	6 P. M.	58	46
9 A. M.	54	53	9 P. M.	55	42
12 M.	60	52	12 P. M.	54	40

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 49.

The temperature at 3 A. M. yesterday was 53; at 8 P. M. it was 44. Maximum temperature, 59 degrees at 12:02 P. M.; minimum, 40 degrees at 10:15 P. M. Humidity, 87 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 64 per cent. at 8 P. M.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

See the Warships
Steamer
BRIDGEPORT
Leaving Pier 15, N. R., ft. Barclay St., Will Encircle the Fleet On 10:00 A. M. Trip.

On 1:00 P. M. trip the Bridgeport will proceed up the North River and accompany the squadron to the point of review off Staten Island.

ADULTS, 50c. CHILDREN, 25c

Number of tickets limited. On sale at 371 Broadway, (Phone 3121 Cortlandt,) and at Ticket Office on Pier 15, N. R., ft. Barclay St. (Phone Cortlandt 2368.)

FALL RIVER LINE MANAGEMENT

SEE THE FLEET
As Reviewed by President Taft
Hudson Navigation Co.'s
splendid Steamer C. W. Morse will make a special trip Thursday, Nov. 2, leaving Pier 32 N. R. at 1 P. M., following the vessels down the bay. A superb view as the Grand Naval Pageant passes in review off Tompkinsville.

Fare 50c. Children Half Fare
Tickets at Pier. 'Phone 9400 Spring.

SEE THE FLEET REVIEWED BY THE PRESIDENT
THE STEAMERS
"Sagamore" & "Wyandotte"
of the Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line
ON THURSDAY, NOV. 2D
Leave New Pier 8, E. R., 1:00 P. M.
Leave Wall St., 1:30 P. M.
Leave West 129th St., 2:00 P. M.
Leave West 79th St., 2:30 P. M.
Steamers will accompany fleet to point of review.
50c.—ROUND TRIP—50c.

WARSHIP REVIEW
BY
PRESIDENT TAFT
TO-DAY

STEAMERS	
ROSEDALE and ISABEL will leave	West 22d Street at 10:30 and 11:30 A. M., and at 2 and 3 P. M.; West 79th St. 1 P. M.; West 129th St. 2 P. M.

Will then sail down the Bay to review the ships as they pass.

Naval Review
Steamer RENSSELAER
10 A. M. AND 2 P. M.
THURSDAY
FARE 50c. CHILDREN HALF FARE
From Pier 32, N. R., W. 129th St. ½ hour later

BERMUDA TOURS
INCLUDING HOTELS
8 DAYS.....$12.50 AND UP
9 DAYS.....$25 AND UP
ALSO SPECIAL TOURS TO ALL PROMINENT RESORTS.
FRANK TOURIST CO., 496 Broadway, N. Y.

SEE THE WARSHIPS
On Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton
and follow the fleet. Lecturer aboard. From West 42d St., 10 A. M., 1 P. M. Telephone 4441 Gramercy.

CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE
"ARABIC" Feb. 5, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Final ROUND THE WORLD Tour this season leaves Jan. 20, $2,150.
Frank C. Clark, Times Bldg., New York.

To View the Warships
Sight-Seeing Yachts HALCYON and OBSERVATION
Around Manhattan Island, passing the fleet; daily from Battery Pier, South Ferry, 10:30 and 1:30.

See WARSHIPS and REVIEW
from Iron Steamboat Co.'s Pavilion on Pier 1, North River, foot of West St. and Battery Place, on Thursday, Nov. 2d. Admission 50c.

DE POTTER TOURS 31ST YEAR.
AROUND THE WORLD.
EUROPE—ORIENT.
249 Broadway, (Flatiron Bldg.) New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Sportsmen are flocking to Maine—the law's off on deer.
Now's the time to get that trophy—
—See the Fall River Line ticket man to-day.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston.....$3
City Ticket Office-171 B'way-Phone 5121 Cort.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
"The Popular Searchlight Route."

PEOPLES LINE To Albany	Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack. Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted.)
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy	New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer. Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted.) Stops at Albany in both directions. Excellent cuisine and service. Staterooms Warm and Comfortable. ROUND TRIP $2.50

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
REDUCED RATES.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 1.50
FALL RIVER, Via Boat and Rail... 1.85
Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 36, N.R., foot West Houston St. Berths free. ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE. 'phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

JOY LINE 2.40 BOSTON VIA EGG & HAUL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:00 P. M. From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St. For NEWBURGH, PO'KEEPSIE, & KINGSTON, Week-days, 4:00 P. M. West 129th St., 4:30 P. M. For NEWBURGH, week-days, 5:00 P. M.; SUNDAYS, 9:00 A. M. West 129th St., 9:30 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Savoie.....Nov. 2 | *La Provence.....Nov. 23
*La Lorraine.....Nov. 9 | La Savoie.....Nov. 30
La Bretagne.....Nov. 16 |

Lost

35c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—The following certificates of stock of American Locomotive Company: Certificates A—13013 and A—13046 for 10 shares each of preferred stock in the name of Henry C. Patterson; all persons are hereby notified to show cause why a new certificate should not forthwith be issued in lieu of the certificates above described. C. B. DENNY, Treasurer.

LOST—Mink fur neckpiece early Sunday evening, Oct. 29, from automobile while crossing Manhattan Bridge, on Canal St., or on Broadway after turning uptown from Canal St. Liberal reward for return to William T. Dewart, Flatiron Building, New York City.

LOST—Friday night, Oct. 27, in Park Theatre, lady's black purse containing money and foreign coin; coin valued as keepsake; keep money. Will pay $5 for return of coin to W. J. May, care of Canmeyer, 9th Av. and 20th St.

LOST—Oct. 31, on northbound car 8th Av., 9 P. M., between 26th, 125th St., envelope containing legal papers, canceled bank vouchers; reward. Lewis B. Alterman, 277 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday evening, box, containing five pins and turquoise ring, surrounded by diamonds, in route Great Barrington to 142 West 45th; reward. Mrs. Beardsly, above address.

LOST—On T. P. M. train from Hot Springs, to New York, Oct. 26, bar pin set with from 5 to 7 large diamonds; suitable reward. Postfree, Hotel Knickerbocker, New York.

LOST.—Diamond necklace, between Hegeman's, 42d St. and Broadway, Three candy store, 5th Av. and 42d St., to Macy's. Liberal reward. E. A. King, 170 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond necklace between Hegeman's 42d and Broadway, Mirror candy store, 5th and 42d, to Macy's; liberal reward. E. A. King, 170 Broadway.

LOST—5th Av., between 86th and 96th Sts., Sunday, Oct. 22, diamond and sapphire bar pin. Finder please return Room 2,501, 60 Wall St.; reward.

LOST—Tuesday night, torpedo boat landing place, 79th St., brown fur neckpiece with silver brooch; reward. R., 61 West 96th St.

LOST—Friday night, amber cigarette holder, gold rim, Lexington Av. between 39th St. and 72d St. Reward, 223 East 51st St.

LOST—Photos and films, 9th Av. Elevated, Cortlandt St., D A. M., Tuesday. Reward if turned Miss L., 44 West 106th St.

LOST—String of pearls between Simpson-Crawford's and Brooklyn Bridge; reward, Heintz, 556 West 161st St.

LOST—A sable muff on train to New York; suitable reward. Return to W. V. Laurino, 959 Park Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—Tuesday night, from 96th St., 6th Av. to L., 434 St., gold scarfpin; reward. R., 61 West 96th St.

STOLEN; LIBERAL REWARD.—Two silver cornets, C. G. Conn make, eagle trade mark, silver finish, gold bells, Nos. 116,178, 119,715; 1 brass cornet, No. 115,501, and 2 piccolos, nickel keys, Nos. 16,501, 17,380; no questions asked. S. Samwick, General Manager Merchants' Secret Service Bureau, 320 Broadway.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—Oct. 31, lady's small gold watch, monogram; Subway, Times Square. Apply Cost and Found Dept. of The Times, Times Building.

FOUND—On Monday, 7th Av., small purse and money. Write L., 205 West 125th St.

FOUND—Oct. 30, INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.'S lines. Apply Lost and Found Department, 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. "L": Bag, glove, jumper, coat, parcel, pincers. THIRD AV. "L": Bag, purses, album, book, gloves, slippers, cap, coat, apron, coffeepot, strainer, key, umbrellas, gloves. SIXTH AV. "L": Book, roll advertisements, blueprint, collars, papers, music, magazine, drawing tools, shoes, rubbers, box, hook, sitter, hanger, medicine. NINTH AV. "L": Gloves, umbrellas, sweaters, papers, waist, photos, lamp frames. SUBWAY: Four umbrellas, sample case, lunch case, fountain pen, eyeglasses, spectacles, handbag, purse, check, letters, pictures, books, gloves, rosary, shoes, socks, canvas bag, teeth, salt cellar, chain holder, pliers.

FOUND—Oct. 31, BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT LINES. Apply 108 Montague St. Package of clothing, slippers, eyeglass case, shirt, tennis racket cover, key and handkerchief, checks, mason bag (contents) tools, kid glove, cap; L. I. C. A. pennant, medical case, photograph, sailor's hat U. S. S. Virginia, pocketbooks, umbrella.

FOUND—Oct. 31, HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 127 Christopher St. Shoes, veiling, shirt, umbrella, trunk check.

FOUND—Oct. 31, NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. Cost, umbrella, cap, card case, suit of pajamas, umbrella, key correspondence, coat and pajamas, eyeglasses, collars, nightshirt, key, umbrella, lady's coat, rubbers, tie clasp, book, shaving brush, rubbers, eyeglasses, silk hook, razor strop, tie clasp, nightshirt, umbrella.

FOUND—Oct. 31, JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Station Master, Jersey City, N. J. Two packages, umbrella.

FOUND—Oct. 31, NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station. Ticket, flag, railroad ticket, package, umbrella, overcoat.

FOUND—Oct 30, LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City. Unt silk, pair gloves, package of collars, pair shoes.

FOUND—Oct. 31, LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J. Overcoat, key, handbag, handgrip, notebook, music roll, brass key.

FOUND—Oct. 30, ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J. Memorandum book, pocketbook, key, hat, package, handbag, pair gloves, 2 umbrellas, dress suit case, box of cartridges, bag.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

TO BUSINESS MEN OF NEW YORK.

A New York business man at the head of a wide-awake concern, who is obliged to visit London and Paris twice a year, and has a large and valuable acquaintance in both cities, has considerable time on his hands which might be utilized in the interest of American concerns who have something to offer in the foreign markets. Only high-class propositions considered. All references. Address G 117 Times.

I am an efficient manager and credit man; I would like to form a connection with a going meritorious manufacturing or mercantile concern where capital is desired and who is willing to accept on trial a man prior to investing of any money. The object is to get a personal insight into the business, its requirements, and its prospects before buying an interest. F 159 Times.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Fair rate of interest and big bonus to some one who will invest $25,000 in an established business, taking in $10,000 monthly; control of gross receipts for security; principals only; brokers will but waste time, attorney for client accepted. F 147 Times.

A corporation manufacturing electrical instruments desires a New York representative; a gentleman familiar with electrical appliances and who can invest $3,000 in the business; full investigation offered. Address X 121 Times.

I am reorganizing my business and need $5,000 cash; money will be fully secured at six per cent. interest; position as Treasurer at nominal salary open to right man; splendid opportunity to secure permanent position with good future. G 113 Times.

An old-established staple business showing net profits of over $10,000 yearly is for sale at $25,000, account of sickness. Investigate this great opportunity. Reliable, 845 Times Downtown.

Wanted partner to invest $8,000 cash in an established business which will pay him $3,000 a year clear; must furnish highest references. Address Frank L. Jacobs, X 120 Times.

A business man wanted with $5,000 as partner in manufacturing line; fine opportunity. F. Mothenstein, 180 Nassau St.

Agents Wanted

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOK AGENTS make big profits in small towns and country districts selling Christmas books, Sermons By the Devil; cut price Bibles; great war on White Slavery, &c.; outfits free. Address H. O. Peabody, 871 West 125th St., New York City.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureau.

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

GERMAN-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER, also assistant bookkeeper, wanted at once. Brody Agency, 350 Broadway.

Domestic.

A. J. Hofmayer, 220-222 8th Av.—Telephone 1497 Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help. Emergency help furnished at short notice.

Miss Miller's Agency, 56 West 39th St., 'phone 1-high-class servants supplied; references investigated.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

DESIGNER.—Ladies' silk and chiffon waists; good opportunity for right party. X 126 Times Downtown.

NURSE GIRL to take entire charge young baby; must have references and be thoroughly reliable. Apply H 2 Times.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED familiar with office work and telephone board; state salary wanted. G 112 Times.

WANTED—By a family living in Hempstead, L. I., a refined and educated resident governess (college graduate) to be a companion to and teach (including music) two boys seven and nine years of age; thorough reliability and the highest personal references required. F 168 Times.

WANTED—Very capable, experienced nurse to take entire charge of two children, one 18 months and one from the month; excellent references required; Roman Catholic preferred; in country. Apply only by letter to Mrs. Boyle, 2 East 54th St., at once.

WANTED—Experienced demonstrators for toilet goods; give references. F 169 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR who is willing to have his compensation based on what he actually produces will find the most liberal commission proposition in New York offered by one of the oldest and largest publishing houses in the city; only those need apply who are willing to work on a small contract proposition and who can give unquestioned reference as to character and producing ability; to such, a surprisingly generous commission is offered on a new publication that already dominates its field and has demonstrated that it is a "go"; if you are a producer you will be paid the highest commission offered in New York on a standard publication by a thoroughly reliable and well-known house; the field is open and a permanent connection may now be established. Apply 10-12 or 2-4 at 202 East 12th St.

SALESMEN.—A few ambitious, intelligent men will be given an opportunity to enter the Heinz School of Salesmanship and take a special training course, two weeks without pay, preparatory to becoming Heinz salesmen; must have the following qualifications: Age, between 25 and 30; height not less than 5 feet 8 inches; good appearance; high school education; best of character references; sales experience not essential; fidelity bond required. Apply by mail only to H. J. Heinz Co., West and Laight Sts., New York City; no personal applications received except by appointment after correspondence.

SALESMAN, first class, for a house manufacturing strong line of $3 waists exclusively; for Chicago and vicinity; only those with first-class references will be considered. F 163 Times.

SALESMAN wanted by prominent shirt waist house making the better grade of lingerie waists for the Middle West; only those with established trade need apply. F 145 Times.

SALESMAN.—An experienced salesman for first-class ladies' skirts and dresses for the Middle West; answer with full particulars. X 126 Times.

SALESMAN FOR POPULAR PRICED SILK WAISTS. HOROWITZ & HOROWITZ, 148 WEST 23D ST.

SALESMAN wanted for popular-priced dresses for South and Middle West as side line. G 93 Times.

TEACHERS.—Men and women unemployed can learn of a permanent and profitable position. Call or write R. M. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AMERICAN woman as working housekeeper, or cook in small, private family; industrious and reliable; no laundry; wages $25 to $30; city preferred. G 97 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography and typewriting; moderate salary; good references. Bookkeeper, 39 Delancey St.

COOK.—Excellent French, German, for dinner parties or day. Martin, 282 St. Nicholas Av.

DRESSMAKER.—High-class, Bittermann, 763 Elton Av., near 150th "L" Station, in Bronx.

DRESSMAKER.—Fifteen years' experience; home or out; $3 daily. Mrs. Esmar, 165 7th Av.

GIRL, 16 years old, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, is very anxious to secure position. Address (F. B.) Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A North German girl wishes a position as lady's maid and seamstress; prefers American family in private house. Address M. R., 895 Suydam St., Brooklyn, N. Y. 'Phone 2614—Williamsburg.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, ten years' business experience, fitted for responsible position; competent; excellent references. Miss M. L., 1,888 Cedar Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eastman graduate, wishes permanent position; two years' commercial experience; references. G 189 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; capable, good worker; competent, brainy; responsible; salary $15. H 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, American, 17, willing worker, wishes permanent position at moderate salary; H. A., 644 62d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, competent, and reliable; good education; reasonable salary; A1 reference. G 310 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class; seven years' experience; handle correspondence independent of dictation. G 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Not afraid of hard work; will start with small salary, where she can advance. Helen McArdle, 39 West 60th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Absolutely expert; familiar all technical lines; highest references. Baker, 259 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate, first-class references, desires permanent position; $15. G 314 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; several months' experience; references. K., 1,781 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, FIRST CLASS, desires responsible position. K, 107 West 27th.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, EXPERT, desires position with large concern, where ability and energy are essential factors; extensive experience in all branches of professional and industrial accounting work; FULLY QUALIFIED; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS; AGE 32; SALARY, $3,000. T 36 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 22 Union Square. 'Phone 2260—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 97 Murray St. Tel. 5068 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books balanced, systematized, audited, written up periodically, and investigations made. C. P. A., Room 1004, 280 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, adjusted, $2 weekly, Fullerton, 510 West 124th St. Telephone Morningside 890.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) desires additional work; any books, any time. P. O. Box 325 Madison Square.

A GENTLEMAN giving up car wishes to place his chauffeur; first-class man in every respect. Apply W. S. M., Room 1,206, 115 Broadway.

A LADY wishes to procure a situation for her coachman; understands gardening; willing to make himself useful; best references given. Apply 48 East 76th St. or phone 3071 Lenox.

AMBITIOUS, bright, capable young man, (19,) sterling character, ability, and thorough education, excellent personality, experienced, rapid, accurate, reliable, highest references, seeks employment as assistant stock, order, or shipping clerk; $12 weekly. Ince, 7 Washington Place, New York.

AUDITOR.—Public accountant desires additional work; audits, investigations, systematizations; cost, factory, corporation, mercantile accounting; books opened, closed, balanced; financial statements. Accountant, 95 Broad, Room 3. Telephone 3043—Broad.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, well recommended, desires position; knowledge of French and Spanish. H 304 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typewriter, (37;) ten years last employers; highly recommended. J. A., 2,106 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER seeks evening work; experienced all systems; financial statements; trial balances; reasonable. X 123 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of typewriting; best references. Faithful, 1,781 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 990 E. N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Twenty-two; 5 years' experience; student of accounting; best references. F., 96 East 117th St.

CAPABLE BUSINESS MAN, ten years with last employer, seeks position of trust; highest references and security. Alert, G 111 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Six years' experience, sober, good mechanic, best references, wishes position; private or commercial; moderate wages. Lawrence, 461 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family; competent driver; make own repairs; can furnish reference. Charles Beufert, 409 East 85th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 20, wishes position, private, commercial, with or without board. H 3 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Machinist; first-class driver; strictly sober; fine references. F 144 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, steady, wishes position; city or country. H. Frank, 146 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

FARMER, experienced, honest, energetic, would like to manage country estate; would consider building up of old farm; exceptional opportunity for appreciative employer. L 111 Mt. Hope Place.

GENERAL MANAGER.—College graduate; ten years' business experience; executive and organizing ability; accustomed to handling large and difficult propositions; can qualify for position of trust and importance with growing business firm. G 93 Times.

LADY closing her house, wishes to place for the Winter her colored butler, who has been in her household for 15 years, and whom she can thoroughly recommend in all respects; can be seen at present employer's, 24 East 74th St., from 10 to 12 A. M., until Nov. 4.

MAN, 20 years' experience, thorough knowledge bookkeeping and office detail, desires situation as bookkeeper; good reference; salary, $25. G 110 Times.

MR. J. WARREN HARDWICK DESIRES A POSITION AS ASSISTANT OF ACCOUNTS AND CORRESPONDENCE TO A LADY OR GENTLEMAN; NO OBJECTION TO TRAVELING. ADDRESS 209 PEQUOT AV., NEW LONDON, CONN.

PURCHASING AGENT.

Young man of broad experience in machinery manufacturing business seeks connection with a future; integrity and capability strongly indorsed. F 139 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man (28) wishes position with established concern where he may learn the business and eventually become salesman; salary no object; references. G 311 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 25 years old, desires position as salesman for wholesale house; salary or drawing account no object; excellent references. Maxwell S. Frank, 972 Fox St.

SALESMAN, wholesale dry goods, understands bookkeeping; willing to make himself useful; good hustler; best of references. X 125 Times.

SECRETARY PRIVATE GENTLEMAN; COLLEGE GRADUATE, CONVERSANT WITH SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, AND MANAGEMENT OF ESTATES; COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF CORRESPONDENCE AND DEALS; COMPENSATION NOT SO IMPORTANT AS OPPORTUNITY UNTIL TRIED; WILL GO ANYWHERE. DETERMINED, X 129 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, medical student, desires evening work; has own machine. Versatile, 164 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American, of good habits and neat appearance, wants a situation at anything reasonable; is reliable and takes interest and accustomed to working indoors; no objection to going out of the city if desired; would like to make my home with employer, as I have none; excellent references can be given. Address J. S. G, 119 Times.

YOUNG MAN seeks position evenings; German, English stenographer, typewriter; corresponds English, German, French, Spanish; excellent penman, best references. G 294 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of good education, speaks English, German and French, desires position as salesman or as waiter in club; best references. Frank Linder, 126 East 59th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school education, business experience, desires position where he can advance; understands shorthand; unquestionable references. G 316 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (23) desires position as shipping or stock clerk with mercantile house; several years' qualifying experience; best references. G 113 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college graduate, thoroughly experienced, desires position requiring tact and initiative. K 202 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, as assistant cutter in ladies' waist and dress house; 15 months' experience. A. Geist, 1 Willett St.

YOUNG man desires position as office assistant with reliable house where ability will be recognized. G 120 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position where intelligent clerical work is required. F 167 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position in shoe concern. Leo Rifkin, 148 7th St.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureau.

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers, Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 5422 John.

Domestic.

At Mrs. Malmberg's Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly 852 4th Av.; reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

BOND $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 53 West 134th St.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119—Harlem.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—Tel. 8875 Madison. Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COMPETENT colored help; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 96th. Telephone 1538—Riverside.

COOKS, GENERAL WORKERS, PORTERS, elevator man, fireman, colored. Instant Relief Agency, phone 7288 Morning.

EXPERIENCED COLORED GIRL, COOK, laundress, or general worker. Instant Relief Agency, phone 7288 Morning.

GRAMBO & RAWN, Scandinavian Employment Agency, 1 West 34th St., near 5th Av. Telephone Murray Hill, 4470. Reliable help for private families.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 214 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—5370.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,051, (128d.)—Sunny rooms, steam; excellent board; well-kept, homelike house; references.

10TH ST., 20, 22, 26 WEST.—Large rooms; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

38TH ST., 37 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

56TH ST., 42 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 122 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, private bath; excellent table board; telephone.

66TH ST., 116 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

68TH ST., 73 WEST.—Large and single rooms, newly decorated; private baths; superior table; references.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or suite; private baths; superior table; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 43 WEST.—Newly furnished, steam-heated rooms; private bath; parlor dining; reasonable; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; bath adjoining; hot water supply; room telephone.

72D ST., 172 WEST.—Unusually handsome large front room with bath; other desirable rooms; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Attractive large and single front rooms; private bath; southern exposure; references.

72D ST., 139 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months. Desirable rooms, with board; references.

72D ST., 136 WEST.—Well furnished large room; quiet, refined surroundings; references. 'Phone 4135—Columbus.

74TH ST., 122 WEST.—Large, small, medium rooms; private baths; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—12th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large front sunny room; smaller rooms; excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 151-153 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive medium rooms, suitable one or two; excellent table; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 113 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; private bath; parlor dining room; telephone.

79TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lady having beautiful home offers handsome large room, southern exposure; second floor; private bath; superior table; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Private residence, two large rooms; cuisine excellent; "L." Subway; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; convenient Subway, "L."; Southern cooking; references.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, handsomely furnished; excellent board; elevator apartment; references.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms will be offered with excellent board to those appreciating cleanliness and attention in quiet American home; exceptional terms for Winter.

84TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near Central Park; table guests; references.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate a gentleman in exclusive, refined, newly furnished home; easy access Subway, elevated, surface lines; references exchanged.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Comfortable, warm, sunny rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

93D ST., 54 WEST.—Handsome rooms, large, small; excellent table; refined surroundings; telephone 9989 River.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large front room, all comforts; excellent cuisine; private house; telephone. Strauss.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent board; table guests; parlor, dining. Telephone 6254 River.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Sunny rooms; attractive to those desiring well ordered house; parlor, dining.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, (near Central Park West.) —Very desirable location; house newly decorated and furnished.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; modern home; couples; gentlemen; excellent table; table guests.

108D ST., 679 West End Av.—Sunny corner room, all conveniences; moderate; board unexcelled.

110TH ST., 210 WEST.—Private American Jewish family; large, comfortable rooms; suitable for one or two gentlemen; excellent home cooking. Davis.

113TH ST., (near Drive.)—Private family; elevator apartment; one or two rooms, with board to congenial woman or women, or woman with child or maid; $16 one. Z 5 Times.

115TH ST., 611 WEST.—Private family; near Drive; two handsomely furnished rooms for couple or single; price, $34, with board. Apartment 61. Tel. 7144—Morningside.

115TH ST., 544 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private house; parlor dining; table guests; home cooking.

114TH ST., 536 WEST.—Delightfully situated large front room overlooking Columbia; excellent table; table guests.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

120TH—417 MANHATTAN AV.—Hall rooms, with board, $6; large front also; German cooking.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, private bath; electricity; unexcelled cuisine; reasonable; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional; homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

144TH ST., 461 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southerly exposure; running water; excellent board; table guests.

145TH ST., 517 WEST.—Elegant, homelike; choicest cuisine; electricity, 'phone; Broadway Subway; very reasonable.

149TH ST., 559 WEST.—Private residence; accommodate desirable parties; reasonable; all conveniences; home cooking; telephone.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large third floor front room, suitable two gentlemen; good table board; Southern cooking; every convenience. 'Phone 4678—Audubon.

A HOME with American people, who aim to please; private house, opposite park; convenient to all cars; large, small rooms; parlor dining. Telephone 2852 Harlem. 41 West 124th St.

ALLIANCE HOUSE,
253-260 West 44th St.

Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

Southern lady, having beautifully appointed private house, select neighborhood, will board one, two refined gentlemen or married couple; superior table and service; electric lights; references. Telephone 6290 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 828, (100th.)—Attractive rooms; private, modern house; home cooking; table guests.

WEST END AV., 762, (97.)—Large and small rooms; home cooking; table guests; 'phone.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large room, elegantly furnished; steam heat; board; references.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Desirable sunny rooms; excellent table; park privileges; telephone; references.

49TH, 9 EAST.—Two large rooms, with board; one with connecting hall room; references.

61ST, 163 EAST.—Elegant large room; superior accommodations; excellent table; Jewish family; moderate rates.

73D ST., 12 EAST.—One large double room; running water; excellent table; references.

IRVING PLACE, 85, GRAMERCY DISTRICT.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Steam heated rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1136-W. Main.

SOUTH PORTLAND AV., 36.—New management; attractive large and single rooms; excellent table; Subway.

Country Board

30c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.82 a line 7 consecutive times.

Mount Vernon.

Rooms or board in private family for two or three adults; no other boarders. Address 10 Overlook Pl., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New Jersey.

Orange, Mountain Station; private family will board two or three people; house delightfully situated. Apply Irvine, 33 East Clark Place, Mountain Station, Orange, N. J.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Large room and bath, private residence, furnished or unfurnished; steam, electricity; fine light; newly renovated. Inquire 113 East 19th St.

56TH ST., 236 WEST.—Suites 2 and 3 rooms; hot and cold water; private baths.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted—Bachelor apartment of four rooms and bath; good location; below 59th St. Address Janitor, X 27 Times.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 151-153 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive medium rooms, suitable one or two; excellent table; telephone; references.

78TH, 113 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; private bath; parlor dining room; telephone.

79TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lady having beautiful home offers handsome large room, southern exposure; second floor; private bath; superior table; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Private residence, two large rooms; cuisine excellent; "L." Subway; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; convenient Subway, "L."; Southern cooking; references.

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Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

97TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms; bachelors; sunny basement, suitable studio, students; electricity; references.

97TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; hot, cold water; adjoining bath; other rooms; telephone.

97TH ST., 32 WEST.—Desirable furnished rooms, well heated, every convenience, $5 up; private house.

97TH ST., 31 WEST.—Desirable single room; select, quiet neighborhood; very accessible location.

127TH ST., 61 WE

SHOT TWO MEN DEAD IN JERSEY DEER HUNT

Young Hunter Mistook a Pleasantville Party for Quarry and Filled Them with Buckshot.

TWO KILLED IN PENNSYLVANIA

Many Accidents Open the New Season—Rabbit Hunter Kills His Companion.

Special to The New York Times.

MAYS LANDING, N. J., Nov. 1.—In the Deer Woods near Weymouth early this morning Charles Norcross, a young hunter from Iona, mistook, in the dense growth, the movements of Constant Steelman, Charles Youse, and Moses Jarvis, members of a Pleasantville party, for those of a buck deer, and, deliberately taking aim at the men, fired, killing Steelman and Youse and putting a load of buckshot into Jarvis's right leg.

Elias Campbell, who was also with the trio of hunters, was struck on the tip of the ear with a shot which lodged in the stock of the gun he carried on his shoulder.

Others in the Pleasantville party were Edward Wobert, Allen Shaw, Horace Leeds, A. Wilson, and Elwood Weeks. They left Pleasantville at midnight in automobiles, and after breakfasting early at a farmhouse near the woods, started out for a day's sport.

All had been placed on stands except Jarvis, Steelman, and Youse. Campbell was taking them to their stands when suddenly Norcross sprang out into the road and fired. Steelman was hit with buckshot in the heart and stomach.

Youse was shot through the body. It was the first shot fired in the woods, and resounded for miles, as the air was still. News of the accident spread all through the deer woods.

Sheriff Pursues the Slayer.

James Leonard, father-in-law of Norcross, assisted the Pleasantville party to place the dead and injured hunters in his automobile, and he hurried with them to their homes in Pleasantville.

When Mrs. Steelman, who is the young wife of Constant Steelman, was told of the accident she collapsed. Youse's wife also was prostrated.

Sheriff E. L. Johnson immediately went in search of young Norcross, and overtook him at Malaga on his way home. He made no resistance, and after changing his gunning clothes, went with the Sheriff to Minotola, where he had a hearing before Squire Sims, and was held without bail for the Coroner's inquest.

The young man was grief-stricken. He stated that he did not know any of the Pleasantville party. His brother was standing a short distance below where the accident occurred, and it was by good fortune that he escaped being hit.

"I thought the men were deer when I shot," said he. "I wish it had been me instead of them. I am guilty though it was accidental. I did not know what to do. I was so frightened. I concluded to walk home, when I was overtaken by the Sheriff."

Norcross was lodged in the County Jail here.

Hunters Thick in Jersey Woods.

Special to The New York Times.

VERONA, N. J., Nov. 1.—Hundreds of hunters tramped over the woods and fields of Northern New Jersey to-day in quest of the game from which the law's restrictions were lifted to-day. Most of the hunters in this section were out after rabbits, and there was considerable shooting as early as daybreak.

Numbers started out last night for sections where big game was reported to be plentiful, and the congenial weather of to-day made the sport attractive.

The New Jersey law permits deer to be shot on each Wednesday during the month of November, and the hunters out to-day were on the alert for antlers which have been reported at intervals along the Passaic and Wanaque Rivers.

Rabbits, quail, pheasants, partridge, wild turkey, wild duck, and wild geese are among the game which may be shot during the season.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKETTSTOWN, N. J., Nov. 1.—William Davis, 20 years old, was dressing his first rabbit of the day this morning when he dropped his loaded shotgun. The charge exploded and the shot tore his left shoulder so badly that it is probable amputation will be necessary. Davis was brought to Hackettstown, and later removed to a hospital at Morristown. He was hunting with his father, Jacob W. Davis.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn., Nov. 1.—While George Warner of Mill Creek Township and John Hall were hunting rabbits, Hall accidentally shot Warner, blowing his face away and killing him instantly.

MORE KILLED AND HURT.

Two Die in Pennsylvania and Six Others Are Badly Wounded.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—Two Pennsylvania hunters were accidentally killed on the opening of the hunting season to-day. A number of serious injuries are reported from all parts of the country from among the thousands who sought the woods and fields in search of cottontails, quail, pheasant, deer, and other game. Deer hunting is permitted in New Jersey on each of the five Wednesdays of the present month.

One of the two men killed was hunting near Williamsport, Penn.; the other, killed by his own gun, lived at Glenmore, Chester County.

The seriously injured in this State were Frank Eden, East Bangor, eye shot out; Joseph Morland of Huntington, Howard Kerr, Westchester, shot in the legs; Francis Broadwell, 18 years old, of Altoona, shot in the arm by his own gun; a man named Smith, hurt near Exton, Chester County, and James Downing, 77 years old, of Williamsburg, Penn. The last named will die.

CHIRIS
(Pronounced Sheris)
Olive Oil is absolutely pure and rich in food and health-building properties. It is the first pressing of selected French olives, imported in original bottles.
Eat Food Dressed With Pure Olive Oil
Not only will you enjoy it more, but the oil will aid digestion, improve the complexion and act as a flesh-builder.
Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our Salad Book, containing 75 recipes for delicious salads. Where dealers cannot supply Chiris order direct.
ANTOINE CHIRIS COMPANY,
American agents for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France
Dept. "F," 18 Platt St.
New York.
OLIVE OIL

25 YEARS FOR PALOZOLLO

At Least—Solmeca Kidnapper May Stay in Jail for Fifty Years.

Vito Micelli, better known as Pietro Palosello, the kidnapper of little five-year-old Michele Scimeca, the son of Dr. Marino Scimeca of 2 Prince Street, who was kidnapped in May, 1910, and returned in September after Dr. Scimeca had paid $1,700, was sentenced to not less than twenty-five or more than fifty years in Sing Sing by Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday. In pronouncing sentence upon the kidnapper, who began to weep and moan, Judge Foster said he only wished he could give him a longer sentence.

Judge Foster, in order to make sure that Palozollo shall spend at least twenty-five years in Sing Sing, sentenced him to twenty-four years eleven months and twenty-nine days as a minimum sentence and the full fifty years as a maximum.

Palozollo, or Micelli, as he calls himself sometimes, was convicted after a trial lasting two days, during which Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel experienced considerable difficulty with his witnesses, owing to the fear they had of the Black Hand and the fact that they were all threatened with death, including himself and the detectives working on the case. He also managed to get into evidence several letters written by the Black Hand to Dr. Scimeca and signed by blood stains and daggers. All the letters demanded money and spoke of the dire happenings which would take place if the money was not forthcoming. Judge Foster said, in sentencing Palozollo:

"There are some nice questions of law involved in your case, and also some questions of evidence. I think I used good judgment in letting into evidence letters signed 'Mano Nera' and bearing blood stains, and also telephone conversations.

"The crime you are convicted of is one of the most detestable and dangerous known to the law. You stole a boy 5 years old from fond and loving parents, and then blackmailed them. Your crime is not only detestable, but shows rare depravity of mind. It was a clever scheme, and I do not think you originated it. You are not alone in it, and I hope that your companions will be brought to justice. There was a time when the law fixed the minimum penalty for a crime such as yours at five years in State Prison and a maximum penalty of twenty-five years, but a wise Legislature saw fit to raise that sentence to not less than twenty-five years or more than fifty. I wish it were more. Unfortunately you are a first offender. I cannot give you fifty-full sentence, but must give you twenty-four years, eleven months and twenty-nine days as a minimum, and the full fifty as a maximum. I wish I could give you the full maximum alone."

When Palozollo was arraigned for sentence yesterday he presented a very different appearance than when he was on trial. He had his moustache shaved off, and wore a bright new suit in place of the stained blue one he wore during the trial. His counsel says that he will make an attempt to have his client's conviction appealed.

BUSY AT THE HOTELS.

The Horse Show Dinner Earlier Than Usual This Year.

Social functions of Horse Show time have begun earlier this year, owing to the fact that the return of prominent Americans from Europe has been rather earlier than in previous years. Among those seen dining at the Plaza last night were Mr. and Mrs. Norrie Seller, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Ingalls and Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Ingalls, Jr., ex-Senator and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew, Lady Gilbert Parker, Lieut. Gen. Walter Kitchener, George Brokaw, Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey McKeener, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Gould, Mr. and Mrs. George Barton French, Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Baldwin, T. B. Scott, Mrs. Mason Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crimmins, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Tucker, Mrs. C. P. Huntington, George W. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Valentine, Mr. and Mrs William Lawrence Green, Mr and Mrs. C. A. Spreckles, Mrs. William Everard Strong, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Herbert S. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert S. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Bolton, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Storrs-Wells.

MacFARLAND PLEA NOV. 6.

And Trial Dec. 4, if the Prosecutor Has His Way.

Prosecutor Wilbur Mott announced yesterday that he had served notice on Frank M. McDermit, counsel for Allison MacFarland, indicted for the murder of his wife in Newark, N. J., by cyanide of potassium poison, that the prisoner would be taken before Chief Justice William S. Gummere next Monday to plead, and that the court would also be asked to set Monday, Dec. 4, for the trial.

Mr. Mott explained that his reason for taking the case before the Chief Justice was to do away with any technical delays. He declared that he wanted as speedy a trial as possible.

Mr. McDermit said yesterday afternoon that he would formally notify Prosecutor Mott of his intention to have the indictment against MacFarland quashed. The motion is to be made on Saturday.

McNAMARA TRIAL DRAGS.

No Progress Toward a Jury Made After Busy Day in Court.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 1.—To-day's results in the trial of James B. McNamara, accused of having caused the death of Charles J. Haggerty, one of the victims of the explosion which wrecked The Times Building, were nothing at all so far as obtaining talesmen was concerned. At the beginning of the session District Attorney Fredericks withdrew opposition to a challenge by the defense against one talesman; the examination of another occupied most of the day, and two others were released, one by the consent of opposing counsel, and the other because of opposition to the death penalty.

OFF ONE WEEK IN 30 YEARS.

Capt. Swan, Highlands Tender, Now Retires on a Pension.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Nov. 1.—After 30 years of faithful service as tender on the Highlands Drawbridge, during which time he took but one week's vacation, Capt. Jacob Swan has been retired on a pension by the Central Railroad of New Jersey. To thousands of Jersey coast Summer residents and hundreds of fishermen Capt. Swan has been as much a part of the Highlands as the famous "twin lights" on the hilltop. Hard work has agreed with him, for at 67 he weighs over 200 pounds.

"Dollar Princess" Played in German.

"Die Dollarprincessin" ("The Dollar Princess") was played for the first time in German in New York at the Irving Place Theatre last night by the Viennese opera company that has occupied Gustav Amberg's playhouse for the last two weeks. The German performance went with sparkle and vim, and the important musical numbers were particularly well done. The members of Herr Amberg's imported company proved thoroughly capable of getting extremely good results out of the material furnished by the libretto and the score. The performance in German last night proved that no violence had been done to the piece when it was translated into English.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.
12:00—2,122 2d Av.; J. Alexander.....Loss, $10
6:26—360 West 42d St.; Mary O'Brien.....Trifling
9:20—Stanchion alongside of World Building.....None
9:30—209 East 11th St.; A. Gromberg.....$25
10:23—200 Emery St.; unknown.....$5,000
10:26—2,800 Bailey Av.; unknown.....None
10:41—28 Lincoln Av.; Miller Co.....Trifling
P. M.
12:03—139 Orchard St.; E. Wildman.....$100
2:35—243 East 72th St.; N. Guttman.....$5
5:20—2,039 Chatterton Av.; W. Tutte.....$100
5:25—327 West 135th St.; F. Kirschkamp.....Trifling
7:30—219 Madison St.; S. Reigenstreich.....Trifling
8:25—179th St. and Hughes Av.; unknown.....Trifling
7:25—139 East 113th St.; A. Rosenberg.....Trifling
8:05—264 West 125th St.; Samuel Rouse.....Trifling
8:15—1,469 Amsterdam Av.; Herman Realty Company.....Trifling
9:30—Stedman Place and Longfellow Av.; M. Eberhardt.....Trifling
9:40—2,154 1st Av.; V. Guarotta.....Trifling
11:25—152 West 126th St.; Samuel Otto..$2,500

URGES FEDERAL LAW TO HELP WORKERS

Civic Federation Would Make Damages Compulsory for Injuries While at Work.

BRIEF FOR INVESTIGATORS

Federation Will Send a Committee to the Congressional Hearing with Suggestions for a Law.

The Executive Committee of the Department on Compensation for Industrial Accidents and their Prevention of the National Civic Federation, at a meeting yesterday authorized August Belmont, Chairman of the committee, to appoint a sub-committee to appear before the Congressional Commission on Employers' Liability and Workmen's Compensation at its next hearing in Washington on Nov. 6.

At that hearing suggestions will be made to the commission on the character and extent of the administrative features of the workmen's compensation law to be recommended by the commission to Congress for inter-State Commerce.

Briefs have been prepared, it was stated, by leading members of this department. The first, submitted by Francis Lynde Stetson, P. Tecumseh Sherman, Launcelot Packer, and William J. Moran, is an argument in favor of compulsory compensation. The second, by Mr. Sherman, holds that the so-called State insurance is against the genius of our institutions, and would probably lead to bankruptcy. He makes reference to the State insurance law of the State of Washington, and holds that it is not a scheme for compensating injured work, but of taxation to alleviate indigence.

Mr. Stetson in a brief deals with the police power of the United States Government in the matter of inter-State commerce. Mr. Moran has also prepared a brief dealing with the State elective compensation laws already passed, and argues that the system is not a solution of the question of workmen's compensation, but, on the contrary, is an enlargement of the liability laws, which he says are condemned in all civilized countries but America, and should be replaced by plans for compulsory arbitration.

Another brief has been prepared in the form of a memorial by Louis B. Schram, Chairman of the Federation's Factory Inspection Committee. The recommendations are the establishment of Federal and State museums of safety, preferably with machinery in operation, and the adoption of a uniform blank for reporting industrial accidents. A statement made on behalf of this department of the Civic Federation says in part:

> The Congressional Commission has tentatively agreed to recommend legislation based upon the principles of the Model Workmen's Compensation bill framed by the National Civic Federation.
>
> The first point to the conclusion of the commission should be, it is proposed to inter-State carriers a new system relating to liability to employes. It has been based entirely upon fault, and where the workman would prove that his employer was at fault a suit was brought and the amount recoverable was determined by a jury. In cases where no fault could be shown, the injured workman received nothing.
>
> The new system of compensation is based upon the general idea that industrial accidents are generally inherent hazards of the trade, and that the victims of all such should receive some compensation. The theory has been adopted throughout the civilized world except in America. Uninformed popular opinion almost invariably insists that to compel a master to pay an injured workman when there is absolutely no fault on the part of the former is taking away the master's property in violation of the Constitution.
>
> The movement toward compensation, however, is progressing. The distinguished Congressional Commission seems to have come to the conclusion that the decisions of the United States Supreme Court would sanction as constitutional a compulsory law of compensation. The inherent justice of that law and the many reasons for its adoption in this country in place of the old system of liability are given in the brief submitted to the Congressional Commission for the federation by Francis Lynde Stetson, and others.
>
> The next important point already determined by the Congressional Commission is that the duty to pay compensation should be a duty impressed directly upon the employer and should not be assumed by the State; nor should there be a fund collected by taxation for the purpose of meeting this new burden.
>
> The Civic Federation has been studying the question of workmen's compensation for many months.

KLAW & ERLANGER SUE

To Enjoin German Society from Producing "Count of Luxemburg."

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 1.—Klaw & Erlanger, theatrical producers of New York, asked an injunction against the German Theater Society in the United States District Court late to-day. It is charged that company produced "The Count of Luxemburg," to which Klaw & Erlanger claim the American rights. In asking for the restraining order, they said they fear an attempt will be made to repeat the performance.

In their petition Klaw & Erlanger allege that the German company presented the comic drama under the name "Der Graf von Luxemburg," which is the German name for the play. It is stated that the New Yorkers do not know how the German Theater Society got possession of the libretto, but the situations, dialogue, and scenes are said to be substantially the same as those of the authorized version of the play.

In the suit the court was asked to require the company to turn over to Klaw & Erlanger all the receipts and profits of past productions.

Hackett's Creditors Get a Dividend.

John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, of 45 Cedar Street, has closed up the case of James K. Hackett, the actor-manager, who filed a petition in bankruptcy on May 9, 1909, and received a discharge on June 19, 1911. The referee declared a dividend of 7 per cent. to the creditors who proved their claims. The total liabilities were about $141,000, but the claims allowed aggregated $65,819. The amount required for the 7 per cent. dividend was $4,607. This was the only dividend.

Herbert G. Squiers's Body Here.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday from Bremen on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm were Mrs. H. G. Squiers and her son and daughter, who brought back the body of Herbert G. Squiers, who died of heart disease in London on Oct. 10. He was First Secretary of Legation at Peking in the Boxer rebellion, and afterward United States Minister at Panama and Cuba.

Help from a Times Reader.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $2 from "H. L. J." to be distributed to Louis Bernstein and for a poor widow with five children for whom the Charity Organization Society appealed.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Harlem Collegiate Reformed Church is to change its corporate name to the Reformed Church of Harlem, and its Lenox Avenue Church will become the church proper, the east side work being the Elmendorf Chapel.

Supreme Court Justice Ford granted a separation yesterday to Johanna Sawyer, 18 years old, from Harlow Sawyer, to whom she was married in July, 1910. She gets the custody of her year-old daughter Elaine.

The Cab Drivers' and Chauffeurs' Union reported yesterday that 1,200 chauffeurs have received an increase in wages without a strike.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum has granted an interlocutory divorce to Dan O. Freystadt against his wife, Grace Freystadt, on the report of Referee Charles N. Morgan.

The National Highways Protective Society reports that its vehicular traffic in the city in October twenty-one children were killed.

Oscar S. Straus, former Ambassador to Turkey, will speak on "Italy and Turkey," and James G. Cannon, President of the Fourth National Bank, will explain the "Men and Religion" movement at the two hundred and seventieth meeting of the Baptist Social Union of New York at the Hotel Manhattan this evening.

WEDS HIS SON'S GOVERNESS.

C. M. Bidwell of Pittsburgh Secretly Married to Mlle. Leerie.

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Nov. 1.—The marriage of C. M. Bidwell, one of Pittsburgh's wealthy business men, to Mlle. Leerie, a French governess employed by him, became known to-day when the wedding license returns for October were filed with the Town Clerk here.

The ceremony was performed on Oct. 11 by the Rev. William Brown Lusk, rector of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, and the clergyman and witnesses were enjoined to secrecy. Since then Mr. and Mrs. Bidwell have been living on Ampersand Avenue, but the fact occasioned no comment, because previously Mlle. Leerie had been in constant company with Mr. Bidwell in the capacity of governess of his son.

To-day Mr. Bidwell would give no reason for secrecy maintained, and Mrs. Bidwell merely smiled when questioned. Friends of the bridegroom say Mr. Bidwell acted against the wishes of his Pittsburgh relatives. Family opposition to the marriage, it is said, was responsible for the secrecy thrown about it.

Mr. Bidwell is interested in the du Pont Powder Company and in several other large corporations. He has been a Summer visitor at the Ampersand cottages several years. This season when Mlle. Leerie accompanied Mr. Bidwell's son here she attracted much attention for her good looks. Mr. and Mrs. Bidwell expect to remain in Saranac Lake this Winter.

DRAMA PLAYERS FOR LYRIC.

Chicago Theatre Society's Company to Replace Fritzi Scheff Monday.

Fritzi Scheff will end her New York engagement in "The Duchess" at the Lyric Theatre next Saturday night, to start on a transcontinental tour in this musical comedy. Next Spring she will appear on Broadway again in a revival of a musical comedy under the Shubert direction.

The ending of Mme. Scheff's engagement at the Lyric makes it possible for the Shuberts to book a limited New York engagement of the Drama Players, an organization of which they are the managers and Donald Robertson the Director. This company, under the special support of the Chicago Theatre Society will begin its season at the Lyric Theatre next Monday night in Ibsen's drama "The Lady from the Sea," a play that has never been given in New York. This will be presented on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday evenings and Wednesday afternoon. For the rest of the week the offering will be Molière's "The Learned Women," which will also be a novelty here.

The company composing the Drama Players includes, besides Donald Robertson, Hedwig Reicher, Herbert Kelcey, Effie Shannon, Charlotte Granville, Sheldon Lewis, Fred Eric, James Cooley, Renea Kelly, Hylton Allen, Barbara Hall, Caroline Oden, Olive Garnett, and Frank Hardin.

MISS MAUBOURG WEDS ACTOR

Metropolitan Opera Singer Married to Claude Benedict in Jersey City.

Jeanne Maubourg, the French mezzo-soprano of the Metropolitan Opera House, added another to the list of operatic husbands yesterday when she became the bride of Claude Benedict, a French actor. When Miss Maubourg returned on the New Amsterdam three days ago she said that she would get married just as soon as possible. She brought her prospective husband back with her.

They left early yesterday for Jersey City, where Chief Clerk Carlin issued a license forthwith, and the twain were presently joined by William J. Burke in the Jersey City City Hall. Miss Maubourg then left for the opera house and attended a rehearsal. The two will make their home at 152 West Forty-ninth Street. Miss Maubourg was married under her own name of Jeanne Goffaux, and Mr. Benedict under his, Claude Marie Bedd.

Miss Maubourg is the third singer to get married during the course of the Summer vacation. Florence Wickham was the first. She became Mrs. Eberhardt Lueder. The other was Bella Alten, who is now Mrs. Hermann Deri.

"BUFFALO BILL" RETIRES.

Col. Cody Ends Career as Showman—Will Live in Wyoming Big Horn.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 1.—Col. William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) retired from public life to-night. His show was packed off to Winter quarters and his Indians will return to their tepees in what is left of the red man's land, while "Buffalo Bill" intends to spend his remaining years in the Wyoming Big Horn, where he helped make American history. So far as public exhibitions are concerned, he has shot the ashes from the last cigar and chased the last Indian.

During a career which began as a pony express rider, led him through more Indian battles than any other living white man, and included twenty-eight years as a showman, Col. Cody became known as one of the most picturesque figures of American frontier life.

The sobriquet "Buffalo Bill" he earned in the early sixties, when he contracted to furnish buffalo meat to the laborers who were building the Kansas Pacific Railroad, and in less than eighteen months he killed 4,280 bison.

Plan Stage Children's Festival.

William Harris, Bijou Fernández, Mrs. Anna Talisferro Abell, and Mrs. Anna V. Morrison, composing a committee of the Stage Children's Christmas Tree Fund, met yesterday afternoon at the office of Mr. Harris to plan for the coming festival. A meeting of the full committee will be held at the New York Theatre next week. The present plans include the production of a new sketch by Kate Douglas Wiggin, Honorary President of the fund; a miscellaneous entertainment to be given at the Criterion Theatre, and the usual supper and Christmas tree.

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MORE OPERA SINGERS ARRIVE

Theodora Orridge, English Contralto, and Hermann Jadlowker Among Them.

Several more opera singers came in yesterday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm. Among them were Mrs. Theodora Orridge, the new English contralto; Hermann Jadlowker, who is to sing the principal tenor rôles in two of the season's novelties at the Metropolitan Opera House, "Le Donne Curiose" and "Lobetans", Albert Reiss, the German tenor, and Basil Ruysdael.

Mrs. Orridge is a bright-eyed attractive English woman of youthful appearance, who has sung for five years on the operatic stage, but never in England.

"It was Gustav Mahler who started me on my operatic career," she said. "He heard me sing at a concert in Vienna and immediately engaged me for the Hofoper, of which he was then director. I had no repertoire at the time, but he worked with me patiently, and in a few weeks I made my début as Adriano in 'Rienzi.' Since then I have added thirty-nine other rôles to my répertoire in German, French, Italian, and English."

Hermann Jadlowker has been singing at the Imperial Opera in Berlin. It is rumored that he has been studying the violin to play in "Lobetans." He acknowledged that he had played the violin when he was a child. Mr. Reiss has been studying the rôle of Nial in "Mona," and Basil Ruysdael sang at the Wurtsburg Festival.

"Gypsy Love" to Go to Chicago.

A. H. Woods announced yesterday that Marguerita Sylva would end her engagement in "Gypsy Love" at the Globe Theatre on Saturday night, Nov. 11, and would go to Chicago to start an indefinite engagement at the Chicago Opera House on the following Monday, Nov. 13. In the same week Dustin and William Farnum, who have been playing in "The Littlest Rebel" in Chicago, will come to the Liberty Theatre, New York, for a run, opening on Tuesday, Nov. 14.

"The Three Romeos," a new musical comedy under the direction of the Dreyfus-Fellner Company, will come to the Globe Theatre on Nov. 13 to succeed Marguerita Sylva.

Gaby Deslys Celebrates Birthday.

Gaby Deslys celebrated her first birthday outside of France by giving a dinner party to the entire Winter Garden company last night, after the performance. As soon as the actors had donned their street clothes they took automobiles and street cars to Louis Martin's, where a large private dining room was made ready for the supper. The guests, that included not only the actors but the executive staff of the Winter Garden, and Lee and J. J. Shubert, numbered about 120. After the dinner the principals of the company volunteered with specialties that had never been seen on a professional programme.

Rehearsals of "The Drone" Begin.

Rehearsals of "The Drone," a new three-act comedy by Douglas J. Wood and Guy Bolton, that is to be presented for the benefit of the Hide-a-Wee Home on Nov. 17, at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre, began yesterday under Mr. Wood's direction. The cast will include William McVey, Herbert Yost, Harold Howard, Harry Dornton, Douglas J. Wood, Edna Phillips, Christine Norman, and Eleanor Hicks.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7. JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

LYCEUM B'way, 45 St. Evs. 8:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7. BEST ROLE MISS BURKE EVER HAD. BILLIE BURKE in the best of all Billie Burke comedies. THE RUNAWAY

FULTON 46th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. also Election Day, 2:15. ROBERT EDESON in THE CAVE MAN.

PARK 34 St. & B'way, Columbus Circle. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Election Day, 2:15. The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. First Matinee Sat. at 2:15. HELEN WARE in a New Drama. THE PRICE. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

HARRIS B'way, 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. & Election Day, 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7. ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER.

Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mat. Sat. & Election Day. "Siren Waltz Intoxicates."—Alan Dale. DONALD BRIAN in Rida Johnson Young's Musical Triumph, THE SIREN. Cast of 100, with Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan. Will West, Elizabeth Firth, Allen Moore.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7. "That great big human and humorous play." PASSERS-BY

ASTOR B'way 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LAST 4 TIMES EDGAR SELWYN in his great play of the Orient, THE ARAB. NEXT MONDAY, SEAT SALE TO-DAY. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in THE RED WIDOW. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. MATINEE TO-DAY. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe. THE PINK LADY

SOUVENIR LA FEMME This Sat. Mat. Exquisite Beautifying Case, containing Hopper's Famous Beauty Preparations to Every Lady.

LIBERTY W. 43d St. near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. Thomas A. Wise & John Barrymore in the American Farcical Comedy UNCLE SAM. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7th.

Gaiety THEATRE, B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "HIGHLY MENDACIOUS." WINCHELL SMITH'S New Play THE ONLY SON. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

NEW YORK B'way 40th St. Orch. 4 shows. Mats. Sat. & Election Day. KITTY GORDON in Victor Herbert's Wonderful Opera Comique, THE ENCHANTRESS. "Don't Miss It"—ACTON DAVIES, in Eve. Sun.

Charles Dillingham's Globe B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Every Performance, MARGUERITA Sylva in Franz Lehar's Opera, Gypsy Love. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

HIPPODROME 6 Av., 43-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. AROUND THE WORLD. Next SUN. Eve. MORMON TABERNACLE CHOIR. Prices 25c. to $1.50. Seats on Sale.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Sat. & Election Day at 2. GABY DESLYS REVUE OF REVUES. Sunday Night Concert—Gaby Deslys, others.

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th. Beginning To-night at 8:15. LEW FIELDS' Musical Production, THE WIFE HUNTERS with EMMA CARUS.

DALY'S B'way & 30th. Beginning To-morrow Evening at 8:15. MME. SIMONE (Playing in English) in Henri Bernstein's THE WHIRLWIND

BROADWAY B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. Elec. Day, Wed. 2:15. LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2:15. New Viennese Operetta THE KISS WALTZ

PLAYHOUSE 48th St. E. of B'way. Tel. 3626 Bryant. Evs. 8:10. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:10. BOUGHT AND PAID FOR. Special Matinee Election Day, Nov. 7.

William COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Collier's $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS. MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thurs., 39th, bet. B'way & 5th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2:30. MISS ANGLIN in GREEN STOCKINGS

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. Last Week Fritzi Scheff in THE DUCHESS. By Victor Herbert.

BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY EVE. Seats on Sale. Matinees Election Day, Wed. and Sat. THE DRAMA PLAYERS. Mon., Tues. & Wed. Evs. and Tues. (Elec. Day) & Wed. Mats., IBSEN'S "THE LADY FROM THE SEA"; Thurs. Fri. & Sat. Evs. & Sat. Mat., "THE LEARNED WOMEN," by Molière.

39TH ST. Theatre, 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2:20. HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers THE MILLION. "A Grand Jamboree."—Eve. World.

MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Next Mat. Sat. 2:15. THE BOHEMIAN GIRL. Abern Opera Co. in Next Week—Seats on Sale. E. H. SOTHERN and JULIA MARLOWE in Shakespearean Repertoire. First Week—Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri. Evs. and Sat. Mat., "Much Ado About Nothing" and "As You Like It"; Sat. Night, "Taming of the Shrew." Prices 25c. to $1.50.

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Next Mat. Sat. 2:15. MADAME X. Next Week, Henrietta Crosman in The Real Thing.

THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD. THE GARDEN OF ALLAH. CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d and 8th Aves. Phone 3560 Col. Evs. 8 Sharp. Mat. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2 Sharp. Seats on Sale to Dec. 30, 50c. to $3.50.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2:20. GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI. "Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun.

GEO. Cohan Theatre, B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Election Day Mat. Tues. The Season's Most Glorious Success and its own Cohan, JERRY J. COHAN in THE HIT OF HIS CAREER, THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE

GRAND Opera Ho., B'way & 23d St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. Next Week—EDGAR SELWYN in THE ARAB.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. DAVID BELASCO presents The Woman By WM. C. de MILLE. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

CARNEGIE HALL. NEXT SATURDAY AFT. at 2:30. DE PACHMANN. PIANO RECITAL. BALDWIN PIANO USED. Mgt. Quinlan Agency. Seats at Hall, 75c. to $2.50.

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MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Sunday, Wash. 24th. THE ERMAN SHOW.

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